

# **THE SHIZUOKA BANK, LTD.**

## **The 2015 Tailored Resolution Plan**

### **Section 1: Public Section**

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## **(a) Public Section**

### Introduction

The Shizuoka Bank, Ltd. (“Covered Company”) has developed a Tailored Resolution Plan (“TRP”) to address the requirements for a resolution under the joint Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (“FRB”) and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) rule implementing Section 165(d) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (“SIFI Rule”).

The primary goal of the TRP is to ensure a rapid and orderly resolution in a manner that would not pose any serious adverse effects on U.S. financial stability while maximizing the value of Core Business Lines (“CBLs”), providing the continuity of the Critical Operations (“COs”), and facilitating the orderly wind-down of the relevant Material Legal Entities (“MEs”).

Please note, however, in the preparation of submitting the 2015 TRP, it is confirmed that there has been no material change since the submission of the 2014 TRP.

### **(1) The names of material entities**

The Covered Company has identified the New York Branch as the only U.S. ME within the scope of the TRP. The Covered Company has however determined that the New York Branch does not perform any material CBL activities. In addition, the Covered Company does not believe that the New York Branch performs any activities that would pose a threat to the financial stability of the U.S.

Although the Covered Company operates two branches in the U.S. (New York Branch and Los Angeles Branch), for purposes of the TRP, the Covered Company has identified the New York Branch as the only U.S. ME in scope because the vast majority of its U.S. operations reside in the New York Branch.

As of March 31, 2015, the New York Branch has total assets of approximately \$3.48 billion which consists of corporate loans and securities investments. The corporate loans mostly comprise loans to the U.S. subsidiaries or affiliates of customers of the Headquarters or other local branches in Japan and the securities investments comprise Government National Mortgage Association floaters and corporate bonds.

### **(2) A description of core business lines**

Pursuant to the analysis below, the Covered Company has determined that it does not have any operations or activities in the U.S. that would be a CBL as defined in the SIFI Rule.

As a part of its quantitative assessment, the Covered Company evaluated its business against the global totals in terms of revenue and asset size.

The New York Branch engages in corporate loan, securities and due from banks (interbank). The New York Branch’s corporate loan business has a total revenue of approximately \$13.6 million for the year ended March 31, 2015 and total assets of approximately \$1.38 billion as of March 31, 2015. These figures represent 0.8% of the global revenue and 1.5% of the global assets for banking operations. For the securities business, the New York Branch reports \$1.4 million in revenue for the year ended March 31, 2015 and \$244 million in assets as of March 31, 2015. In addition, The New York Branch’s due from banks business has \$2.9 million in revenue for the year ended March 31, 2015 and \$1,106 million in assets as of March 31, 2015.

The below table details the New York Branch’s revenues and assets in comparison to those of global. This shows the proportion of the revenue and asset of the New York Branch to the global total is relatively small:

Therefore, the Covered Company has determined that the New York Branch does not perform any material CBL activities. In addition, the Covered Company does not believe that the New York Branch performs any activities that would pose threat to the financial stability of the U.S.

	Revenue (\$000)	% of Global Total	Assets Balance (\$000)	% of Global Total
NY Banking Operations	17,958	1.0%	2,729,436	2.9%
Global Total	1,781,980	100.0%	93,479,345	100.0%

### (3) Consolidated or segment financial information regarding assets, liabilities, capital and major funding sources

The below presents the consolidated balance sheet of the Covered Company as of March 31, 2015:

<b>The Shizuoka Bank, LTD.</b>	
<b>Balance Sheet</b>	
<b>31-Mar-15</b>	
<b>(Expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars)</b>	
<b>Assets:</b>	
Cash and due from banks	5,361,375
Call loans and bills bought	2,422,623
Monetary claims bought	372,945
Trading assets	331,402
Money held in trust	25,797
Securities	21,609,852
Loans and bills discounted	61,312,911
Foreign exchanges	65,933
Lease receivables and investment assets	418,351
Other assets	584,023



<b>The Shizuoka Bank, LTD.</b>	
<b>Balance Sheet</b>	
<b>31-Mar-15</b>	
<b>(Expressed in Thousands of U.S. Dollars)</b>	
Tangible fixed assets	618,527
Intangible fixed assets	152,955
Asset for retirement benefits	50,091
Deferred tax assets	12,845
Customers' liabilities for acceptance and guarantees	578,370
Allowance for loan losses	(438,024)
Allowance for investment losses	(631)
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>93,479,345</b>
<b>Liabilities:</b>	
Deposits	76,490,857
Call money and bills sold	1,045,000
Payables under securities lending transactions	3,520,185
Trading liabilities	215,345
Borrowed money	1,427,655
Foreign exchanges	1,614
Bonds payable	83,215
Bonds with stock acquisition rights	500,000
Other liabilities	1,153,631
Liability for retirement benefits	181,752
Provision for losses from reimbursement of inactive accounts	4,385
Provision for contingent losses	18,672
Provision for point program	2,133
Reserves under special laws	97
Deferred tax liabilities	523,345
Acceptances and guarantees	578,370
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>85,746,256</b>
<b>Equity:</b>	
Capital stock	755,977
Capital surplus	456,720
Subscription rights to shares	2,755
Retained earnings	5,252,709
Treasury stock-at cost	(395,376)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,652,508
Minority interests	7,796
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>7,733,089</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>93,479,345</b>

The above financial information was prepared in conformity with Japanese generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

#### (4) A description of derivative activities and hedging activities

The Covered Company enters into derivative transactions to hedge exchange rates and interest rates for its customers, for asset and liability management (ALM) purposes and to hedge individual transactions to appropriately manage its market risks. The Covered Company also conducts trading transactions in the short term. Such derivatives mainly include interest-rate swaps, currency swaps and bond futures and are exposed to market risk that could cause losses in association with changes in interest rate market and foreign exchange market as well as credit risk (counterparty risk), that is, the risk of default on the initial contract due to the bankruptcy of the counterparty or other factors.

All derivative transactions, except those entered into for hedging purposes, are recognized as either assets or liabilities and measured at fair value with gains or losses on derivative transactions recognized in the statement of income. The Covered Company applies hedge accounting to certain derivative transactions as per applicable accounting standard.

#### (5) A list of memberships in material payment, clearing and settlement systems

The below table highlights key memberships in material payment, clearing and settlements for the New York Branch:

Membership	Description of the Membership	Legal Entity Owner of the Membership	Membership Status
SWIFT	Confirmation correspondent only (not used for wire transfer)	New York Branch	Direct
DTC	Custody Settlement	New York Branch	Through agent bank (MUTU Trust account)
Fedwire	Fed fund transfer	New York Branch	Through agent bank (JP Morgan account)
CHIPS	Payments to third Parties	New York Branch	Through agent bank (JP Morgan account)
ACH	ACH fund transfer (Expense payment)	New York Branch	Through agent bank (BTMU account)

#### (6) A description of foreign operations

The Covered Company is a Japanese regional bank headquartered in Shizuoka, Shizuoka Prefecture. The Covered Company was established on March 1, 1943 and it operates in the prefecture that is one of Japan's leading manufacturing areas. The Covered Company offers general banking services such as deposits, loans, and exchange transactions. Additionally, the Covered Company offers corporate and financial management advisory services, leasing services, credit cards, and securities related services.

As of July 1, 2015, the Covered Company operates 175 branches, 25 sub-branches and 12 subsidiaries in Japan, 1 subsidiary in Belgium, 2 branches in New York and Los Angeles, 1 branch in Hong Kong and 2 representative offices in Shanghai and Singapore.

For resolution planning purposes, as of March 31, 2015, the New York Branch is the only U.S. ME identified by the Covered Company and the New York Branch does not have any offices or operations outside of the U.S.

**(7) The identities of material supervisory authorities**

The Covered Company is supervised by the Japanese Financial Services Agency and the Tokai Local Finance Bureau, Ministry of Finance Japan.

**(8) The identities of the principal officers**

The principal officers for the Covered Company are as follows:

Name	Title
Katsunori Nakanishi	President & CEO
Akihiro Nakamura	Representative Director & Senior Managing Executive Officer COO (In charge of the International Department)
Mamoru Muramatsu	General Manager of the International Department
Yuji Unno	General Manager of the International Business Promotion Group

The principal officers for the New York Branch are as follows:

Name	Title
Takayoshi Otsuka	General Manager
Tatsuya Koike	Deputy General Manager

**(9) A description of the corporate governance structure and processes related to resolution planning**

The Covered Company recognizes that resolution planning is a new process and will evolve over time based upon supervisory feedback and on-going enhancements. To ensure the effectiveness of the governance structure and processes, the Covered Company has embedded resolution planning into its existing governance structure.

The TRP will be reviewed and updated on an annual basis, based on year-end figures of the previous financial year. Upon any event, occurrence, change in conditions or circumstances or other change that results in, or could reasonably be foreseen to have, a material effect on the TRP of the Covered Company (e.g., divestment of a significant business), the Covered Company will, as set forth in the SIFI Rule, file a simple notice with the FRB/FDIC and address such material event in the next annual TRP or -- if jointly determined by the FRB/FDIC -- in the more frequently updated TRP as appropriate.

The Covered Company's TRP has been developed and approved pursuant to and in accordance with a comprehensive system of policies, procedures, and internal controls and will be approved by the Board of Directors of the Covered Company prior to submission to the FRB/FDIC.

The 2013 TRP submitted to the FRB/FDIC was formally reviewed and was approved on December 25, 2013 by the Board of Directors. Also at the same Board meeting, the Board of Directors resolved that it would delegate the authority, under the express authority of the Board of Directors, for final approval of the 2014 TRP and following TRP submissions to the Executive Committee in the presence of material changes, or to the Senior Executive who is in charge of the International Department, in the absence of such changes. The Covered Company does not identify any material change in the 2015 TRP compared to the 2014 TRP. Therefore, the 2015 TRP has been reviewed and approved by the Senior Executive who is in charge of the International Department.

**(10) A description of material management information systems**

The primary responsibility of the New York Branch's Management Information Systems ("MIS") is to provide comprehensive information to the New York Branch's Senior Management to manage the branch in an effective and efficient manner.

The New York Branch's MIS can be broadly categorized into internal reports and external reports, which consist of risk reporting, accounting/finance reporting, management reporting and regulatory reporting.

**(11) A description, at a high level, of the covered company's resolution strategy, covering such items as the range of potential purchasers of the covered company, its material entities and core business lines**

Upon resolution, the New York Banking Law would authorize the Superintendent of the New York State Department of Financial Services (the "Superintendent") to take possession of and liquidate the New York Branch. The Superintendent may also take possession of the New York Branch if the Covered Company is in liquidation proceedings or there is reason to believe that the New York Branch will not be able to meet its creditor's needs or obligations.

The Covered Company believes that the resolution of the New York Branch would be orderly, given the nature of its activities, high quality liquid assets on its books, and its limited impact on the broader U.S. financial system.

(End)