

September 7, 2006

Mr. Robert E. Feldman Executive Secretary Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation 550 Seventeenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20429

Attention: Comments

## RE: Deposit Insurance Assessments and Federal Home Loan Bank Advances RIN 3064-AD09

Dear Mr. Feldman:

Fox Communities Credit Union appreciates the opportunity to provide comments in response to the Federal deposit Insurance Corporation notice of proposed rulemaking and request for comment on deposit insurance assessments. Specifically, we write to address the FDIC's request for comment on whether the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances should be included in the definition of volatile liabilities or, alternatively, whether higher assessment rates should be charged to institutions that have significant amounts of secured liabilities.

It is our position that FHLB advances should not be characterized as "volatile liabilities" for FHLB members. FHLB advances are secured extensions of credit to members with pre-defined, understood, and predictable terms. Unlike deposits, advances liabilities do not increase or decrease due to circumstances outside of the control of an FHLB member. Experience has shown that deposits may be lost due to disintermediation arising from a variety of factors: special, short-term promotions in a particular market or the existence of higher returns to depositors on alternative investments. While certain large institutions can look to the Wall Street capital markets for replacement liabilities, the capital markets are not typically long-term, stable providers of wholesale funds to the community banks that comprise the bulk of the membership of the Federal Home Loan Bank System.

The FHLB's are a stable, reliable source of funds for member institutions, and the availability of such credit has a predictable, beneficial effect on members' business plans. It would be inconsistent to include FHLB advances in the definition of volatile liabilities given the stability of the FHLB's, the reliable availability of advances as a source of wholesale funding, and the beneficial and predictable effect of such funding on members' business plans.

Deposit insurance premiums should be based on an institution's actual risk profile, taking into account an institution's supervisory rating and capital ratios. Banks that are engaged in excessively risky activities should pay a higher premium, regardless of whether those activities are financed by insured deposits, FHLB advances, or alternative wholesale funding sources.

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Appleton Area (920) 993-9000 • Green Bay Area (920) 490-2900 • Black Creek (920) 734-2276 • Clintonville (715) 823-2191 Kimberly (920) 788-6215 • New London (920) 982-9420 • Winnebago / Oshkosh Office (920) 236-2907 www.foxcu.org The continued availability of FHLB advances reduces the risk of failure of FDIC-insured institution. Charging a higher deposit insurance premium to financial institutions that use advances could discourage borrowing form the FHLB's and lead to the unintended effect of increasing risks to FHLB members. Financial institutions frequently use FHLB advances for liquidity purposes and to manage interest-rate risk, as well as to fund loan growth. In many markets, the supply of deposit funds is inadequate to meet loan demand and prudent financial management needs. Curtailing the use of FHLB advances would force institutions to look to alternative, often more costly wholesale funding sources that are actually volatile, thereby reducing profitability and increasing liquidity risk.

The cooperative relationship between the FHLB's and member financial institutions has worked well for 74 years. FHLB advances serve as a critical source of credit for housing and community development purposes, support sound financial management practices, and allow member banks throughout the nation to remain competitive. FHLB membership has long been viewed as protection for deposit insurance funds because FHLB members have reliable access to liquidity. Penalizing financial institutions for their cooperative relationship with the FHLB's would unjustifiably limit their ability to offer competitive pricing, limit credit availability in the communities they serve, and limit the members' use of a valuable liquidity source.

We urge the FDIC not to include Federal Home Loan Bank advances in the definition of volatile liabilities or to impose a deposit insurance premium assessment on "secured liabilities."

Since

Greg Hillert President/CEO Fox Communities Credit Union