

SCHEDULE RC-O -- OTHER DATA FOR DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND FICO ASSESSMENTS

For purposes of deposit insurance and Financing Corporation (FICO) assessments and this schedule, "time and savings deposits" consists of all transaction accounts other than demand deposits -- i.e., NOW accounts, ATS accounts, and telephone and preauthorized transfer accounts -- and all nontransaction accounts. However, for all other items in the Reports of Condition and Income involving time or savings deposits, a strict distinction, based on Federal Reserve Board Regulation D definitions, is to be maintained between transaction accounts and time and savings accounts.

Item Instructions

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- 1** **Unposted debits.** Report the actual amount of cash items in the bank's possession, drawn on itself, that are immediately chargeable but that have not been charged to the general ledger deposit controlling account (for deposits in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) at the close of business on the report date. Report only those items the bank elects to take as deductions on the deposit insurance assessment form (Certified Statement). However, report all unposted debits in Schedule RC, item 1.a, "Noninterest-bearing balances and currency and coin," whether or not they are reported in this item.

Drafts or warrants that are "payable at" or "payable through" the reporting bank may be reported as unposted debits if allowed under applicable state statute or if a written authorization, on file at the bank, allows the bank, at its discretion, to charge such items to the demand deposit account of the drawee. Such drafts and warrants that have already been charged to the general ledger deposit controlling account at the close of business on the report date or that the drawee does not have sufficient funds on deposit to pay, shall not be reported as unposted debits.

Exclude cash items drawn on other banks, overdrafts, nonsufficient funds (NSF) items, and cash items that are returned unpaid to the last endorser for any reason (e.g., stop payment, missing endorsement, post or stale date, or account closed).

Complete either item 1.a or items 1.b.(1) and 1.b.(2).

- 1.a** **Actual amount of all unposted debits.** Report all unposted debits.

OR

- 1.b** **Separate amount of unposted debits:**

- 1.b.(1)** **Actual amount of unposted debits to demand deposits.** Report unposted debits to demand deposits.

- 1.b.(2)** **Actual amount of unposted debits to time and savings deposits.** Report unposted debits to time and savings accounts.

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- 2** **Unposted credits.** Report the actual amount of unposted credits to deposit accounts (in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions). Unposted credits are those deposits that the reporting bank had received but not posted to its general ledger deposit control account at the close of business on the report date which have not otherwise been reported as deposits (in domestic offices) in Schedule RC, item 13.a (or, for insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions, in Schedule RC, item 13.b).

Unposted credits do not include any deposits that have been credited to the general ledger deposit control account as of the close of business on the report date (even if the deposits have not been posted to individual customer accounts). Rather, unposted credits are deposits carried in suspense or similar nondeposit accounts that, following a review of the items included in these accounts, have not been reclassified as deposits on the reporting bank's balance sheet (refer to the Glossary entry for "suspense accounts").

Complete either item 2.a or item 2.b.(1) and 2.b.(2).

- 2.a** **Actual amount of all unposted credits.** Report all unposted credits.

OR

- 2.b** **Separate amount of unposted credits:**

- 2.b.(1)** **Actual amount of unposted credits to demand deposits.** Report unposted credits to demand deposits.
- 2.b.(2)** **Actual amount of unposted credits to time and savings deposits.** Report unposted credits to time and savings accounts.

- 3** **Uninvested trust funds (cash) held in bank's own trust department (not included in total deposits in domestic offices).** Report all trust funds held in the bank's own U.S.-domiciled trust department that the bank keeps segregated and apart from its general assets and does not use in the conduct of its business. Include any trust overdrafts (net of disbursements in excess of principal and/or income cash in an individual trust account or accounts maintained in the same right and capacity) that reduce the bank's liability for deposits. The amount of such trust overdrafts may be reduced by the amount of any loan or advance (including any reserve for trust overdrafts) to the trust department that is included as a deposit in the Report of Condition.

Exclude trust funds received or held by the bank, whether held or deposited in any other department of the bank (report in Schedule RC-E, Deposit Liabilities). Also exclude trust funds deposited or held in any other bank or financial institution.

- 4** **Deposits of consolidated subsidiaries (in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) (not included in total deposits).** Report all deposits held in domestic offices of the reporting bank by its consolidated subsidiaries (including any consolidated bank or savings association subsidiaries) and the interest accrued and unpaid on such deposits. On the FFIEC 031, also report all deposits held by consolidated subsidiaries in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions and the interest accrued and unpaid on such deposits. All deposits of and interest accrued and unpaid on deposits of subsidiaries consolidated in the Report of Condition should be eliminated from deposits reported in Schedule RC-E and other liabilities reported in Schedule RC-G, respectively.

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- 4.a Demand deposits of consolidated subsidiaries.** Report all demand deposits held by consolidated subsidiaries (including any consolidated bank or savings association subsidiaries) in domestic offices of the reporting bank and in the reporting bank's insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions.
- 4.b Time and savings deposits of consolidated subsidiaries.** Report all time and savings deposits held by consolidated subsidiaries (including any consolidated bank or savings association subsidiaries) in domestic offices of the reporting bank and in the reporting bank's insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions.
- 4.c Interest accrued and unpaid on deposits of consolidated subsidiaries.** Report the amount of interest on deposits of consolidated subsidiaries (including any consolidated bank or savings association subsidiaries) in domestic offices of the reporting bank and in the reporting bank's insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions that has been accrued through charges to expense during the current or prior periods, but not yet paid or credited to a deposit account. For savings banks, include in this item "dividends" accrued and unpaid on deposits of consolidated subsidiaries. The accrued interest to be reported in this item will have been eliminated in consolidation and is therefore not included in the amount reported for domestic offices in Schedule RC-G, item 1.a, "Interest accrued and unpaid on deposits (in domestic offices)," or for insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions in Schedule RC-G, item 1.b, "Other expenses accrued and unpaid."

NOTE: Items 5, 5.a, 5.b, and 5.c are not applicable to banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form.

- 5 Deposits in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions.** Report all deposits held in the reporting bank's insured branches in Puerto Rico and territories and U.S. possessions and all interest accrued and unpaid on such deposits (see the Glossary entry for "U.S. territories and possessions" for the definition of this term).
- 5.a Demand deposits in insured branches (included in Schedule RC-E, part II).** Report all demand deposits held in the reporting bank's insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions. The deposits to be reported in this item will also have been included in Schedule RC-E, part II, Deposits in Foreign Offices.
- 5.b Time and savings deposits in insured branches (included in Schedule RC-E, part II).** Report all time and savings deposits held in the reporting bank's insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions. The deposits to be reported in this item will also have been included in Schedule RC-E, part II, Deposits in Foreign Offices.
- 5.c Interest accrued and unpaid on deposits in insured branches (included in Schedule RC-G, item 1.b).** Report the amount of interest on deposits in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions accrued through charges to expense during the current or prior periods, but not yet paid or credited to a deposit account. The accrued interest to be reported in this item will also have been included in Schedule RC-G, item 1.b, "Other expenses accrued and unpaid."

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- 6 Reserve balances actually passed through to the Federal Reserve by the reporting bank on behalf of its respondent depository institutions that are also reflected as deposit liabilities of the reporting bank.** If the reporting bank is the correspondent bank in a pass-through reserve balance relationship, report the amount of such reserve balances actually passed through to the Federal Reserve on behalf of respondent depository institutions that are also reflected as deposit liabilities of the reporting correspondent bank.

This item is not applicable to a bank that does not act as a correspondent bank in any pass-through reserve balance relationship. A state nonmember bank generally cannot act as a pass-through correspondent unless it maintains an account for its own reserve balances directly with the Federal Reserve.

For further information, see the Glossary entry for "pass-through reserve balances."

- 6.a Amount reflected in demand deposits.** If the reporting bank is the correspondent bank in a pass-through reserve balance relationship, report the amount of reserve balances the reporting correspondent bank has actually passed through to the Federal Reserve on behalf of its respondent depository institutions that are also reflected as demand deposit liabilities of (the domestic offices of) the reporting bank. These deposit liabilities will have been included in the amount reported in Schedule RC-E, (part I on the FFIEC 031), item 4, column A, and in total demand deposits reported in Schedule RC-E, (part I on the FFIEC 031), item 7, column B.

If the reporting bank is not a correspondent bank in any pass-through reserve balance relationship, report a zero or the word "none."

- 6.b Amount reflected in time and savings deposits.** If the reporting bank is the correspondent bank in a pass-through reserve balance relationship, report the amount of reserve balances the reporting correspondent bank has actually passed through to the Federal Reserve on behalf of its respondent depository institutions that are also reflected as time or savings deposit liabilities of (the domestic offices of) the reporting bank. These deposit liabilities will have been included in the amount reported in Schedule RC-E, (part I on the FFIEC 031), item 4, column A or C, but not in total demand deposits reported in Schedule RC-E, (part I on the FFIEC 031), item 7, column B.

If the reporting bank is not a correspondent bank in any pass-through reserve balance relationship, report a zero or the word "none."

- 7 Unamortized premiums and discounts on time and savings deposits.** Report in the appropriate subitem the amount of unamortized premiums and discounts included in the amounts at which time and savings deposits (in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) are reported in Schedule RC -- Balance Sheet, item 13, "Deposits."

For purposes of these reports, an unamortized premium or discount on a time or savings deposit is the difference between the amount actually due to the depositor and the carrying amount at which the deposit is reported on the Report of Condition balance sheet under applicable accounting and reporting standards. For example, in an acquisition of a depository institution accounted for as a purchase, the assets acquired and liabilities assumed generally

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(cont.) must be recorded at their fair values. Because of changes in interest rates, the fair value of the acquired institution's time deposits may differ from the amount due to the depositors, causing the time deposits to be recorded at a premium or discount. Premiums or discounts on deposits may also arise in other situations, such as when a derivative contract has been used as a fair value hedge of time deposits and the gain or loss (that is, the change in fair value) on the hedged time deposits attributable to the hedged risk is recorded as an adjustment of the carrying amount of the time deposits.

Do not report core deposit intangibles in item 7.a or 7.b.

7.a **Unamortized premiums.** Report the amount of unamortized premiums (as defined above) included in the amounts at which time and savings deposits are reported in Schedule RC, item 13.

7.b **Unamortized discounts.** Report the amount of unamortized discounts (as defined above) included in the amounts at which time and savings deposits are reported in Schedule RC, item 13.

If the reporting bank has issued certificates of deposit at a discount and the amount actually due to the depositor as of the report date (before considering any early withdrawal penalty) equals the amount at which the certificate of deposit is reported in Schedule RC, item 13, the unamortized discount on the certificate of deposit should be excluded from this item.

8 **Items 8.a.(1), 8.a.(2), and 8.b are to be completed by banks with "Oakar deposits."**

8.a **Deposits purchased or acquired from other FDIC-insured institutions during the quarter.** Exclude from items 8.a.(1) and 8.a.(2) below the amount of deposits purchased or acquired from foreign offices of other FDIC-insured institutions other than insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions.

8.a.(1) **Total deposits purchased or acquired from other FDIC-insured institutions during the quarter.** Report the total amount of deposits purchased or acquired from other FDIC-insured banks and savings associations during the quarter ending with the report date without regard to the insurance fund to which these deposits are attributable. Exclude deposits purchased or acquired from foreign offices of other FDIC-insured institutions other than insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions.

8.a.(2) **Amount of purchased or acquired deposits reported in item 8.a.(1) above attributable to a secondary fund.** For banks that are members of the Bank Insurance Fund (BIF), report the amount of purchased or acquired deposits reported in item 8.a.(1) above that are attributable to the Savings Association Insurance Fund (SAIF), if any. For banks that are members of the SAIF, report the amount of purchased or acquired deposits reported in item 8.a.(1) above that are attributable to the BIF, if any.

8.b **Total deposits sold or transferred to other FDIC-insured institutions during the quarter.** Report the total amount of deposits sold or transferred to other FDIC-insured banks and savings associations during the quarter ending with the report date. Exclude sales and transfers of deposits in the reporting bank's foreign offices other than insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions.

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- 9** **Deposits in lifeline accounts.** Report the amount of deposits in lifeline accounts (in domestic offices) for which the reporting bank seeks a reduced deposit insurance assessment rate. Lifeline accounts are transaction accounts which meet certain minimum requirements established by the Federal Reserve Board pursuant to Section 232 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991.

NOTE: The minimum requirements for lifeline accounts will be established by the Federal Reserve Board. Banks will not be required to submit information on such accounts in this Schedule RC-O item until these requirements are established.

- 10** **Benefit-responsive "Depository Institution Investment Contracts."** Report the amount of liabilities arising under "investment contracts not treated as insured deposits" (as defined in Section 11(a)(8) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act) that is included on the balance sheet, Schedule RC, in item 13.a, "Deposits in domestic offices."

For purposes of this item, "investment contracts not treated as insured deposits" are those in the form of deposits between the reporting insured depository institution and any "employee benefit plan" (as defined in Section 11(a)(8) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act) which expressly permit "benefit-responsive withdrawals or transfers." A "Depository Institution Investment Contract" is generally a separately negotiated depository agreement between an employee benefit plan and an insured depository institution which guarantees a specified rate for all deposits made over a prescribed period.

"Benefit-responsive withdrawals or transfers" is defined by Section 11(a)(8) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to mean "any withdrawal or transfer of funds (consisting of any portion of the principal and any interest credited at a rate guaranteed by the insured depository institution investment contract) during the period in which any guaranteed rate is in effect, without substantial penalty or adjustment, to pay benefits provided by the employee benefit plan or to permit a plan participant or beneficiary to redirect the investment of his or her account balance."

- 11** **Adjustments to demand deposits in domestic offices (and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) reported in Schedule RC-E for certain reciprocal demand balances.** Reciprocal balances arise when two depository institutions maintain deposit accounts with each other; that is, when a depository institution has both a due to and a due from balance with another depository institution. When reporting deposit liabilities in Schedule RC-E, reciprocal balances may be reported on a net basis when a right of setoff exists. However, the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (FDI Act) limits the extent to which reciprocal balances may be netted for deposit insurance and FICO assessment purposes. Thus, the reporting bank may have reported its reciprocal balances, if any, in Schedule RC-E differently than required for assessment purposes. The following three items capture these differences.

- 11.a** **Amount by which demand deposits would be reduced if the reporting bank's reciprocal demand balances with the domestic offices of U.S. banks and savings associations (and insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) that were reported on a gross basis in Schedule RC-E had been reported on a net basis.** For assessment purposes under the FDI Act, reciprocal demand balances with the domestic offices of U.S. banks and savings associations (and insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) are to be reported on a net basis. If the

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- 11.a** reporting bank reported any reciprocal demand balances with these domestic offices and insured branches on a gross basis in Schedule RC-E, report in this item the amount by which demand deposits would be reduced if these reciprocal demand balances had instead been reported on a net basis in Schedule RC-E, (part I,) item 7, column B, "Total" demand deposits. For each reciprocal demand balance relationship with one of these domestic offices or insured branches that was reported on a gross basis, the amount of this reduction is equal to the lesser of the demand balances "due from" or "due to" that domestic office or insured branch. Overdrawn balances cannot be included in this calculation.
- (cont.)
- 11.b** **Amount by which demand deposits would be increased if the reporting bank's reciprocal demand balances with foreign banks and foreign offices of other U.S. banks (other than insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) that were reported on a net basis in Schedule RC-E had been reported on a gross basis.** For assessment purposes under the FDI Act, reciprocal demand balances between the reporting bank and foreign banks and foreign offices of other U.S. banks (other than insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) are to be reported on a gross basis. If the reporting bank reported any reciprocal demand balances with these foreign banks and foreign offices on a net basis in Schedule RC-E, report in this item the amount by which demand deposits would be increased if these reciprocal demand balances had instead been reported on a gross basis in Schedule RC-E, (part I,) item 7, column B, "Total" demand deposits. For each reciprocal demand balance relationship with one of these foreign banks or foreign offices that was reported on a net basis, the amount of this increase is equal to the amount by which the gross "due to" demand balance for that bank or office was reduced before it was reported in Schedule RC-E, (part I,) item 7, column B, i.e., the lesser of the demand balances "due from" or "due to" that foreign bank or foreign office.
- 11.c** **Amount by which demand deposits would be reduced if cash items in process of collection were included in the calculation of the reporting bank's net reciprocal demand balances with the domestic offices of U.S. banks and savings associations (and insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) in Schedule RC-E.** For purposes of the Report of Condition, balances due from other depository institutions reflect only those funds on deposit for which the reporting bank has already received credit and which are subject to immediate withdrawal. Therefore, "due from" balances and calculations of net reciprocal demand balances for purposes of Schedule RC-E exclude cash items in process of collection. However, for deposit insurance assessment purposes under the FDI Act, cash items in process of collection should be included in the net reciprocal calculation.
- Report in this item the amount by which demand deposits would be reduced if cash items in process of collection were included in the calculation of net reciprocal demand balances between the reporting bank and the domestic offices of U.S. banks and savings associations (and insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) in Schedule RC-E, (part I,) item 7, column B, "Total" demand deposits.
- 12** **Amount of assets netted against deposit liabilities (in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) on the balance sheet (Schedule RC) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.** Under generally accepted accounting principles, banks are permitted to offset or net assets and liabilities when a right of setoff exists. However, under the Federal Deposit Insurance Act

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12 (cont.) (FDI Act), only certain specified assets may be netted against deposit liabilities for deposit insurance and FICO assessment purposes. Thus, the reporting bank may have reported its deposits on the balance sheet (Schedule RC) and in Schedule RC-E differently than required for assessment purposes. The following items capture these differences, but exclude information for assessment purposes on the netting of reciprocal demand balances which is covered in Schedule RC-O, item 11, above.

The following examples illustrate the amounts to be reported in items 12.a and 12.b:

Example: Bank A has a \$200,000 asset and a \$500,000 deposit liability for which a right of setoff exists under generally accepted accounting principles. Bank A nets the asset and liability on its balance sheet (Schedule RC) and reports a (net) \$300,000 deposit liability. Bank A should report \$200,000 in item 12.a or 12.b, depending on the type of deposit involved in the netting.

Example: Bank B has a \$400,000 asset and a \$250,000 deposit liability for which a right of setoff exists under generally accepted accounting principles. Bank B nets the asset and liability on its balance sheet (Schedule RC) and reports a (net) \$150,000 asset. Bank B should report \$250,000 in item 12.a or 12.b, depending on the type of deposit involved in the netting.

12.a **Amount of assets netted against demand deposits.** If the reporting bank has netted any assets and demand deposit liabilities (in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) on the balance sheet (Schedule RC) and in Schedule RC-E in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, report in this item the amount by which this netting reduced the bank's reported demand deposits. Exclude hypothecated demand deposits (see the Glossary entry for "hypothecated deposit" for the definition of this term). Also exclude reciprocal demand balances that have been reported on a net basis.

12.b **Amount of assets netted against time and savings deposits.** If the reporting bank has netted any assets and time and savings deposit liabilities (in domestic offices and in insured branches in Puerto Rico and U.S. territories and possessions) on the balance sheet (Schedule RC) and in Schedule RC-E in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, report in this item the amount by which this netting reduced the bank's reported time and savings deposits. Exclude hypothecated time and savings deposits (see the Glossary entry for "hypothecated deposit" for the definition of this term).

Memoranda**Item No. Caption and Instruction**

- 1** **Total deposits (in domestic offices) of the bank.** Memorandum items 1.a.(1), 1.b.(1), and 1.b.(2) are to be completed each quarter. Memorandum item 1.a.(2) is to be completed for the June report only.

When determining the number and size of deposit accounts, each individual certificate, passbook, account, and other evidence of deposit is to be treated as a separate account. For purposes of completing this Memorandum item, multiple accounts of the same depositor should not be aggregated. In situations where a bank assigns a single account number to each depositor so that one account number may represent multiple deposit contracts between the bank and the depositor (e.g., one demand deposit account, one money market deposit account, and three certificates of deposit), each deposit contract is a separate account.

The sum of Memorandum items 1.a.(1) and 1.b.(1) must equal Schedule RC, item 13.a, "Deposits in domestic offices."

- 1.a** **Deposit accounts of \$100,000 or less.** Report in the appropriate subitem the amount outstanding and the number of accounts with a balance of \$100,000 or less as of the report date.
- 1.a.(1)** **Amount of deposit accounts of \$100,000 or less.** Report the aggregate balance of all deposit accounts, certificates, or other evidences of deposit (demand, savings, and time) with balances on the report date of \$100,000 or less. This amount should represent the total of the balances of the accounts enumerated in Memorandum item 1.a.(2) below.
- 1.a.(2)** **Number of deposit accounts of \$100,000 or less.** (To be completed for the June report only.) Report the total number of deposit accounts (demand, savings, and time) with balances on the report date of \$100,000 or less. Count each certificate, passbook, account, and other evidence of deposit which has a balance of \$100,000 or less.
- 1.b** **Deposit accounts of more than \$100,000.** Report in the appropriate subitem the amount outstanding and the number of accounts with a balance of more than \$100,000 as of the report date.
- 1.b.(1)** **Amount of deposit accounts of more than \$100,000.** Report the aggregate balance of each deposit account, certificate, or other evidence of deposit (demand, savings, and time) with a balance on the report date of more than \$100,000. This amount should represent the total of the balances of the accounts enumerated in Memorandum item 1.b.(2) below.
- 1.b.(2)** **Number of deposit accounts of more than \$100,000.** Report the total number of deposit accounts (demand, savings, and time) with balances on the report date of more than \$100,000. Count each certificate, passbook, account, and other evidence of deposit which has a balance of more than \$100,000.

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- 2** **Estimated amount of uninsured deposits (in domestic offices) of the bank.** The information in this Memorandum item is requested pursuant to Section 141(c) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvement Act of 1991.

An estimate of your bank's uninsured deposits (in domestic offices) can be determined by multiplying the number of deposit accounts of more than \$100,000 reported in Schedule RC-O, Memorandum item 1.b.(2) above, by \$100,000 and subtracting the result from the amount of deposit accounts of more than \$100,000 reported in Schedule RC-O, Memorandum item 1.b.(1) above. For example, a bank reports in Memorandum item 1.b.(1) that it has \$12,345,000 of deposit accounts of more than \$100,000. The bank also reports in Memorandum item 1.b.(2) that it has 76 deposit accounts of more than \$100,000. Based on these data, an estimate of the bank's uninsured deposits as determined by this simple method is:

$$\begin{array}{r} \$12,345,000 \\ - \quad 7,600,000 \quad (76 \times \$100,000) \\ \hline \$ \quad 4,745,000 \end{array}$$

NOTE: When a deposit account of more than \$100,000 has securities or other assets pledged against it, the portion of the deposit account that is over \$100,000 remains uninsured even though it is secured.

- 2.a** **Indicate in the appropriate box at the right whether your bank has a method or procedure for determining a better estimate of uninsured deposits than the estimate described above.** If your bank has an internal method or procedure that it uses for management information purposes to obtain an estimate of the amount of uninsured deposits that is better (i.e., believed to be more accurate) than an estimate that simply considers the number and amount of deposit accounts of more than \$100,000 (as described above), place an "X" in the box marked "YES" and complete Memorandum item 2.b below. Otherwise, place an "X" in the box marked "NO" and do not complete Memorandum item 2.b.
- 2.b** **If the box marked YES has been checked, report the estimate of uninsured deposits determined by using your bank's method or procedure.** If the response to Memorandum item 2.a above is "YES," apply the internal method or procedure that your bank uses for management information purposes and determine the estimated amount of uninsured deposits at your bank as of the report date. Report this estimated amount in this Memorandum item.
- 3** **Has the reporting institution been consolidated with a parent bank or savings association in that parent bank's or parent savings association's Call Report or Thrift Financial Report?** If the reporting bank is owned by another bank or savings association and that parent bank or parent savings association is consolidating the reporting bank as part of the parent institution's Call Report or Thrift Financial Report for this report date, report the legal title and FDIC Certificate Number of the parent institution in this item.