receives a higher bid or winning bid in a subsequent auction. When that final payment cannot yet be calculated, the bidder responsible for the withdrawn bid is assessed an interim bid withdrawal payment, which will be applied toward any final bid withdrawal payment that is ultimately assessed. The Commission’s rules provide that in advance of each auction, the Commission shall establish a percentage between three percent and twenty percent of the withdrawn bid to be assessed as an interim bid withdrawal payment.

24. The Commission has indicated that the level of the interim withdrawal payment in a particular auction will be based on the nature of the service and the inventory of the construction permits being offered. The Commission noted that it may impose a higher interim withdrawal payment percentage to deter the anti-competitive use of withdrawals when, for example, bidders likely will not need to aggregate construction permits offered, such as when few construction permits are offered, the construction permits offered are not on adjacent frequencies or in adjacent areas, or there are few synergies to be captured by combining construction permits.

25. Applying the reasoning that a higher interim withdrawal payment percentage is appropriate when aggregation of construction permits is not expected, as with the construction permits subject to competitive bidding in Auction 79, if the Bureaus allow bid withdrawals in this auction, the Bureaus propose an interim bid withdrawal payment of twenty percent of the withdrawn bid for this auction. The Bureaus seek comment on this proposal.

ii. Additional Default Payment Percentage

26. Any winning bidder that defaults or is disqualified after the close of an auction (i.e., fails to remit the required down payment within the prescribed period of time, fails to submit a timely long-form application, fails to make full payment, or is otherwise disqualified) is liable for a default payment under 47 CFR 1.2104(g)(2). This payment consists of a deficiency payment, equal to the difference between the amount of the bidder’s bid and the amount of the winning bid the next time a construction permit covering the same spectrum is won in an auction, plus an additional payment equal to a percentage of the defaulter’s bid or of the subsequent winning bid, whichever is less.

27. As previously noted by the Commission, defaults weaken the integrity of the auction process and may impede the deployment of service to the public. In light of these considerations for Auction 79, the Bureaus propose to establish an additional default payment of twenty percent of the relevant bid as more effective in deterring defaults than a smaller percentage. The Bureaus seek comment on this proposal.

II. Commission ex parte Rules

28. This proceeding has been designated as a permit-but-disclose proceeding in accordance with the Commission’s ex parte rules. Persons making oral ex parte presentations are reminded that memoranda summarizing the presentations must contain summaries of the substance of the presentations and not merely a listing of the subjects discussed. More than a one or two sentence description of the views and arguments presented is generally required. Other rules pertaining to oral and written ex parte presentations in permit-but-disclose proceedings are set forth in 47 CFR 1.1206(b).

Federal Communications Commission.

Gary D. Michaels,
Deputy Division Chief, Auctions and Spectrum Access Division, WTB.

[FR Doc. E9–5244 Filed 3–10–09; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6712–01–P

FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Agency Information Collection Activities: Proposed Collection; Comment Request

AGENCY: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

ACTION: Notice and request for comment.

SUMMARY: The FDIC, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. chapter 35). Currently, the FDIC is soliciting comments on full clearance of the following collection currently approved by OMB on an emergency basis: Temporary Liquidity Program (OMB Control No. 3064–0166).

DATES: Comments must be submitted on or before May 11, 2009.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties are invited to submit written comments to the FDIC by any of the following methods. All comments should refer to the name of the collection:

• E-mail: comments@fdic.gov.
• Include the name of the collection in the subject line of the message.

• Hand Delivery: Comments may be hand-delivered to the guard station at the rear of the 17th Street Building (located on F Street), on business days between 7 a.m. and 5 p.m.

A copy of the comments may also be submitted to the OMB desk officer for the FDIC: Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, New Executive Office Building, Washington, DC 20503.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Leneta G. Gregorie at the address identified above.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Proposal To Obtain Full Clearance of the Following Collection of Information Currently Approved on an Emergency Basis

Title: Temporary Liquidity Guarantee Program.

OMB Number: 3064–0166.

Estimated Number of Respondents:

Initial report of amount of senior unsecured debt—14,400.

Subsequent reports on amount of senior unsecured debt—14,400.

Opt-out/opt-in notice—1,600.

Notice of debt guarantee—9,150.

Notice of transaction account guarantee—8,000.

Notice of issuance of debt guarantee—13,650.

Notice of termination of participation—300.

Debt-holder guarantee claims—2,300.

Bankruptcy POC/evidence of POC—300.

Request for increase in debt guarantee limit—1,000.

Request for increase in presumptive convertible debt: 25.

Frequency of Response:

Initial report of amount of senior unsecured debt—once.

Subsequent reports on amount of senior unsecured debt—4.

Opt-out/opt-in notice—once.

Notice of debt guarantee—once.

Notice of transaction account guarantee—once.

Notice of issuance of debt guarantee—once.

Notice of termination of participation—once.
Debt-holder guarantee claims—once.
Bankruptcy POC/evidence of POC—once.
Request for increase in debt guarantee limit—once.
Request for increase in presumptive debt guarantee limit—once.
Request to opt-in to debt guarantee program—once.
Request by affiliate to participate in debt guarantee program—once.
Application to issue mandatory convertible debt—5.

Affected Public: FDIC-insured depository institutions, thrift holding companies, bank and financial holding companies.

Estimated Time per Response:
Initial report of amount of senior unsecured debt—1 hour.
Subsequent reports on amount of senior unsecured debt—1 hour.
Opt-out/opt-in notice—0.5 hour.
Notice of debt guarantee—1 to 2 hours.
Notice of transaction account guarantee—2 hours.
Notice of issuance of debt guarantee—0.5 to 3 hours.
Notice of termination of participation—3 hours.
Debt-holder guarantee claims—3 hours.
Bankruptcy POC/evidence of POC—1 hour.
Request for increase in debt guarantee limit—2 hours.
Request for increase in presumptive debt guarantee limit—2 hours.
Request to opt-in to debt guarantee program—1 hour.
Request by affiliate to participate in debt guarantee program—2 hours.
Application to issue mandatory convertible debt—1 hour.

Total Annual Burden: 2,201,625 hours.

General Description of Collection: This collection includes reporting, recordkeeping and disclosure requirements associated with the FDIC’s Temporary Liquidity Guarantee (TLG) Program. TLG Program is comprised of (1) a guarantee by the FDIC of all unsecured, unsubordinated debt of insured depository institutions, their bank holding companies, financial holding companies, and thrift holding companies (other than unitary thrift holding companies) issued between October 14, 2008, and June 30, 2009, with guarantees expiring not later than June 30, 2012, and with a system of fees to be paid by these institutions for such guarantees; and (2) a 100 percent guaranty of non-interest bearing transaction accounts held by insured depository institutions until December 31, 2009 (FDIC guarantees). The TLG program is designed to strengthen confidence and encourage liquidity in the banking system in order to ease lending to creditworthy businesses and consumers. The reporting, recordkeeping and disclosure requirements apply to eligible entities participating in either the Debt Guarantee Component of the program or the Deposit Guarantee Component or both. The information obtained allows the FDIC to monitor its exposure under the TLG Program and determine assessments for entities participating in the program. The required disclosures ensure that depositors, debt holders, and the general public are on notice as to which entities are participating in the program, the extent to which deposits in non-interest-bearing transaction accounts are FDIC-insured, and whether newly-issued senior unsecured debt is guaranteed by the FDIC.

Request for Comment
Comments are invited on: (a) Whether this collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the FDIC’s functions, including whether the information has practical utility; (b) the accuracy of the estimates of the burden of the information collection, including the validity of the methodologies and assumptions used; (c) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (d) ways to minimize the burden of the information collection on respondents, including through the use of automated collection techniques or other forms of information technology.

At the end of the comment period, the comments and recommendations received will be analyzed to determine the extent to which the collection should be modified prior to submission to OMB for review and approval. Comments submitted in response to this notice also will be summarized or included in the FDIC’s requests to OMB for full clearance of this collection. All comments will become a matter of public record.

Dated at Washington, DC, this 25 day of March, 2009.
Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
Valerie Best,
Assistant Executive Secretary.
[FR Doc. E9–5230 Filed 3–10–09; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 6714–01–P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

Notice of Agreements Filed

The Commission hereby gives notice of the filing of the following agreements under the Shipping Act of 1984.

Interested parties may submit comments on agreements to the Secretary, Federal Maritime Commission, Washington, DC 20573, within ten days of the date this notice appears in the Federal Register. Copies of agreements are available through the Commission’s Web site (http://www.fmc.gov) or contacting the Office of Agreements at (202) 523–5793 or tradeanalysis@fmc.gov.

Agreement No.: 011353–034.
Title: The Credit Agreement.
Parties: APL Co. PTE Ltd.; Crowley Latin America Services, LLC; Dole Ocean Cargo Express; King Ocean Services de Venezuela/King Ocean Services Limited; Seaboard Marine of Florida, Inc.; and Seaboard Marine Ltd.
Synopsis: The amendment deletes Crowley Liner Services, Inc. as a party to the Agreement, replacing it with Crowley Latin America Services, LLC, and deletes A.P. Moller-Maersk A/S, Evergreen Line Joint Service Agreement, and Caribbean General Maritime, Ltd. as parties to the Agreement.
Agreement No.: 011579–015.
Title: Inland Shipping Service Association Agreement.
Parties: Crowley Latin America Services, LLC; Seaboard Marine, Ltd.; and Seaboard Marine of Florida, Inc.
Synopsis: The amendment deletes Crowley Liner Services, Inc. as a party to the Agreement and replaces it with Crowley Latin America Services, LLC, and deletes A.P. Moller-Maersk A/S.

Agreement No.: 012037–001.
Title: Maersk Line/CMA CGM TA3 Space Charter Agreement.
Parties: A.P. Moeller-Maersk A/S and CMA CGM S.A.
Synopsis: The amendment reduces the amount of space being chartered, extends the duration of the agreement, revises the notice required for resignation, and incorporates other miscellaneous changes.

Agreement No.: 012064.
Title: Hapag-Lloyd/NYK Mexico-Dominican Republic Slot Exchange Agreement.
Synopsis: The agreement authorizes the parties to exchange slots on their services in the trades between ports on the East and Gulf Coasts of the United States.