## QUARTERLY BANKING PROFILE Third Quarter 2021

## INSURED INSTITUTION PERFORMANCE

## Net Income Continued to Increase Year Over Year

Net Interest Margin Rose Modestly From Last Quarter's Record Low
Quarterly Loan Growth Continued
Asset Quality Continued to Improve

Net Income Continued to Increase Year Over Year, Driven by a Third Consecutive Quarter of Negative Provision Expense

Quarterly net income rose $\$ 18.4$ billion ( 35.9 percent) to $\$ 69.5$ billion from the same period one year ago. The increase was primarily due to a $\$ 19.7$ billion decline in provision expense (provisions). Net interest income increased over the same period as the decline in interest expense outpaced the decline in interest income. Two-thirds of all banks ( 66.5 percent) reported annual improvements in quarterly net income, and the share of profitable institutions increased slightly year over year to 95.9 percent. However, net income declined $\$ 875.5$ million ( 1.2 percent) from second quarter 2021, driven by an increase in provisions from second quarter 2021 (up $\$ 5.5$ billion to negative $\$ 5.2$ billion). The banking industry reported an aggregate return on average assets ratio of 1.21 percent, up 24 basis points from a year ago but down 3 basis points from second quarter 2021.

The quarterly net interest margin (NIM) improved to 2.56 percent in the third quarter, up 6 basis points from the record low in second quarter but down 12 basis points from one year earlier. The yield on earning assets rose 5 basis points from the record low in second quarter 2021 to 2.73 percent, while the cost of funds declined 1 basis point from the second quarter to a new record low of 0.17 percent.
Quarterly NIM expansion was accompanied by a $\$ 5.2$ billion (4 percent) increase in net interest income from the prior quarter. The improvement was driven by a $\$ 4.6$ billion increase in interest income and a $\$ 573$ million decline in interest expense. Year over year, net interest income increased $\$ 5.6$ billion driven by a decline in interest expense (down $\$ 5.7$ billion) that outpaced the decline in interest income (down $\$ 55$ million). Improvement in net interest income was widespread, as nearly three-quarters of banks (72.1 percent) reported higher net interest income compared with a year ago.

Noninterest Income
Continued to Increase

Noninterest income increased (up \$3.4 billion, or 4.7 percent) from third quarter 2020 primarily due to higher "all other noninterest income" (up $\$ 2.2$ billion, or 6.5 percent) and higher investment banking fee income (up $\$ 1.8$ billion, or 70 percent). ${ }^{1}$ Higher interchange fees were the main driver of the increase in all other noninterest income. More than half of all institutions ( 57.5 percent) reported higher noninterest income compared with the year-ago quarter.
${ }^{1}$ All other noninterest income includes, but is not limited to, bankcard and credit card interchange fees, income and fees
from wire transfers, and income and fees from automated teller machines. Among banks who filled out schedule RI-E,
interchange fees was the largest driver of the increase in all other noninterest income.

## Chart 1



## Chart 2

Quarterly Net Interest Margin
All FDIC-Insured Institutions


Noninterest Expense Increased From the Year-Ago Quarter

Noninterest expense rose $\$ 4.4$ billion ( 3.5 percent) year over year, led by an increase in "all other noninterest expense" and salary and benefit expense. ${ }^{2}$ Higher marketing and data processing expenses drove the increase in all other noninterest expense. Average assets per employee (up $\$ 1.1$ million) also increased from a year ago to $\$ 11.3$ million. While nearly three-fourths of all banks (73.6 percent) reported higher noninterest expense compared with the year-ago quarter, noninterest expense as a percentage of average assets declined 11 basis points from third quarter 2020 to 2.23 percent, matching last quarter's record low.

## Provision Expense Was

Negative for the Third Consecutive Quarter

Provisions have been negative for three consecutive quarters. However, provisions were less negative this quarter, declining from negative $\$ 10.8$ billion in second quarter 2021 to negative $\$ 5.2$ billion in third quarter 2021. Provision expense declined $\$ 19.7$ billion (136.2 percent) from the year-ago quarter to negative $\$ 5.2$ billion. ${ }^{3}$ Fifty-eight percent of all institutions reported lower provisions compared with the year-ago quarter.
The net number of banks that have adopted current expected credit loss (CECL) accounting increased by one from second quarter 2021 to 313.4 CECL adopters reported aggregate negative provisions of $\$ 5.5$ billion in third quarter, $\$ 5.2$ billion less negative than second quarter 2021, and $\$ 16.6$ billion less negative than one year ago. Provisions for banks that have not adopted CECL accounting totaled $\$ 226$ million (up from negative $\$ 122.4$ million a quarter ago and down from $\$ 3.4$ billion one year ago).

## Allowance for Loan and

 Lease Losses to Total Loans Remained Higher Than the Pre-Pandemic LevelThe allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) as a percentage of total loans and leases declined 55 basis points to 1.69 percent from the year-ago quarter due to negative provisions, but ALLL remains higher than the level of 1.18 percent reported in fourth quarter 2019. Similarly, ALLL as a percentage of loans 90 days or more past due or in nonaccrual status (coverage ratio) declined 12 percentage points from the year-ago quarter to 180.1 percent but remained well above the financial crisis average of 79.1 percent. ${ }^{5}$ All insured institutions except the largest Quarterly Banking Profile (QBP) asset size group (greater than $\$ 250$ billion) reported higher aggregate coverage ratios compared with second quarter 2021.

[^0]Chart 3


## Chart 4



Total Assets Increased From the Previous Quarter

Loan and Lease Balances Increased From the Previous Quarter and a Year Ago

Total assets increased $\$ 462.6$ billion (2 percent) from second quarter 2021 to $\$ 23.3$ trillion. Securities rose $\$ 225$ billion ( 3.9 percent), while cash and balances due from depository institutions rose $\$ 126.8$ billion ( 3.6 percent). Growth in mortgage-backed securities (up $\$ 101.9$ billion, or 3 percent) and U.S. Treasury securities (up $\$ 99.3$ billion, or 8.5 percent) continued to drive quarterly increases in total securities. Loans and securities with maturities longer than 5 years now make up almost a third (31.3 percent) of total assets, up from 28 percent in fourth quarter 2019.

Total loan and lease balances increased $\$ 62.7$ billion ( 0.6 percent) from second quarter 2021. Several portfolios contributed meaningfully to the industry's growth, including 1-4 family residential mortgages (up $\$ 41.3$ billion, or 1.9 percent), consumer loans (up $\$ 39.6$ billion, or 2.3 percent), nonfarm nonresidential commercial real estate loans (CRE) (up $\$ 24.5$ billion, or 1.5 percent), and loans to nondepository institutions (up $\$ 24.2$ billion, or 3.9 percent). Annually, total loan and lease balances increased $\$ 10$ billion ( 0.1 percent) as growth in loans to nondepository institutions (up $\$ 95.9$ billion, or 17.5 percent), consumer loans (up $\$ 87.1$ billion, or 5.1 percent), and nonfarm nonresidential CRE loan balances (up $\$ 63.2$ billion, or 4.1 percent) helped offset declines in commercial and industrial (C\&I) loans (down $\$ 301.8$ billion, or 11.9 percent). The decline in C\&I balances was driven by Paycheck Protection Program loan forgiveness and repayment.

## Deposit Growth

Accelerated From the Previous Quarter

Deposits grew 2.3 percent ( $\$ 436$ billion) in third quarter, up from 1.5 percent growth ( $\$ 271.8$ billion) reported in second quarter 2021 but below the first quarter 2021 gain that was boosted by federal support programs. Deposits above $\$ 250,000$ continued to drive the quarterly increase (up $\$ 445.2$ billion, or 4.5 percent). Interest-bearing deposit growth (up $\$ 284.6$ billion, or 2.4 percent) outpaced that of noninterest-bearing deposits (up $\$ 185.4$ billion, or 3.6 percent). More than two-thirds ( 68.7 percent) of banks reported higher deposit balances compared with the previous quarter.

Noncurrent Loan Balances Continued to Decline Quarter Over Quarter

Loans and leases 90 days or more past due or in nonaccrual status (noncurrent loan balances) continued to decline (down $\$ 7$ billion, or 6.3 percent) from second quarter 2021, supporting a 7 basis point reduction in the noncurrent rate to 0.94 percent. Noncurrent C\&I loans declined most among loan categories from the previous quarter (down $\$ 2.3$ billion, or 12.2 percent), followed by noncurrent 1-4 family residential loans (down $\$ 1.8$ billion, or 3.7 percent). Fifty-eight percent of all banks reported a reduction in noncurrent loans compared with second quarter 2021.

## Chart 5



Chart 6
Quarterly Change in Loan Balances
All FDIC-Insured Institutions


## 2008

Note: FASB Statements 166 and 167 resulted in the consolidation of large amounts of securitized loan balances back onto banks' balance sheets in the first quarter of 2010. Although the total amount consolidated cannot be precisely quantified, the industry would have reported a decline in loan balances for the quarter absent this change in accounting standards. Date labels are centered under the first quarter of each year. Data starts in third quarter 2007.

The Net Charge-Off Rate Declined Further to a Record Low

Net charge-offs declined for the fifth consecutive quarter (down $\$ 7.4$ billion, or 58.4 percent). In third quarter, the net charge-off rate fell 27 basis points to 0.19 percent, a record low since QBP data collection began in 1984. A decline in net charge-offs of credit card loans (down $\$ 3.4$ billion, or 50.3 percent) and C\&I loans (down $\$ 2.3$ billion, or 72.2 percent) drove three-fourths ( 77.4 percent) of the reduction in net charge-offs from the year-ago quarter.

Equity Capital Growth Remained Strong

Equity capital rose $\$ 33.8$ billion (1.5 percent) from second quarter 2021 and the leverage capital ratio increased 3 basis points to 8.86 percent. Retained earnings contributed $\$ 14.8$ billion to equity formation despite a decline in retained earnings from second quarter (down $\$ 19$ billion, or 56.2 percent). Banks distributed 78.6 percent of third quarter earnings as dividends, which were up $\$ 18.2$ billion ( 49.7 percent) from second quarter 2021. Twentynine percent of banks reported higher dividends compared with the year-ago quarter. The number of institutions with capital ratios that did not meet Prompt Corrective Action requirements for the well-capitalized category decreased by one to eight from second quarter 2021. ${ }^{6}$

Three New Banks Opened and No Banks Failed in Third Quarter 2021

The number of FDIC-insured institutions declined from 4,951 in second quarter 2021 to 4,914. During third quarter 2021, three new banks opened, 39 institutions merged with other FDIC-insured institutions, one bank ceased operations, and no banks failed. 7 The number of banks on the FDIC's "Problem Bank List" declined by five from second quarter to 46, the lowest level since QBP data collection began in 1984. Total assets of problem banks increased $\$ 4.8$ billion (10.5 percent) from second quarter to $\$ 50.6$ billion.

## Author:

James K. Presley-Nelson
Senior Financial Analyst
Division of Insurance and Research

[^1]
## Chart 7

| Quarterly Change in Deposits |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| All FDIC-Insured Institutions |  |
| \$ Billions |  |
| 1,400 |  |
| 1,200 |  |
| 1,000 |  |
| 800 |  |
| 600 |  |
| 400 |  |
|  |  |
| -200 |  |
| $20082009201020112012201320142015201620172018201920202021$ <br> Source: FDIC. <br> Note: Date labels are centered under the first quarter of each year. Data starts in third quarter 2007. |  |
|  |  |

Chart 8


|  | 2021** | 2020** | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return on assets (\%) | 1.28 | 0.58 | 0.72 | 1.29 | 1.35 | 0.97 | 1.04 |
| Return on equity (\%) | 12.66 | 5.51 | 6.85 | 11.38 | 11.98 | 8.60 | 9.27 |
| Core capital (leverage) ratio (\%) | 8.86 | 8.80 | 8.81 | 9.66 | 9.70 | 9.63 | 9.48 |
| Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets (\%) | 0.46 | 0.63 | 0.61 | 0.55 | 0.60 | 0.73 | 0.86 |
| Net charge-offs to loans (\%) | 0.27 | 0.53 | 0.50 | 0.52 | 0.48 | 0.50 | 0.47 |
| Asset growth rate (\%) | 9.57 | 14.82 | 17.36 | 3.92 | 3.03 | 3.79 | 5.09 |
| Net interest margin (\%) | 2.54 | 2.88 | 2.82 | 3.36 | 3.40 | 3.25 | 3.13 |
| Net operating income growth (\%) | 158.85 | -53.89 | -38.78 | -3.14 | 45.45 | -3.27 | 4.43 |
| Number of institutions reporting | 4,914 | 5,033 | 5,002 | 5,177 | 5,406 | 5,670 | 5,913 |
| Commercial banks | 4,301 | 4,401 | 4,375 | 4,518 | 4,715 | 4,918 | 5,112 |
| Savings institutions | 613 | 632 | 627 | 659 | 691 | 752 | 801 |
| Percentage of unprofitable institutions (\%) | 3.24 | 4.77 | 4.68 | 3.73 | 3.44 | 5.61 | 4.48 |
| Number of problem institutions | 46 | 56 | 56 | 51 | 60 | 95 | 123 |
| Assets of problem institutions (in billions) | \$51 | \$54 | \$56 | \$46 | \$48 | \$14 | \$28 |
| Number of failed institutions | 0 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 5 |

* Excludes insured branches of foreign banks (IBAs)
** Through September 30, ratios annualized where appropriate. Asset growth rates are for 12 months ending September 30.
TABLE II-A. Aggregate Condition and Income Data, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

| (dollar figures in millions) |  | 3rd Quarter 2021 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2nd Quarter } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | 3rd Quarter 2020 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \%Change } \\ & \text { 20Q3-21Q3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of institutions reporting |  | 4,914 |  | 4,951 | 5,033 | -2.4 |
| Total employees (full-time equivalent) |  | 2,056,573 |  | 2,058,714 | 2,071,908 | -0.7 |
| CONDITION DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets |  | \$23,251,659 |  | \$22,789,018 | \$21,220,827 | 9.6 |
| Loans secured by real estate |  | 5,182,410 |  | 5,109,205 | 5,144,713 | 0.7 |
| 1-4 Family residential mortgages |  | 2,221,812 |  | 2,180,518 | 2,240,755 | -0.9 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential |  | 1,619,362 |  | 1,594,870 | 1,556,192 | 4.1 |
| Construction and development |  | 402,056 |  | 393,582 | 386,394 | 4.1 |
| Home equity lines |  | 270,278 |  | 277,871 | 312,892 | -13.6 |
| Commercial \& industrial loans |  | 2,243,280 |  | 2,335,852 | 2,545,076 | -11.9 |
| Loans to individuals |  | 1,796,993 |  | 1,757,415 | 1,709,912 | 5.1 |
| Credit cards |  | 805,961 |  | 791,990 | 796,450 | 1.2 |
| Farm loans |  | 73,102 |  | 69,763 | 76,796 | -4.8 |
| Other loans \& leases |  | 1,627,506 |  | 1,588,915 | 1,438,032 | 13.2 |
| Less: Unearned income |  | 2,408 |  | 2,987 | 3,623 | -33.5 |
| Total loans \& leases |  | 10,920,884 |  | 10,858,163 | 10,910,908 | 0.1 |
| Less: Reserve for losses* |  | 185,064 |  | 195,175 | 244,267 | -24.2 |
| Net loans and leases |  | 10,735,820 |  | 10,662,988 | 10,666,641 | 0.7 |
| Securities** |  | 5,953,236 |  | 5,728,187 | 4,793,031 | 24.2 |
| Other real estate owned |  | 3,819 |  | 4,149 | 4,548 | -16.0 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles |  | 396,651 |  | 393,756 | 385,497 | 2.9 |
| All other assets |  | 6,162,132 |  | 5,999,938 | 5,371,110 | 14.7 |
| Total liabilities and capital |  | 23,251,659 |  | 22,789,018 | 21,220,827 | 9.6 |
| Deposits |  | 19,166,663 |  | 18,730,697 | 17,118,378 | 12.0 |
| Domestic office deposits |  | 17,633,886 |  | 17,163,933 | 15,671,764 | 12.5 |
| Foreign office deposits |  | 1,532,777 |  | 1,566,764 | 1,446,614 | 6.0 |
| Other borrowed funds |  | 989,701 |  | 1,018,754 | 1,207,522 | -18.0 |
| Subordinated debt |  | 66,246 |  | 66,798 | 68,489 | -3.3 |
| All other liabilities |  | 687,128 |  | 664,561 | 640,711 | 7.2 |
| Total equity capital (includes minority interests) |  | 2,341,922 |  | 2,308,209 | 2,185,727 | 7.2 |
| Bank equity capital |  | 2,339,483 |  | 2,305,706 | 2,183,161 | 7.2 |
| Loans and leases 30-89 days past due |  | 47,781 |  | 45,551 | 58,711 | -18.6 |
| Noncurrent loans and leases |  | 102,745 |  | 109,692 | 127,180 | -19.2 |
| Restructured loans and leases |  | 45,356 |  | 47,187 | 49,637 | -8.6 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | 3,488,704 |  | 3,386,816 | 2,798,839 | 24.7 |
| Earning assets |  | 21,241,499 |  | 20,799,371 | 19,320,745 | 9.9 |
| FHLB Advances |  | 190,103 |  | 207,582 | 304,509 | -37.6 |
| Unused loan commitments |  | 9,076,319 |  | 8,917,077 | 8,412,087 | 7.9 |
| Trust assets |  | 19,981,395 |  | 19,845,541 | 17,775,673 | 12.4 |
| Assets securitized and sold |  | 462,865 |  | 463,194 | 505,520 | -8.4 |
| Notional amount of derivatives |  | 187,643,803 |  | 186,058,293 | 181,124,686 | 3.6 |
|  | First Three | First Three |  | 3rd Quarter | 3rd Quarter | \%Change |
| INCOME DATA | Quarters 2021 | Quarters 2020 | \%Change | 2021 | 2020 | 20Q3-21Q3 |
| Total interest income | \$419,914 | \$461,567 | -9.0 | \$143,168 | \$143,223 | 0.0 |
| Total interest expense | 28,104 | 65,184 | -56.9 | 8,772 | 14,470 | -39.4 |
| Net interest income | 391,810 | 396,382 | -1.2 | 134,397 | 128,753 | 4.4 |
| Provision for credit losses*** | -30,411 | 129,062 | -123.6 | -5,233 | 14,460 | -136.2 |
| Total noninterest income | 228,174 | 210,032 | 8.6 | 76,012 | 72,602 | 4.7 |
| Total noninterest expense | 377,691 | 373,934 | 1.0 | 128,040 | 123,656 | 3.6 |
| Securities gains (losses) | 2,465 | 6,730 | -63.4 | 338 | 2,479 | -86.4 |
| Applicable income taxes | 58,998 | 21,837 | 170.2 | 18,391 | 14,491 | 26.9 |
| Extraordinary gains, net**** | 31 | -110 | N/M | 3 | -5 | N/M |
| Total net income (includes minority interests) | 216,203 | 88,201 | 145.1 | 69,551 | 51,223 | 35.8 |
| Bank net income | 216,035 | 88,027 | 145.4 | 69,496 | 51,136 | 35.9 |
| Net charge-offs | 21,682 | 42,795 | -49.3 | 5,277 | 12,696 | -58.4 |
| Cash dividends | 114,872 | 62,251 | 84.5 | 54,649 | 15,822 | 245.4 |
| Retained earnings | 101,162 | 25,776 | 292.5 | 14,847 | 35,314 | -58.0 |
| Net operating income | 214,181 | 82,744 | 158.9 | 69,271 | 49,299 | 40.5 |

[^2]
## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

TABLE III-A. Third Quarter 2021, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

| THIRD QUARTER <br> (The way it is...) |  | All Insured Institutions | Asset Concentration Groups* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Credit Card Banks | International Banks | Agricultural Banks | Commercial Lenders | Mortgage Lenders | Consumer Lenders | Other Specialized <\$1 Billion | All Other <\$1 Billion | All Other >\$1 Billion |
| Number of institutions reporting |  |  | 4,914 | 11 | 5 | 1,135 | 2,483 | 287 | 34 | 342 | 521 | 96 |
| Commercial banks |  | 4,301 | 10 | 5 | 1,124 | 2,241 | 84 | 21 | 310 | 426 | 80 |
| Savings institutions |  | 613 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 242 | 203 | 13 | 32 | 95 | 16 |
| Total assets (in billions) |  | \$23,251.7 | \$476.3 | \$5,868.2 | \$295.5 | \$7,242.1 | \$758.7 | \$332.1 | \$76.3 | \$129.3 | \$8,073.3 |
| Commercial banks |  | 21,781.9 | 394.0 | 5,868.2 | 289.1 | 6,779.5 | 160.3 | 324.5 | 71.1 | 103.8 | 7,791.5 |
| Savings institutions |  | 1,469.8 | 82.3 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 462.5 | 598.4 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 25.6 | 281.8 |
| Total deposits (in billions) |  | 19,166.7 | 338.3 | 4,615.6 | 251.1 | 6,088.0 | 669.9 | 280.6 | 63.5 | 111.3 | 6,748.5 |
| Commercial banks |  | 17,933.0 | 275.8 | 4,615.6 | 247.5 | 5,722.8 | 138.3 | 274.0 | 60.0 | 90.1 | 6,508.9 |
| Savings institutions |  | 1,233.7 | 62.5 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 365.1 | 531.6 | 6.6 | 3.6 | 21.2 | 239.6 |
| Bank net income (in millions) |  | 69,496 | 6,555 | 15,111 | 1,029 | 22,055 | 1,617 | 1,511 | 289 | 367 | 20,963 |
| Commercial banks |  | 65,471 | 5,410 | 15,111 | 978 | 20,766 | 476 | 1,493 | 125 | 329 | 20,784 |
| Savings institutions |  | 4,025 | 1,145 | 0 | 51 | 1,289 | 1,141 | 18 | 163 | 38 | 180 |
| Performance Ratios (annualized, \%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on earning assets |  | 2.73 | 11.34 | 1.97 | 3.79 | 3.16 | 1.86 | 4.10 | 2.57 | 3.42 | 2.31 |
| Cost of funding earning assets |  | 0.17 | 0.96 | 0.11 | 0.35 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.61 | 0.23 | 0.29 | 0.11 |
| Net interest margin |  | 2.56 | 10.38 | 1.86 | 3.44 | 2.96 | 1.72 | 3.49 | 2.34 | 3.13 | 2.20 |
| Noninterest income to assets |  | 1.32 | 5.93 | 1.48 | 0.66 | 0.99 | 0.79 | 0.95 | 3.09 | 1.30 | 1.30 |
| Noninterest expense to assets |  | 2.23 | 8.62 | 1.96 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 1.36 | 1.54 | 3.38 | 2.89 | 2.10 |
| Credit loss provision to assets** |  | -0.09 | 0.02 | -0.12 | 0.06 | -0.07 | -0.01 | 0.29 | 0.02 | 0.03 | -0.13 |
| Net operating income to assets |  | 1.20 | 5.49 | 1.05 | 1.38 | 1.22 | 0.87 | 1.82 | 1.51 | 1.15 | 1.05 |
| Pretax return on assets |  | 1.53 | 7.14 | 1.28 | 1.59 | 1.56 | 1.11 | 2.41 | 1.91 | 1.32 | 1.35 |
| Return on assets |  | 1.21 | 5.50 | 1.04 | 1.40 | 1.23 | 0.87 | 1.84 | 1.54 | 1.15 | 1.05 |
| Return on equity |  | 11.97 | 40.66 | 11.54 | 12.63 | 11.26 | 9.80 | 19.40 | 11.16 | 10.30 | 10.55 |
| Net charge-offs to loans and leases |  | 0.19 | 1.54 | 0.29 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.24 | 0.08 | 0.01 | 0.16 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs |  | -81.71 | 0.15 | -73.22 | 256.52 | -131.85 | -1,049.62 | 138.37 | 99.30 | 716.29 | -171.87 |
| Efficiency ratio |  | 60.40 | 54.23 | 62.22 | 57.63 | 59.77 | 55.12 | 36.56 | 63.62 | 68.09 | 63.07 |
| \% of unprofitable institutions |  | 4.13 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 3.96 | 2.46 | 9.06 | 2.94 | 13.45 | 4.22 | 2.08 |
| \% of institutions with earnings gains |  | 66.56 | 90.91 | 80.00 | 59.21 | 73.14 | 56.10 | 67.65 | 55.85 | 62.96 | 68.75 |
| Structural Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New reporters |  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Institutions absorbed by mergers |  | 39 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Failed institutions |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PRIOR THIRD QUARTERS (The way it was...) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Return on assets (\%) | 2020 | 0.97 | 3.00 | 0.96 | 1.31 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.48 | 2.64 | 1.16 | 0.68 |
|  | 2018 | 1.41 | 3.09 | 1.21 | 1.42 | 1.31 | 1.22 | 1.38 | 3.82 | 1.22 | 1.48 |
|  | 2016 | 1.10 | 2.26 | 0.90 | 1.29 | 1.01 | 1.03 | 1.02 | 2.68 | 0.95 | 1.21 |
| Net charge-offs to loans \& leases (\%) | 2020 | 0.46 | 3.63 | 0.67 | 0.13 | 0.23 | 0.01 | 0.85 | 0.12 | 0.08 | 0.39 |
|  | 2018 | 0.45 | 3.70 | 0.44 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.69 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 0.37 |
|  | 2016 | 0.44 | 3.11 | 0.48 | 0.09 | 0.22 | 0.04 | 0.66 | 0.16 | 0.19 | 0.41 |

* See Table V-A (page 10) for explanations.
** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

TABLE III-A. Third Quarter 2021, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

| THIRD QUARTER <br> (The way it is...) |  | All Insured Institutions | Asset Size Distribution |  |  |  |  | Geographic Regions* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less Than } \\ \$ 100 \\ \text { Million } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100 \\ \text { Million to } \\ \text { \$1 Billion } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | \$1 Billion to \$10 Billion | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10 \text { Billion } \\ \text { to } \$ 250 \\ \text { Billion } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Greater Than $\$ 250$ Billion | New York | Atlanta | Chicago | Kansas City | Dallas | $\begin{array}{r} \text { San } \\ \text { Francisco } \end{array}$ |
| Number of institutions reporting |  |  | 4,914 | 853 | 3,066 | 833 | 149 | 13 | 583 | 561 | 1,052 | 1,264 | 1,088 | 366 |
| Commercial banks |  | 4,301 | 747 | 2,717 | 693 | 132 | 12 | 303 | 511 | 909 | 1,225 | 1,019 | 334 |
| Savings institutions |  | 613 | 106 | 349 | 140 | 17 | 1 | 280 | 50 | 143 | 39 | 69 | 32 |
| Total assets (in billions) |  | \$23,251.7 | \$51.9 | \$1,111.2 | \$2,195.4 | \$6,918.4 | \$12,974.9 | \$4,290.4 | \$4,727.9 | \$5,607.9 | \$4,211.3 | \$1,941.5 | \$2,472.7 |
| Commercial banks |  | 21,781.9 | 45.8 | 974.3 | 1,837.0 | 6,329.2 | 12,595.6 | 3,852.4 | 4,588.8 | 5,514.8 | 4,168.1 | 1,336.1 | 2,321.8 |
| Savings institutions |  | 1,469.8 | 6.0 | 136.9 | 358.3 | 589.2 | 379.3 | 438.0 | 139.1 | 93.1 | 43.2 | 605.4 | 151.0 |
| Total deposits (in billions) |  | 19,166.7 | 43.4 | 949.1 | 1,847.2 | 5,769.5 | 10,557.6 | 3,527.7 | 3,958.9 | 4,414.4 | 3,495.2 | 1,675.8 | 2,094.7 |
| Commercial banks |  | 17,933.0 | 38.7 | 836.9 | 1,553.9 | 5,295.1 | 10,208.4 | 3,177.1 | 3,842.3 | 4,345.1 | 3,459.8 | 1,136.3 | 1,972.4 |
| Savings institutions |  | 1,233.7 | 4.7 | 112.2 | 293.2 | 474.4 | 349.2 | 350.6 | 116.7 | 69.3 | 35.4 | 539.5 | 122.3 |
| Bank net income (in millions) |  | 69,496 | 124 | 3,743 | 7,554 | 24,285 | 33,790 | 11,459 | 14,664 | 17,135 | 10,781 | 5,502 | 9,956 |
| Commercial banks |  | 65,471 | 109 | 3,261 | 6,663 | 22,313 | 33,126 | 10,464 | 14,561 | 16,585 | 10,673 | 4,564 | 8,624 |
| Savings institutions |  | 4,025 | 15 | 482 | 892 | 1,972 | 664 | 994 | 103 | 550 | 108 | 938 | 1,333 |
| Performance Ratios (annualized, \%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on earning assets |  | 2.73 | 3.60 | 3.73 | 3.69 | 3.30 | 2.15 | 2.65 | 2.78 | 2.28 | 2.70 | 2.89 | 3.65 |
| Cost of funding earning assets |  | 0.17 | 0.36 | 0.33 | 0.27 | 0.22 | 0.10 | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 0.26 |
| Net interest margin |  | 2.56 | 3.24 | 3.40 | 3.42 | 3.07 | 2.05 | 2.45 | 2.64 | 2.16 | 2.52 | 2.73 | 3.38 |
| Noninterest income to assets |  | 1.32 | 1.78 | 1.39 | 1.22 | 1.29 | 1.35 | 1.30 | 1.17 | 1.57 | 1.09 | 0.95 | 1.76 |
| Noninterest expense to assets |  | 2.23 | 3.61 | 2.93 | 2.60 | 2.40 | 2.01 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.13 | 2.22 | 2.16 | 2.81 |
| Credit loss provision to assets** |  | -0.09 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 | -0.09 | -0.14 | 0.01 | -0.14 | -0.15 | -0.14 | -0.03 | 0.01 |
| Net operating income to assets |  | 1.20 | 0.94 | 1.35 | 1.38 | 1.41 | 1.05 | 1.07 | 1.24 | 1.25 | 1.02 | 1.14 | 1.62 |
| Pretax return on assets |  | 1.53 | 1.11 | 1.60 | 1.76 | 1.84 | 1.32 | 1.38 | 1.59 | 1.53 | 1.31 | 1.39 | 2.15 |
| Return on assets |  | 1.21 | 0.96 | 1.36 | 1.39 | 1.42 | 1.05 | 1.08 | 1.25 | 1.24 | 1.03 | 1.15 | 1.64 |
| Return on equity |  | 11.97 | 7.00 | 12.37 | 12.75 | 13.32 | 11.01 | 10.37 | 11.87 | 12.94 | 10.50 | 11.36 | 15.87 |
| Net charge-offs to loans and leases |  | 0.19 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.13 | 0.23 | 0.21 | 0.19 | 0.21 | 0.14 | 0.24 | 0.09 | 0.26 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs |  | -81.71 | 311.87 | 240.09 | 78.95 | -68.07 | -134.08 | -6.23 | -124.29 | -149.07 | -121.05 | -79.41 | -1.58 |
| Efficiency ratio |  | 60.40 | 75.54 | 63.70 | 58.65 | 57.38 | 62.40 | 60.22 | 59.33 | 60.14 | 65.19 | 61.09 | 56.51 |
| \% of unprofitable institutions |  | 4.13 | 14.54 | 2.25 | 0.96 | 1.34 | 0.00 | 3.95 | 6.42 | 4.37 | 3.64 | 3.58 | 3.55 |
| \% of institutions with earnings gains |  | 66.56 | 50.29 | 68.20 | 74.91 | 78.52 | 76.92 | 70.67 | 72.37 | 60.65 | 59.81 | 71.97 | 75.41 |
| Structural Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New reporters |  | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Institutions absorbed by mergers |  | 39 | 7 | 27 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| Failed institutions |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PRIOR THIRD QUARTERS (The way it was...) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Return on assets (\%) | 2020 | 0.97 | 0.90 | 1.26 | 1.19 | 1.16 | 0.80 | 0.89 | 0.86 | 1.15 | 0.64 | 1.16 | 1.35 |
|  | 2018 | 1.41 | 1.09 | 1.28 | 1.42 | 1.50 | 1.36 | 1.28 | 1.48 | 1.29 | 1.37 | 1.49 | 1.74 |
|  | 2016 | 1.10 | 0.97 | 1.13 | 1.10 | 1.09 | 1.09 | 0.87 | 1.25 | 1.00 | 1.09 | 1.16 | 1.40 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net charge-offs to loans \& leases (\%) | 2020 | 0.46 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.18 | 0.61 | 0.49 | 0.43 | 0.49 | 0.39 | 0.51 | 0.22 | 0.68 |
|  | 2018 | 0.45 | 0.19 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.65 | 0.41 | 0.55 | 0.53 | 0.19 | 0.48 | 0.24 | 0.68 |
|  | 2016 | 0.44 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.23 | 0.62 | 0.43 | 0.50 | 0.51 | 0.27 | 0.47 | 0.28 | 0.58 |

* See Table V-A (page 11) for explanations.
** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.


## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

TABLE IV-A. First Three Quarters 2021, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

| FIRST THREE QUARTERS <br> (The way it is...) |  | All Insured Institutions | Asset Concentration Groups* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Credit Card <br> Banks | International Banks | Agricultural Banks | Commercial Lenders | Mortgage Lenders | Consumer Lenders | Other Specialized <\$1 Billion | All Other <\$1 Billion | All Other >\$1 Billion |
| Number of institutions reporting |  |  | 4,914 | 11 | 5 | 1,135 | 2,483 | 287 | 34 | 342 | 521 | 96 |
| Commercial banks |  | 4,301 | 10 | 5 | 1,124 | 2,241 | 84 | 21 | 310 | 426 | 80 |
| Savings institutions |  | 613 | 1 | 0 | 11 | 242 | 203 | 13 | 32 | 95 | 16 |
| Total assets (in billions) |  | \$23,251.7 | \$476.3 | \$5,868.2 | \$295.5 | \$7,242.1 | \$758.7 | \$332.1 | \$76.3 | \$129.3 | \$8,073.3 |
| Commercial banks |  | 21,781.9 | 394.0 | 5,868.2 | 289.1 | 6,779.5 | 160.3 | 324.5 | 71.1 | 103.8 | 7,791.5 |
| Savings institutions |  | 1,469.8 | 82.3 | 0.0 | 6.4 | 462.5 | 598.4 | 7.6 | 5.2 | 25.6 | 281.8 |
| Total deposits (in billions) |  | 19,166.7 | 338.3 | 4,615.6 | 251.1 | 6,088.0 | 669.9 | 280.6 | 63.5 | 111.3 | 6,748.5 |
| Commercial banks |  | 17,933.0 | 275.8 | 4,615.6 | 247.5 | 5,722.8 | 138.3 | 274.0 | 60.0 | 90.1 | 6,508.9 |
| Savings institutions |  | 1,233.7 | 62.5 | 0.0 | 3.6 | 365.1 | 531.6 | 6.6 | 3.6 | 21.2 | 239.6 |
| Bank net income (in millions) |  | 216,035 | 20,626 | 50,285 | 3,079 | 67,403 | 4,726 | 4,951 | 923 | 1,063 | 62,978 |
| Commercial banks |  | 203,731 | 17,378 | 50,285 | 2,935 | 63,308 | 1,362 | 4,898 | 418 | 941 | 62,206 |
| Savings institutions |  | 12,303 | 3,248 | 0 | 143 | 4,095 | 3,364 | 54 | 505 | 122 | 772 |
| Performance Ratios (annualized, \%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield on earning assets |  | 2.72 | 10.81 | 1.97 | 3.83 | 3.16 | 1.84 | 4.02 | 2.65 | 3.46 | 2.31 |
| Cost of funding earning assets |  | 0.18 | 1.00 | 0.11 | 0.39 | 0.22 | 0.15 | 0.68 | 0.25 | 0.32 | 0.12 |
| Net interest margin |  | 2.54 | 9.81 | 1.86 | 3.44 | 2.95 | 1.69 | 3.34 | 2.40 | 3.14 | 2.19 |
| Noninterest income to assets |  | 1.35 | 5.41 | 1.62 | 0.71 | 1.00 | 0.85 | 1.10 | 3.13 | 1.31 | 1.27 |
| Noninterest expense to assets |  | 2.23 | 7.88 | 2.03 | 2.28 | 2.21 | 1.40 | 1.53 | 3.35 | 2.93 | 2.12 |
| Credit loss provision to assets** |  | -0.18 | -0.55 | -0.27 | 0.06 | -0.11 | -0.02 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.05 | -0.20 |
| Net operating income to assets |  | 1.26 | 5.66 | 1.17 | 1.40 | 1.26 | 0.86 | 2.02 | 1.62 | 1.12 | 1.06 |
| Pretax return on assets |  | 1.62 | 7.40 | 1.50 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.13 | 2.67 | 2.08 | 1.30 | 1.36 |
| Return on assets |  | 1.28 | 5.67 | 1.17 | 1.43 | 1.28 | 0.87 | 2.04 | 1.69 | 1.13 | 1.07 |
| Return on equity |  | 12.66 | 42.88 | 13.08 | 12.83 | 11.70 | 10.09 | 21.45 | 12.15 | 10.09 | 10.75 |
| Net charge-offs to loans and leases |  | 0.27 | 2.17 | 0.41 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.26 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.22 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs |  | -133.00 | -32.39 | -191.20 | 235.27 | -141.46 | -508.17 | 30.55 | 229.49 | 337.45 | -197.81 |
| Efficiency ratio |  | 60.44 | 53.14 | 61.82 | 57.63 | 59.10 | 56.03 | 36.15 | 61.93 | 68.73 | 64.36 |
| \% of unprofitable institutions |  | 3.24 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 2.03 | 2.38 | 8.01 | 2.94 | 9.94 | 3.45 | 1.04 |
| \% of institutions with earnings gains |  | 76.01 | 100.00 | 80.00 | 73.66 | 84.29 | 59.93 | 85.29 | 48.54 | 66.03 | 83.33 |
| Condition Ratios (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Earning assets to total assets |  | 91.35 | 94.73 | 89.08 | 93.71 | 92.05 | 97.57 | 93.52 | 94.01 | 93.89 | 91.36 |
| Loss allowance to: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans and leases |  | 1.69 | 7.55 | 1.92 | 1.48 | 1.33 | 0.66 | 2.03 | 1.67 | 1.32 | 1.45 |
| Noncurrent loans and leases |  | 180.12 | 911.15 | 230.96 | 180.60 | 143.86 | 92.49 | 312.20 | 192.43 | 185.04 | 134.97 |
| Noncurrent assets plus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity capital ratio |  | 10.06 | 13.45 | 9.00 | 11.14 | 10.89 | 8.77 | 9.41 | 13.88 | 11.10 | 9.95 |
| Core capital (leverage) ratio |  | 8.86 | 14.19 | 8.08 | 10.59 | 9.41 | 8.68 | 9.93 | 13.39 | 10.83 | 8.43 |
| Common equity tier 1 capital ratio*** |  | 14.17 | 16.89 | 15.31 | 14.90 | 12.86 | 24.29 | 15.90 | 29.12 | 18.01 | 13.83 |
| Tier 1 risk-based capital ratio*** |  | 14.27 | 17.05 | 15.38 | 14.91 | 12.93 | 24.29 | 15.93 | 29.15 | 18.03 | 13.96 |
| Total risk-based capital ratio*** |  | 15.63 | 18.81 | 16.75 | 16.04 | 14.21 | 24.73 | 16.92 | 30.08 | 19.11 | 15.44 |
| Net loans and leases to deposits |  | 56.01 | 107.35 | 38.35 | 68.36 | 72.45 | 32.29 | 82.45 | 32.25 | 60.35 | 51.65 |
| Net loans to total assets |  | 46.17 | 76.24 | 30.16 | 58.08 | 60.90 | 28.51 | 69.67 | 26.85 | 51.96 | 43.17 |
| Domestic deposits to total assets |  | 75.84 | 69.15 | 55.99 | 84.97 | 83.89 | 88.14 | 84.50 | 83.26 | 86.07 | 81.36 |
| Structural Changes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New reporters |  | 9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Institutions absorbed by mergers |  | 92 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 63 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Failed institutions |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PRIOR FIRST THREE QUARTERS (The way it was...) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions | 2020 | 5,033 | 11 | 5 | 1,182 | 2,768 | 303 | 36 | 230 | 430 | 68 |
|  | 2018 | 5,477 | 12 | 5 | 1,366 | 2,878 | 408 | 70 | 233 | 453 | 52 |
|  | 2016 | 5,980 | 13 | 5 | 1,461 | 3,012 | 478 | 62 | 304 | 585 | 60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets (in billions) | 2020 | \$21,220.8 | \$508.6 | \$5,288.8 | \$281.0 | \$7,505.7 | \$635.9 | \$132.0 | \$40.1 | \$86.8 | \$6,742.0 |
|  | 2018 | 17,672.8 | 640.0 | 4,245.9 | 285.2 | 6,232.8 | 352.0 | 212.8 | 36.0 | 78.0 | 5,590.2 |
|  | 2016 | 16,766.6 | 500.8 | 4,145.8 | 273.5 | 5,678.8 | 386.7 | 205.5 | 54.7 | 103.3 | 5,417.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Return on assets (\%) | 2020 | 0.58 | 1.07 | 0.57 | 1.34 | 0.60 | 1.07 | 1.36 | 2.67 | 1.10 | 0.42 |
|  | 2018 | 1.35 | 2.83 | 1.22 | 1.35 | 1.27 | 1.12 | 1.46 | 3.82 | 1.16 | 1.39 |
|  | 2016 | 1.04 | 2.30 | 0.90 | 1.24 | 0.99 | 0.98 | 1.01 | 2.57 | 0.96 | 1.07 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net charge-offs to loans \& leases (\%) | 2020 | 0.53 | 4.06 | 0.74 | 0.14 | 0.25 | 0.02 | 0.56 | 0.24 | 0.07 | 0.46 |
|  | 2018 | 0.48 | 3.90 | 0.50 | 0.13 | 0.17 | 0.01 | 0.74 | 0.15 | 0.13 | 0.38 |
|  | 2016 | 0.45 | 3.21 | 0.53 | 0.11 | 0.20 | 0.05 | 0.65 | 0.16 | 0.18 | 0.42 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noncurrent assets plus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OREO to assets (\%) | 2020 | 0.63 | 0.84 | 0.39 | 0.83 | 0.73 | 0.24 | 0.33 | 0.42 | 0.62 | 0.70 |
|  | 2018 | 0.62 | 1.13 | 0.39 | 0.89 | 0.65 | 1.39 | 0.49 | 0.46 | 0.77 | 0.65 |
|  | 2016 | 0.88 | 1.01 | 0.62 | 0.78 | 0.88 | 1.78 | 0.87 | 0.59 | 1.00 | 1.01 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equity capital ratio (\%) | 2020 | 10.29 | 11.51 | 9.11 | 11.55 | 11.25 | 8.63 | 9.31 | 17.08 | 12.22 | 10.10 |
|  | 2018 | 11.28 | 15.27 | 9.98 | 11.32 | 11.96 | 10.99 | 10.67 | 16.87 | 12.05 | 11.06 |
|  | 2016 | 11.21 | 15.16 | 9.79 | 11.61 | 11.98 | 11.32 | 10.00 | 15.49 | 12.01 | 11.10 |

* See Table V-A (page 10) for explanations.
** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents the provision for loan and lease losses.
*** Beginning March 2020, does not include institutions that have a Community Bank Leverage Ratio election in effect at the report date.

QUARTERLY BANKING PROFILE
TABLE IV-A. First Three Quarters 2021, All FDIC-Insured Institutions


[^3]
## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

TABLE V-A. Loan Performance, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

| September 30, 2021 | All Insured Institutions | Asset Concentration Groups* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Credit Card Banks | International Banks | Agricultural Banks | Commercial Lenders | Mortgage Lenders | Consumer Lenders | Other Specialized <\$1 Billion | All Other <\$1 Billion | All Other >\$1 Billion |
| Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All loans secured by real estate | 0.40 | 0.28 | 0.31 | 0.36 | 0.31 | 0.27 | 0.36 | 0.59 | 0.55 | 0.60 |
| Construction and development | 0.29 | 0.20 | 0.27 | 0.34 | 0.31 | 0.86 | 0.40 | 0.34 | 0.41 | 0.14 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.19 | 0.30 | 0.17 | 0.16 | 0.02 | 0.39 | 0.33 | 0.24 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.22 | 2.08 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.29 | 0.12 | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.26 | 0.06 |
| Home equity loans | 0.38 | 0.00 | 0.41 | 0.44 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 0.59 | 0.34 | 0.43 | 0.48 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 0.61 | 0.27 | 0.39 | 0.60 | 0.53 | 0.27 | 0.41 | 0.85 | 0.67 | 0.84 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.29 | 0.38 | 0.49 | 0.55 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 0.99 | 0.48 | 0.26 |
| Loans to individuals | 0.93 | 1.02 | 0.74 | 0.74 | 0.64 | 0.27 | 1.32 | 0.99 | 0.88 | 1.05 |
| Credit card loans | 0.84 | 1.03 | 0.62 | 0.77 | 1.12 | 0.83 | 0.58 | 2.02 | 0.84 | 0.79 |
| Other loans to individuals | 1.01 | 0.89 | 1.04 | 0.74 | 0.61 | 0.26 | 1.33 | 0.94 | 0.88 | 1.17 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.24 | 0.23 | 0.34 | 0.32 | 0.28 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.42 | 0.40 | 0.15 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.44 | 0.95 | 0.44 | 0.39 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.94 | 0.66 | 0.56 | 0.51 |
| Percent of Loans Noncurrent** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All real estate loans | 1.36 | 0.76 | 1.52 | 0.80 | 1.11 | 0.79 | 0.32 | 0.93 | 0.75 | 1.97 |
| Construction and development | 0.55 | 1.05 | 1.91 | 0.42 | 0.39 | 0.76 | 0.20 | 0.84 | 0.41 | 0.86 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.80 | 0.00 | 0.94 | 0.68 | 0.74 | 0.50 | 0.26 | 0.86 | 0.95 | 1.05 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.30 | 0.00 | 0.35 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.65 | 0.20 | 0.43 | 0.22 | 0.37 |
| Home equity loans | 2.08 | 0.00 | 5.50 | 0.25 | 1.22 | 0.50 | 4.63 | 0.35 | 0.50 | 2.62 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 2.09 | 0.76 | 1.78 | 0.62 | 2.22 | 0.83 | 0.26 | 0.93 | 0.72 | 2.52 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.75 | 0.25 | 0.98 | 1.08 | 0.76 | 0.77 | 0.83 | 0.72 | 0.73 | 0.63 |
| Loans to individuals | 0.60 | 0.89 | 0.52 | 0.35 | 0.40 | 0.07 | 0.75 | 0.58 | 0.35 | 0.56 |
| Credit card loans | 0.78 | 0.93 | 0.62 | 0.32 | 0.91 | 0.42 | 0.40 | 0.79 | 0.52 | 0.72 |
| Other loans to individuals | 0.46 | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.06 | 0.75 | 0.57 | 0.35 | 0.48 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.26 | 0.03 | 0.21 | 0.80 | 0.36 | 0.07 | 0.10 | 0.69 | 0.75 | 0.23 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.94 | 0.83 | 0.83 | 0.82 | 0.92 | 0.71 | 0.65 | 0.87 | 0.71 | 1.07 |
| Percent of Loans Charged-Off (net, YTD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All real estate loans | 0.00 | 0.03 | -0.06 | 0.02 | 0.03 | -0.01 | -0.01 | -0.07 | 0.00 | -0.01 |
| Construction and development | 0.02 | 0.72 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.03 | -0.17 | -0.08 | -0.06 | 0.03 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 0.01 | -0.18 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.14 | 0.02 | 0.18 | 0.00 | 0.01 |
| Home equity loans | -0.19 | 0.00 | -0.58 | 0.02 | -0.08 | -0.05 | -0.25 | -0.12 | 0.01 | -0.24 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | -0.02 | 0.02 | -0.06 | 0.01 | -0.02 | -0.01 | -0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | -0.01 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.21 | 0.80 | 0.29 | 0.11 | 0.21 | 0.00 | 0.14 | -0.08 | 0.07 | 0.16 |
| Loans to individuals | 1.28 | 2.33 | 1.77 | 0.22 | 0.57 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.69 | 0.15 | 0.95 |
| Credit card loans | 2.38 | 2.40 | 2.32 | 0.76 | 3.07 | 2.20 | 1.11 | 0.29 | 0.81 | 2.38 |
| Other loans to individuals | 0.35 | 1.22 | 0.31 | 0.16 | 0.40 | 0.19 | 0.38 | 0.71 | 0.15 | 0.29 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.09 | 0.32 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.10 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 1.10 | 0.07 | 0.11 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.27 | 2.17 | 0.41 | 0.04 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.26 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.22 |
| Loans Outstanding (in billions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All real estate loans | \$5,182.4 | \$2.2 | \$567.3 | \$109.6 | \$2,772.3 | \$188.1 | \$48.8 | \$15.4 | \$53.4 | \$1,425.4 |
| Construction and development | 402.1 | 0.1 | 18.1 | 7.3 | 290.4 | 5.4 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 4.0 | 75.0 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 1,619.4 | 0.0 | 61.2 | 29.2 | 1,164.2 | 15.1 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 12.4 | 325.8 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 496.2 | 0.0 | 84.1 | 3.9 | 322.9 | 4.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 1.7 | 77.5 |
| Home equity loans | 270.3 | 0.0 | 26.0 | 1.7 | 142.0 | 7.0 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 1.8 | 90.5 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 2,221.8 | 2.1 | 323.3 | 24.9 | 803.9 | 154.8 | 40.9 | 6.4 | 29.7 | 835.8 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 2,243.3 | 38.9 | 344.7 | 22.2 | 1,056.5 | 7.9 | 30.1 | 2.8 | 6.1 | 734.1 |
| Loans to individuals | 1,797.0 | 351.1 | 365.1 | 6.1 | 277.2 | 12.6 | 148.7 | 1.5 | 5.6 | 629.1 |
| Credit card loans | 806.0 | 328.8 | 262.4 | 0.7 | 17.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 196.1 |
| Other loans to individuals | 991.0 | 22.3 | 102.8 | 5.5 | 259.9 | 12.2 | 148.3 | 1.5 | 5.6 | 432.9 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 1,700.6 | 0.6 | 527.5 | 36.3 | 366.3 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 748.0 |
| Total loans and leases (plus unearned income) | 10,923.3 | 392.8 | 1,804.6 | 174.2 | 4,472.3 | 217.8 | 236.2 | 20.8 | 68.1 | 3,536.5 |
| Memo: Other Real Estate Owned (in millions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All other real estate owned | 3,819.5 | 6.2 | 236.2 | 146.6 | 2,335.5 | 46.0 | 9.1 | 38.9 | 71.1 | 929.8 |
| Construction and development | 707.7 | 0.2 | 1.0 | 20.2 | 589.1 | 8.6 | 1.7 | 12.1 | 21.5 | 53.3 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 2,155.7 | 5.9 | 87.0 | 64.5 | 1,367.1 | 16.0 | 0.2 | 20.2 | 25.3 | 569.6 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 50.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 48.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 |
| 1-4 family residential | 793.5 | 0.1 | 119.2 | 22.8 | 294.0 | 20.4 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 22.4 | 302.8 |
| Farmland | 82.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 37.7 | 37.2 | 0.8 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 3.2 |

* Asset Concentration Group Definitions (Groups are hierarchical and mutually exclusive):

Credit-card Lenders - Institutions whose credit-card loans plus securitized receivables exceed 50 percent of total assets plus securitized receivables.
International Banks - Banks with assets greater than $\$ 10$ billion and more than 25 percent of total assets in foreign offices.
Agricultural Banks - Banks whose agricultural production loans plus real estate loans secured by farmland exceed 25 percent of the total loans and leases.
Commercial Lenders - Institutions whose commercial and industrial loans, plus real estate construction and development loans, plus loans secured by commercial real estate properties exceed 25 percent of total assets.
Mortgage Lenders - Institutions whose residential mortgage loans, plus mortgage-backed securities, exceed 50 percent of total assets.
Consumer Lenders - Institutions whose residential mortgage loans, plus credit-card loans, plus other loans to individuals, exceed 50 percent of total assets.
Other Specialized < \$1 Billion - Institutions with assets less than \$1 billion, whose loans and leases are less than 40 percent of total assets.
All Other < \$1 billion - Institutions with assets less than \$1 billion that do not meet any of the definitions above, they have significant lending activity with no identified asset concentrations. All Other > \$1 billion - Institutions with assets greater than $\$ 1$ billion that do not meet any of the definitions above, they have significant lending activity with no identified asset concentrations.
${ }^{* *}$ Noncurrent loan rates represent the percentage of loans in each category that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

TABLE V-A. Loan Performance, All FDIC-Insured Institutions

| September 30, 2021 | All Insured Institutions | Asset Size Distribution |  |  |  |  | Geographic Regions* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less Than } \\ \$ 100 \\ \text { Million } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100 \\ \text { Million to } \\ \$ 1 \text { Billion } \end{array}$ | \$1 Billion to \$10 Billion | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10 \text { Billion } \\ \text { to } \$ 250 \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ | Greater Than $\$ 250$ Billion | New York | Atlanta | Chicago | Kansas City | Dallas | San <br> Francisco |
| Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All loans secured by real estate | 0.40 | 0.78 | 0.35 | 0.20 | 0.36 | 0.56 | 0.38 | 0.41 | 0.36 | 0.59 | 0.40 | 0.21 |
| Construction and development | 0.29 | 0.52 | 0.36 | 0.23 | 0.36 | 0.16 | 0.36 | 0.22 | 0.17 | 0.26 | 0.28 | 0.45 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.19 | 0.68 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.17 | 0.18 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.22 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 0.35 | 0.10 | 0.46 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.08 |
| Home equity loans | 0.38 | 0.19 | 0.33 | 0.25 | 0.34 | 0.46 | 0.30 | 0.45 | 0.39 | 0.51 | 0.34 | 0.19 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 0.61 | 1.04 | 0.49 | 0.30 | 0.51 | 0.79 | 0.50 | 0.64 | 0.53 | 1.00 | 0.78 | 0.23 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.29 | 0.89 | 0.46 | 0.34 | 0.22 | 0.31 | 0.20 | 0.32 | 0.31 | 0.30 | 0.33 | 0.27 |
| Loans to individuals | 0.93 | 1.09 | 1.46 | 1.08 | 0.83 | 0.99 | 0.76 | 1.34 | 0.65 | 0.84 | 0.70 | 1.01 |
| Credit card loans | 0.84 | 1.31 | 1.69 | 2.43 | 0.92 | 0.69 | 0.92 | 1.01 | 0.57 | 0.74 | 0.46 | 0.99 |
| Other loans to individuals | 1.01 | 1.09 | 1.44 | 0.62 | 0.76 | 1.27 | 0.66 | 1.60 | 0.70 | 1.03 | 0.78 | 1.03 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.24 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.19 | 0.22 | 0.25 | 0.14 | 0.13 | 0.37 | 0.28 | 0.19 | 0.19 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.44 | 0.75 | 0.41 | 0.27 | 0.40 | 0.51 | 0.37 | 0.53 | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.39 | 0.41 |
| Percent of Loans Noncurrent** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All real estate loans | 1.36 | 1.04 | 0.66 | 0.68 | 1.51 | 1.80 | 1.32 | 1.34 | 1.36 | 1.64 | 2.21 | 0.47 |
| Construction and development | 0.55 | 0.58 | 0.46 | 0.48 | 0.36 | 1.07 | 1.13 | 0.34 | 0.91 | 0.25 | 0.21 | 0.35 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.80 | 1.15 | 0.66 | 0.64 | 0.86 | 0.98 | 1.20 | 0.61 | 0.88 | 0.95 | 0.53 | 0.53 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.30 | 0.64 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.27 | 0.36 | 0.37 | 0.57 | 0.31 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.11 |
| Home equity loans | 2.08 | 0.64 | 0.62 | 0.52 | 1.20 | 3.46 | 1.91 | 1.62 | 2.58 | 3.62 | 0.89 | 0.81 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 2.09 | 0.98 | 0.68 | 0.92 | 2.70 | 2.21 | 1.75 | 2.07 | 1.75 | 2.37 | 5.79 | 0.50 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.75 | 1.27 | 0.70 | 0.91 | 0.74 | 0.72 | 0.69 | 0.70 | 0.63 | 0.96 | 0.81 | 0.78 |
| Loans to individuals | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.48 | 0.76 | 0.62 | 0.58 | 0.65 | 0.72 | 0.34 | 0.62 | 0.48 | 0.69 |
| Credit card loans | 0.78 | 0.91 | 1.24 | 2.03 | 0.86 | 0.65 | 0.96 | 0.86 | 0.54 | 0.72 | 0.84 | 0.83 |
| Other loans to individuals | 0.46 | 0.66 | 0.43 | 0.31 | 0.41 | 0.52 | 0.45 | 0.62 | 0.19 | 0.45 | 0.37 | 0.58 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.26 | 1.18 | 0.76 | 0.30 | 0.37 | 0.20 | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.27 | 0.31 | 0.24 | 0.49 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.94 | 1.07 | 0.66 | 0.71 | 1.04 | 0.96 | 0.94 | 0.89 | 0.84 | 1.07 | 1.65 | 0.57 |
| Percent of Loans Charged-Off (net, YTD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All real estate loans | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | -0.04 | 0.03 | 0.00 | -0.02 | -0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| Construction and development | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.04 | -0.01 | 0.00 | -0.01 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Home equity loans | -0.19 | -0.02 | 0.00 | -0.02 | -0.08 | -0.33 | -0.10 | -0.19 | -0.22 | -0.32 | -0.19 | -0.07 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | -0.02 | 0.01 | 0.00 | -0.01 | -0.01 | -0.04 | -0.01 | -0.01 | -0.04 | -0.03 | -0.01 | 0.00 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.21 | 0.12 | 0.10 | 0.16 | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.17 | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.19 |
| Loans to individuals | 1.28 | 0.24 | 0.54 | 1.57 | 1.26 | 1.29 | 1.34 | 1.16 | 1.02 | 1.88 | 0.64 | 1.25 |
| Credit card loans | 2.38 | 2.61 | 3.31 | 4.71 | 2.29 | 2.34 | 2.66 | 2.31 | 2.14 | 2.57 | 1.59 | 2.35 |
| Other loans to individuals | 0.35 | 0.22 | 0.35 | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.31 | 0.46 | 0.24 | 0.15 | 0.69 | 0.34 | 0.41 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.09 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.06 | 0.17 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.27 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.14 | 0.32 | 0.29 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.21 | 0.33 | 0.10 | 0.35 |
| Loans Outstanding (in billions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All real estate loans | \$5,182.4 | \$18.1 | \$502.5 | \$984.2 | \$1,935.3 | \$1,742.3 | \$1,077.0 | \$918.3 | \$1,041.8 | \$847.5 | \$579.2 | \$718.7 |
| Construction and development | 402.1 | 1.1 | 48.8 | 99.8 | 168.1 | 84.3 | 79.3 | 65.7 | 65.8 | 56.0 | 86.7 | 48.7 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 1,619.4 | 3.8 | 190.3 | 429.9 | 658.5 | 336.9 | 365.5 | 312.1 | 246.5 | 209.9 | 240.2 | 245.3 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 496.2 | 0.4 | 28.5 | 108.2 | 221.3 | 137.8 | 168.9 | 44.3 | 124.5 | 44.9 | 26.7 | 86.9 |
| Home equity loans | 270.3 | 0.4 | 14.5 | 33.9 | 102.2 | 119.4 | 62.2 | 62.4 | 66.2 | 37.6 | 17.7 | 24.2 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 2,221.8 | 8.7 | 171.5 | 280.5 | 768.7 | 992.4 | 396.0 | 420.3 | 514.3 | 399.9 | 188.1 | 303.2 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 2,243.3 | 3.4 | 94.0 | 240.4 | 825.3 | 1,080.2 | 400.9 | 524.6 | 505.0 | 389.2 | 169.2 | 254.4 |
| Loans to individuals | 1,797.0 | 1.7 | 27.2 | 81.2 | 776.0 | 910.9 | 320.4 | 424.6 | 359.6 | 280.4 | 67.6 | 344.4 |
| Credit card loans | 806.0 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 21.0 | 350.6 | 432.6 | 125.6 | 184.5 | 153.9 | 179.2 | 15.8 | 147.0 |
| Other loans to individuals | 991.0 | 1.7 | 25.4 | 60.2 | 425.4 | 478.3 | 194.8 | 240.1 | 205.8 | 101.2 | 51.8 | 197.4 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 1,700.6 | 3.6 | 39.7 | 71.0 | 475.0 | 1,111.3 | 272.1 | 331.0 | 446.6 | 407.9 | 73.7 | 169.4 |
| Total loans and leases (plus unearned income) | 10,923.3 | 26.8 | 663.4 | 1,376.8 | 4,011.7 | 4,844.7 | 2,070.3 | 2,198.5 | 2,353.1 | 1,925.0 | 889.6 | 1,486.9 |
| Memo: Other Real Estate Owned (in millions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All other real estate owned | 3,819.5 | 47.0 | 697.6 | 1,239.6 | 869.6 | 965.7 | 495.0 | 917.1 | 670.9 | 477.2 | 678.1 | 581.1 |
| Construction and development | 707.7 | 7.8 | 279.1 | 221.6 | 171.6 | 27.5 | 78.5 | 171.3 | 74.5 | 111.9 | 227.1 | 44.5 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 2,155.7 | 16.9 | 244.3 | 863.4 | 417.3 | 613.6 | 173.7 | 581.8 | 351.7 | 231.7 | 339.4 | 477.4 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 50.0 | 6.2 | 26.9 | 9.5 | 6.7 | 0.9 | 9.0 | 12.2 | 2.2 | 7.1 | 12.8 | 6.7 |
| 1-4 family residential | 793.5 | 13.0 | 101.2 | 112.9 | 271.7 | 294.6 | 233.5 | 140.4 | 207.5 | 90.4 | 79.1 | 42.5 |
| Farmland | 82.9 | 3.0 | 46.0 | 31.6 | 2.3 | 0.0 | 0.4 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 32.1 | 19.7 | 9.9 |

## * Regions:

New York - Connecticut, Delaware, District of Columbia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Puerto Rico, Rhode Island, Vermont, U.S. Virgin Islands Atlanta - Alabama, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia
Chicago - Illinois, Indiana, Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin
Kansas City - Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota
Dallas - Arkansas, Colorado, Louisiana, Mississippi, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas
San Francisco - Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Pacific Islands, Utah, Washington, Wyoming
** Noncurrent loan rates represent the percentage of loans in each category that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

## 2021•Volume 15•Number 4

## TABLE VI-A. Derivatives, All FDIC-Insured Call Report Filers

| (dollar figures in millions; notional amounts unless otherwise indicated) | Quarter <br> 2021 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2nd } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | Quarter 2021 | Quar <br> Quarter <br> 2020 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3rd } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ 2020 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ 20 \mathrm{Q} 3- \\ 21 \mathrm{Q} 3 \end{array}$ | Asset Size Distribution |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less } \\ \text { Than } \\ \$ 100 \\ \text { Million } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100 \\ \text { Million } \\ \text { to } \$ 1 \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1 \\ \text { Billion } \\ \text { to \$10 } \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 10 \\ \text { Billion } \\ \text { to } \$ 250 \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Greater } \\ \text { Than } \\ \$ 250 \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ |
| ALL DERIVATIVE HOLDERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions reporting derivatives | 1,358 | 1,374 | 1,389 | 1,388 | 1,374 | -1.2 | 29 | 640 | 538 | 138 | 13 |
| Total assets of institutions reporting derivatives | \$21,479,312 | \$21,045,088 | \$20,833,034 | \$20,149,443 | \$19,491,662 | 10.2 | \$2,054 | \$305,247 | \$1,577,426 | \$6,619,714 | \$12,974,871 |
| Total deposits of institutions reporting derivatives | 17,677,878 | 17,274,185 | 17,014,112 | 16,393,959 | 15,709,088 | 12.5 | 1,667 | 259,077 | 1,328,031 | 5,531,499 | 10,557,605 |
| Total derivatives | 187,643,803 | 186,058,293 | 191,684,281 | 165,711,793 | 181,124,686 | 3.6 | 356 | 21,235 | 203,332 | 4,512,831 | 182,906,048 |
| Derivative Contracts by Underlying Risk Exposure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interestrate | 131,804,111 | 133,334,814 | 137,477,498 | 116,058,430 | 129,835,475 | 1.5 | 356 | 20,864 | 194,878 | 2,673,427 | 128,914,586 |
| Foreign exchange* | 45,631,510 | 43,728,636 | 45,257,498 | 41,448,704 | 42,148,550 | 8.3 | 0 | 0 | 3,827 | 1,619,178 | 44,008,505 |
| Equity | 4,649,081 | 4,254,960 | 4,004,712 | 3,774,715 | 4,022,629 | 15.6 | 0 | 21 | 57 | 67,971 | 4,581,032 |
| Commodity \& other (excluding credit derivatives) | 1,703,480 | 1,631,946 | 1,582,254 | 1,394,504 | 1,536,154 | 10.9 | 0 | 0 | 41 | 100,900 | 1,602,540 |
| Credit | 3,854,151 | 3,106,414 | 3,361,030 | 3,034,285 | 3,580,623 | 7.6 | 0 | 27 | 3,383 | 51,355 | 3,799,386 |
| Total | 187,642,333 | 186,056,770 | 191,682,992 | 165,710,638 | 181,123,431 | 3.6 | 356 | 20,912 | 202,186 | 4,512,831 | 182,906,048 |
| Derivative Contracts by Transaction Type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Swaps | 111,081,251 | 106,971,001 | 107,719,719 | 96,423,495 | 99,580,043 | 11.5 | 2 | 2,279 | 121,665 | 2,382,062 | 108,575,244 |
| Futures \& forwards | 35,311,292 | 37,583,984 | 40,934,399 | 32,350,455 | 39,822,587 | -11.3 | 0 | 4,059 | 20,891 | 1,688,788 | 33,597,555 |
| Purchased options | 17,182,098 | 17,945,500 | 18,603,556 | 16,098,917 | 17,889,179 | -4.0 | 0 | 262 | 15,007 | 150,652 | 17,016,177 |
| Written options | 17,050,718 | 17,894,265 | 18,371,380 | 15,891,741 | 17,706,928 | -3.7 | 1 | 3,869 | 16,616 | 148,262 | 16,881,971 |
| Total | 180,625,360 | 180,394,750 | 185,629,054 | 160,764,608 | 174,998,738 | 3.2 | 3 | 10,468 | 174,179 | 4,369,764 | 176,070,946 |
| Fair Value of Derivative Contracts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interestrate contracts | 63,671 | 63,859 | 69,365 | 70,648 | 73,198 | -13.0 | 0 | 29 | 353 | 9,382 | 53,906 |
| Foreign exchange contracts | 11,247 | 10,331 | 13,849 | -11,466 | -7,256 | N/M | 0 | 0 | 8 | 1,063 | 10,177 |
| Equity contracts | -10,450 | -13,321 | -6,866 | -7,165 | -700 | N/M | 0 | 6 | 2 | 105 | -10,563 |
| Commodity \& other (excluding credit derivatives) | 15,125 | 6,125 | 3,967 | -452 | -1,087 | N/M | 0 | 0 | 0 | 559 | 14,567 |
| Credit derivatives as guarantor** | 22,626 | 16,825 | 16,748 | 14,331 | 3,830 | 490.8 | 0 | 0 | 14 | -98 | 22,710 |
| Credit derivatives as beneficiary** | -25,233 | -21,074 | -18,373 | -18,166 | -7,167 | N/M | 0 | 0 | -13 | -180 | -25,041 |
| Derivative Contracts by Maturity*** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interestrate contracts <1year | 73,183,709 | 71,259,031 | 76,501,727 | 62,457,197 | 76,385,765 | -4.2 | 0 | 2,679 | 19,270 | 1,241,439 | 71,920,322 |
| 1-5 years | 41,533,578 | 45,947,274 | 44,407,789 | 39,201,919 | 39,963,944 | 3.9 | 0 | 875 | 42,902 | 805,176 | 40,684,625 |
| $>5$ years | 22,926,832 | 22,279,945 | 22,231,036 | 20,844,428 | 20,500,301 | 11.8 | 0 | 1,314 | 76,885 | 473,000 | 22,375,634 |
| Foreign exchange and gold contracts <1 year | 31,560,013 | 30,839,509 | 32,130,016 | 29,434,113 | 29,396,427 | 7.4 | 0 | 0 | 3,084 | 1,461,606 | 30,095,323 |
| 1-5years | 4,723,452 | 4,557,853 | 4,336,231 | 4,404,492 | 4,299,182 | 9.9 | 0 | 0 | 313 | 102,642 | 4,620,497 |
| $>5$ years | 2,576,222 | 2,502,654 | 2,405,347 | 2,402,103 | 2,299,468 | 12.0 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 12,710 | 2,563,499 |
| Equity contracts <1 year | 4,079,641 | 3,806,830 | 3,504,313 | 3,287,136 | 3,210,066 | 27.1 | 0 | 7 | 4 | 33,452 | 4,046,178 |
| 1-5 years | 1,135,840 | 957,152 | 870,551 | 770,821 | 882,054 | 28.8 | 0 | 14 | 21 | 30,496 | 1,105,309 |
| >5years | 159,126 | 153,371 | 124,452 | 138,573 | 133,921 | 18.8 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2,407 | 156,714 |
| Commodity \& other contracts (including credit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| derivatives, excluding gold contracts) | 2,417,770 | 2,234,059 | 2,149,899 | 1,820,961 | 1,926,264 | 25.5 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 31,131 | 2,386,574 |
| (-5years | 2,478,994 | 2,137,329 | 2,050,971 | 2,023,406 | 2,249,588 | 10.2 | 0 | 12 | 845 | 45,435 | 2,432,701 |
| $>5$ years | 519,222 | 215,849 | 435,795 | 215,486 | 433,136 | 19.9 | 0 | 13 | 1,483 | 8,980 | 508,747 |
| Risk-Based Capital: Credit Equivalent Amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total current exposure to tier 1 capital (\%) | 24.9 | 24.8 | 25.6 | 30.2 | 29.9 |  | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.7 | 5.2 | 40.9 |
| Total potential future exposure to tier 1 capital (\%) | 37.3 | 34.9 | 34.0 | 31.0 | 32.5 |  | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 4.9 | 63.1 |
| Total exposure (credit equivalent amount) to tier 1 capital (\%) | 62.3 | 59.7 | 59.6 | 61.2 | 62.4 |  | 0.0 | 0.2 | 2.7 | 10.1 | 103.9 |
| Credit losses on derivatives**** | 21.0 | 21.0 | 7.0 | 137.0 | 131.0 | -84.0 | 0.0 | 6.0 | 0.0 | 7.0 | 9 |
| HELD FOR TRADING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions reporting derivatives | 188 | 190 | 188 | 187 | 185 | 1.6 | 0 | 19 | 89 | 69 | 11 |
| Total assets of institutions reporting derivatives | 16,663,554 | 16,326,459 | 16,185,378 | 15,885,372 | 15,380,670 | 8.3 | 0 | 9,802 | 351,962 | 4,119,359 | 12,182,431 |
| Total deposits of institutions reporting derivatives | 13,628,595 | 13,321,986 | 13,125,102 | 12,847,286 | 12,338,386 | 10.5 | 0 | 8,418 | 295,461 | 3,475,832 | 9,848,883 |
| Derivative Contracts by Underlying Risk Exposure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interestrate | 127,448,311 | 129,126,796 | 133,860,018 | 112,807,097 | 126,595,325 | 0.7 | 0 | 543 | 43,684 | 1,422,095 | 125,981,989 |
| Foreign exchange | 41,961,260 | 40,661,753 | 42,039,817 | 39,084,210 | 39,147,645 | 7.2 | 0 | 0 | 3,566 | 1,489,145 | 40,468,549 |
| Equity | 4,620,993 | 4,225,427 | 3,976,351 | 3,746,888 | 3,997,150 | 15.6 | 0 | 0 | 36 | 58,302 | 4,562,655 |
| Commodity \& other | 1,665,050 | 1,594,653 | 1,544,723 | 1,358,385 | 1,501,890 | 10.9 | 0 | 0 | 18 | 96,980 | 1,568,051 |
| Total | 175,695,613 | 175,608,628 | 181,420,909 | 156,996,580 | 171,242,010 | 2.6 | 0 | 543 | 47,304 | 3,066,522 | 172,581,244 |
| Trading Revenues: Cash \& Derivative Instruments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interestrate** | -323 | 3,373 | -29 | 3,625 | 2,826 | N/M | 0 | 0 |  | 201 | -528 |
| Foreign exchange** | 3,998 | 1,546 | 6,343 | 18 | 1,942 | 105.9 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 128 | 3,868 |
| Equity** | 1,729 | 2,384 | 2,388 | 2,480 | 750 | 130.5 | 0 | 0 | 16 | -12 | 1,725 |
| Commodity \& other (including credit derivatives)** | 1,415 | 767 | 1,772 | 191 | 1,380 | 2.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 1,398 |
| Total trading revenues** | 6,819 | 8,070 | 10,474 | 6,314 | 6,898 | -1.1 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 335 | 6,462 |
| Share of Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trading revenues to gross revenues (\%)** | 4.8 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 4.6 | 4.9 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 6.3 |
| Trading revenues to net operating revenues (\%)** | 15.4 | 18.1 | 21.0 | 16.8 | 22.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 19.9 |
| HELD FOR PURPOSES OTHER THAN TRADING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions reporting derivatives | 607 | 609 | 615 | 623 | 620 | -2.1 | 2 | 141 | 322 | 129 | 13 |
| Total assets of institutions reporting derivatives | 20,529,349 | 20,003,429 | 19,838,053 | 19,263,989 | 18,645,437 | 10.1 | 110 | 72,623 | 1,149,490 | 6,332,256 | 12,974,871 |
| Total deposits of institutions reporting derivatives | 16,878,746 | 16,400,333 | 16,180,006 | 15,655,539 | 15,010,871 | 12.4 | 89 | 61,187 | 961,916 | 5,297,949 | 10,557,605 |
| Derivative Contracts by Underlying Risk Exposure |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interestrate | 4,320,508 | 4,170,881 | 3,573,201 | 3,192,677 | 3,162,582 | 36.6 | 3 | 9,904 | 126,672 | 1,251,333 | 2,932,597 |
| Foreign exchange | 542,719 | 548,414 | 569,053 | 511,407 | 534,403 | 1.6 | 0 | 0 | 159 | 38,320 | 504,240 |
| Equity | 28,088 | 29,534 | 28,361 | 27,826 | 25,479 | 10.2 | 0 | 21 | 22 | 9,669 | 18,377 |
| Commodity \& other | 38,431 | 37,294 | 37,531 | 36,119 | 34,264 | 12.2 | 0 | 0 | 23 | 3,920 | 34,488 |
| Total notional amount | 4,929,747 | 4,786,122 | 4,208,145 | 3,768,028 | 3,756,727 | 31.2 | 3 | 9,925 | 126,875 | 1,303,241 | 3,489,702 |

All line items are reported on a quarterly basis.

* Includes spot foreign exchange contracts. All other references to foreign exchange contracts in which notional values or fair values are reported exclude spot foreign exchange contracts.
** Does not include banks filing the FFIEC 051 report form, which was introduced in first quarter 2017.
*** Derivative contracts subject to the risk-based capital requirements for derivatives.
**** Credit losses on derivatives is applicable to all banks filing the FFIEC 031 report form and banks filing the FFIEC 041 report form that have $\$ 300$ million or more in total assets, but is not applicaable to banks filing the FFIEC 051 form.

TABLE VII-A. Servicing, Securitization, and Asset Sales Activities (All FDIC-Insured Call Report Filers)*

| (dollar figures in millions) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3rd } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | Quarter <br> 2021 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 1st } \\ \text { Quarter } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | Quarter <br> 2020 | 3rd Quarter 2020 | $\begin{array}{r} \% \\ \text { Change } \\ 20 \mathrm{Q} 3- \\ 21 \mathrm{Q} 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Asset Size Distribution |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Less Than $\$ 100$ Million | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 100 \\ \text { Million } \\ \text { to \$1 } \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ | \$1 Billion to $\$ 10$ Billion | $\$ 10$ Billion to $\$ 250$ Billion | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Greater } \\ \text { Than } \\ \$ 250 \\ \text { Billion } \end{array}$ |
| Assets Securitized and Sold with Servicing Retained or with Recourse or Other Seller-Provided Credit Enhancements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions reporting securitization activities | 63 | 60 | 59 | 57 | 58 | 8.6 | 1 | 7 | 11 | 35 | 9 |
| Outstanding Principal Balance by Asset Type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | \$344,786 | \$356,054 | \$358,230 | \$382,125 | \$406,116 | -15.1 | \$0 | \$5,588 | \$12,288 | \$101,714 | \$225,196 |
| Home equity loans | 6 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 8 | -25.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Auto loans | 209 | 316 | 392 | 289 | 579 | -63.9 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 209 | 0 |
| Other consumer loans | 1,313 | 1,388 | 1,469 | 1,569 | 1,669 | -21.3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 648 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 6,285 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,285 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 99,498 | 95,055 | 91,085 | 87,334 | 88,993 | 11.8 | 2 | 0 | 7,318 | 5,352 | 86,826 |
| Total securitized and sold | 452,097 | 452,820 | 451,183 | 471,325 | 497,365 | -9.1 | 2 | 5,588 | 19,606 | 107,945 | 318,955 |
| Maximum Credit Exposure by Asset Type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | 1,016 | 964 | 1,057 | 1,210 | 1,403 | -27.6 | 0 | 0 | 51 | 517 | 448 |
| Home equity loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Auto loans | 2 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 38 | -94.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Other consumer loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 257 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 257 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 2,414 | 2,301 | 2,274 | 2,029 | 2,010 | 20.1 | 0 | 0 | 63 | 113 | 2,238 |
| Total credit exposure | 3,689 | 3,291 | 3,357 | 3,265 | 3,451 | 6.9 | 0 | 0 | 114 | 632 | 2,943 |
| Total unused liquidity commitments provided to institution's own securitizations | 255 | 67 | 76 | 71 | 71 | 259.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 255 |
| Securitized Loans, Leases, and Other Assets 30-89 Days Past Due (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| Home equity loans | 7.5 | 1.9 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 7.2 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 7.5 | 0.0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Auto loans | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 4.2 | 3.1 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.4 | 0.0 |
| Other consumer loans | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.3 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.3 | 3.7 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 1.5 | 0.4 |
| Total loans, leases, and other assets | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.1 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 1.8 |
| Securitized Loans, Leases, and Other Assets 90 Days or More Past Due (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.9 |  | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.2 | 3.2 | 1.8 |
| Home equity loans | 26.3 | 27.3 | 24.5 | 28.9 | 27.8 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 26.3 | 0.0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Auto loans | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.8 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| Other consumer loans | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 3.5 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 1.5 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.9 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.5 |
| Total loans, leases, and other assets | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 2.5 | 1.7 |
| Securitized Loans, Leases, and Other Assets Charged-off (net, YTD, annualized, \%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Home equity loans | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 11.9 | 10.2 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 3.0 | 0.0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Auto loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 3.6 | 2.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other consumer loans | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 1.0 | 0.8 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| Total loans, leases, and other assets | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |  | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 |
| Seller's Interests in Institution's Own Securitizations - Carried as Loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home equity loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Seller's Interests in Institution's Own Securitizations - Carried as Securities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home equity loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Credit card receivables | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Assets Sold with Recourse and Not Securitized |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions reporting asset sales | 342 | 345 | 340 | 343 | 347 | -1.4 | 4 | 110 | 150 | 69 | 9 |
| Outstanding Principal Balance by Asset Type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | 33,775 | 37,950 | 36,084 | 35,364 | 31,869 | 6.0 | 69 | 5,812 | 14,972 | 11,691 | 1,231 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 137,571 | 135,583 | 135,492 | 131,293 | 128,103 | 7.4 | 0 | 12 | 48 | 37,916 | 99,594 |
| Total sold and not securitized | 171,346 | 173,533 | 171,577 | 166,657 | 159,972 | 7.1 | 69 | 5,824 | 15,020 | 49,607 | 100,825 |
| Maximum Credit Exposure by Asset Type |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-4 family residential loans | 12,469 | 14,644 | 13,149 | 13,564 | 12,870 | -3.1 | 2 | 734 | 5,976 | 5,140 | 617 |
| All other loans, leases, and other assets | 40,025 | 39,279 | 39,242 | 37,880 | 36,997 | 8.2 | 0 | 12 | 25 | 11,979 | 28,008 |
| Total credit exposure | 52,494 | 53,923 | 52,391 | 51,444 | 49,867 | 5.3 | 2 | 746 | 6,002 | 17,119 | 28,625 |
| Support for Securitization Facilities Sponsored by Other Institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions reporting securitization facilities sponsored by others | 37 | 37 | 38 | 37 | 37 | 0.0 | 0 | 10 | 13 | 8 | 6 |
| Total credit exposure | 22,380 | 22,536 | 23,478 | 23,986 | 24,893 | -10.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,539 | 20,841 |
| Total unused liquidity commitments | 432 | 408 | 415 | 418 | 412 | 4.9 | 0 | , | 0 | 295 | 137 |
| Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets serviced for others** | 5,809,448 | 5,704,565 | 5,624,357 | 5,781,994 | 5,804,674 | 0.1 | 2,858 | 163,224 | 380,044 | 1,325,655 | 3,937,667 |
| Asset-backed commercial paper conduits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unused liquidity commitments to conduits sponsored by institutions and others | 55,177 | 54,035 | 56,072 | 56,904 | 59,373 | -7.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 315 | 54,862 |
| Net servicing income (for the quarter) | 1,755 | 204 | 3,435 | 1,029 | 1,364 | 28.7 | 6 | 278 | 237 | 562 | 672 |
| Net securitization income (for the quarter) | 110 | 142 | 106 | 77 | 92 | 19.6 | 0 | 5 | 2 | 54 | 49 |
| Total credit exposure to Tier 1 capital (\%)*** | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 |  | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 2.3 | 5.1 |

[^4]
## COMMUNITY BANK PERFORMANCE

Community banks are identified based on criteria defined in the FDIC's 2020 Community Banking Study. When comparing community bank performance across quarters, prior-quarter dollar amounts are based on community banks designated as such in the current quarter, adjusted for mergers. In contrast, prior-quarter ratios are based on community banks designated during the previous quarter.

## Net Income Continued to Increase Year Over Year

## Net Interest Margin Rose Modestly

Loan and Lease Balances Declined From the Previous Year and Quarter, Primarily Due to Payoff and Forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program Loans

## Asset Quality Continued to Improve

Community Banks
Reported Net Income
Growth From One Year Ago

Quarterly Net Interest Margin Rose From the Previous Quarter and One Year Ago

Quarterly net income for the 4,450 FDIC-insured community banks increased to $\$ 8.6$ billion in the third quarter, up $\$ 1.4$ billion (19.6 percent) from third quarter 2020. The annual increase in net income was due to an increase in net interest income and a decline in provision expense (provisions). Declines in noninterest income and securities gains along with increases in noninterest expense and income tax expense partially offset these improvements. Nearly two-thirds of community banks ( 65.8 percent) reported higher net income from the year-ago quarter. The pretax return on assets ratio increased 14 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 1.56 percent.

The quarterly net interest margin (NIM) rose to 3.31 percent in the third quarter, up 6 basis points from second quarter 2021, as growth in net interest income outpaced growth in earning assets. The cost of funds declined 3 basis points from the second quarter to a new record low of 0.29 percent, while the yield on earning assets rose 3 basis points from second quarter's record low to 3.60 percent. NIM increased 3 basis points from the previous year, as a 23 basis point decline in cost of funds outpaced a 20 basis point decline in yield on earning assets. This was the first annual expansion in NIM since first quarter 2019. The annual declines in both the cost of funds and yield on earning assets were the smallest reported since first quarter 2020. Quarterly NIM expansion was accompanied by a $\$ 2.2$ billion (11.7 percent) increase in net interest income from third quarter 2020. The increase in net interest income was due to both lower interest expense (down $\$ 1.2$ billion, or 38.9 percent) and higher interest income (up $\$ 1.0$ billion, or 4.7 percent) compared to one year ago. The decline in interest expense was driven by a decline in expense on domestic deposits of $\$ 1.0$ billion ( 39.5 percent). The increase in interest income was primarily due to an increase in commercial and industrial (C\&I) loan income of \$723.8 million (20.7 percent), reflecting increased deferred fee income from the payoff and forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans. Nearly threefourths of community banks ( 72.2 percent) reported higher net interest income compared with third quarter 2020.

Chart 1


Chart 2


## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

## Noninterest Income Decreased From Third Quarter 2020

Noninterest Expense Increased From the Year-Ago Quarter

Noninterest income fell $\$ 616.3$ million (9.0 percent) from one year ago primarily because of a decline in net gains on loan sales revenue. Higher "all other noninterest income" and service charges on deposit accounts partially offset this decline. ${ }^{1}$ Net gains on loan sales revenue declined $\$ 1.2$ billion ( 41.5 percent) from the year-ago quarter, while all other noninterest income rose $\$ 343.3$ million ( 15.2 percent) and revenue from service charges on deposit accounts increased $\$ 100.3$ million ( 14.5 percent).
An increase in "all other noninterest expense" of $\$ 469.3$ million ( 10.4 percent) and salary and benefits expense of $\$ 402.2$ million ( 4.3 percent) drove a $\$ 900.1$ million ( 5.7 percent) increase in noninterest expense year over year. ${ }^{2}$ Average assets per employee increased 10.4 percent to $\$ 7.0$ million from the year-ago quarter. While nearly three-fourths of community banks (74.1 percent) reported higher noninterest expense compared with the year-ago quarter, noninterest expense as a percentage of average assets declined 12 basis points from third quarter 2020 to 2.45 percent.
Provision Expense Increased Quarter Over Quarter

Provisions declined $\$ 1.4$ billion ( 83.5 percent) from the year-ago quarter but increased \$219.2 million (427.9 percent) from second quarter to \$270.4 million. Nearly one-fifth of community banks ( 17.5 percent) reported higher provisions compared with the year-ago quarter, while one-fourth ( 25.5 percent) reported higher provisions compared with second quarter $2021 .{ }^{3}$
Eighty-five community banks had adopted current expected credit loss (CECL) accounting as of third quarter. Community bank CECL adopters reported negative provisions of $\$ 70.4$ million in third quarter, an increase of $\$ 133.5$ million from the previous quarter and a reduction of $\$ 419.6$ million from one year ago. Provisions for community banks that had not adopted CECL accounting totaled $\$ 340.8$ million, an increase of $\$ 85.7$ million from one quarter ago and a reduction of $\$ 953.4$ million from one year ago.

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses to Total Loans Remained Higher Than the Pre-Pandemic Level

The allowance for loan and lease losses (ALLL) as a percentage of total loans and leases increased 5 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 1.32 percent. ALLL as a percentage of loans 90 days or more past due or in nonaccrual status (coverage ratio) increased 44.1 percentage points from the year-ago quarter to 203.5 percent, a record high, due to declining noncurrent loan balances. This ratio is well above the 147.9 percent reported prior to the pandemic in fourth quarter 2019.4 The coverage ratio for community banks is 26.2 percentage points above the coverage ratio for noncommunity banks.

[^5]
## Chart 3



Chart 4

Total Assets Increased
From the Previous Quarter

Loan and Lease Balances
Declined From the
Previous Quarter and a
Year Ago

Total assets increased $\$ 55.8$ billion ( 2.1 percent) from the previous quarter, driven by increased securities holdings. Securities grew $\$ 36.3$ billion ( 6.8 percent) quarter over quarter. The quarterly increase of $\$ 21.9$ billion ( 7 percent) in cash and balances due from depository institutions also contributed to total asset growth. Securities and cash and balances due from depository institutions represent almost one-third ( 33.0 percent) of total assets, higher than the 24 percent reported in fourth quarter 2019.

Community bank loan and lease balances declined $\$ 4.2$ billion ( 0.2 percent) between second and third quarter 2021. A decrease in C\&I loan balances of $\$ 38.3$ billion (12.7 percent) drove the decline, reflecting the payoff and forgiveness of PPP loan balances (down $\$ 45.6$ billion). More than 80 percent of community banks ( 84.3 percent) reported a decrease in C\&I loans from second quarter 2021. Growth in nonfarm nonresidential commercial real estate (CRE) loan balances of $\$ 12.7$ billion ( 2.5 percent) and construction and development (C\&D) loan balances of $\$ 6$ billion ( 5 percent) offset some of the decline in C\&I loans. An increase in unused CRE loan commitments of $\$ 8.8$ billion ( 7.6 percent) drove the quarter-over-quarter growth in unused commitments of $\$ 14.6$ billion ( 3.8 percent).
Total loans and leases declined $\$ 19.2$ billion (1.1 percent) during the year ending third quarter 2021. C\&I loan balances declined $\$ 87.3$ billion ( 24.9 percent), due in part to a decline in PPP loan balances of $\$ 99.8$ billion ( 64.7 percent). Growth in nonfarm nonresidential CRE loan balances of $\$ 45.8$ billion ( 9.5 percent), C\&D loan balances of $\$ 13.1$ billion ( 11.6 percent), and multifamily loan balances of $\$ 11$ billion (10.1 percent) offset a portion of this decline.

## Deposit Growth Was Widespread in Third Quarter

Community banks reported deposit growth of 2.6 percent ( $\$ 58.9$ billion) during the third quarter, up from 2.1 percent ( $\$ 46$ billion) in second quarter 2021. Nearly seven out of ten community banks ( 68.4 percent) reported an increase in deposit balances. Growth in deposits of more than $\$ 250,000$ accounted for most of the deposit growth (up $\$ 57.8$ billion, or 5.5 percent), while growth in deposits under $\$ 250,000$ was positive but nominal (up $\$ 1.7$ billion, or 0.1 percent). Growth in domestic deposit balances was split evenly between noninterest-bearing deposits (up $\$ 29.5$ billion, or 4.8 percent) and interest-bearing deposits (up $\$ 29.4$ billion, or 1.8 percent).
The Noncurrent Rate
Continued to Decline in
Third Quarter

Loans and leases 90 days or more past due or in nonaccrual status (noncurrent loans and leases) declined $\$ 847$ million ( 7.1 percent) to $\$ 11.1$ billion from second quarter 2021. The noncurrent balances of all major loan categories declined from one year ago. More than half of community banks ( 57.6 percent) reported reductions in noncurrent loan balances. The quarterly dollar decline was primarily attributable to a $\$ 307.4$ million (8.3 percent) decrease in nonfarm nonresidential CRE noncurrent balances and a $\$ 241.6$ million decrease ( 7.6 percent) in 1-4 family residential noncurrent balances. The noncurrent rate for total loans and leases dropped 4 basis points from second quarter to 0.65 percent.

Net Charge-Offs Declined
Across All Major Loan
Categories From One Year Ago

Net charge-offs totaled $\$ 275.2$ million in the third quarter, a decline of $\$ 238.3$ million (46.4 percent) from a year ago. Net charge-offs declined in all major loan categories from one year ago. The largest contributors to the year-over-year decrease in net charge-offs were the C\&I loan portfolio, which declined $\$ 128.4$ million ( 60.2 percent), and the nonfarm nonresidential CRE portfolio, which declined $\$ 46.5$ million ( 42.9 percent). The net charge-off rate for community banks declined 4 basis points from the year-ago quarter to 0.06 percent.

Equity Capital Growth Remained Strong

Equity capital grew $\$ 6.4$ billion ( 2.2 percent) in third quarter and the leverage capital ratio rose 11 basis points to 10.25 percent. The average tier 1 risk-based capital ratio among community banks that did not file the community bank leverage ratio (CBLR) was 14.61 percent in third quarter 2021, down 9 basis points from the prior quarter, as growth in risk-weighted assets outpaced tier 1 capital formation. The average CBLR for the 1,737 banks that elected to use the CBLR framework was 11.3 percent.

One New Community Bank Opened and No Community Banks Failed in Third Quarter 2021

The number of community banks declined to 4,450, down 40 from the previous quarter. One new community bank opened, ten banks transitioned from community to noncommunity banks, five banks transitioned from noncommunity to community banks, one community bank ceased operations, and 35 community banks merged during the quarter. ${ }^{5}$

## Author:

## Angela Hinton

Senior Financial Analyst
Division of Insurance and Research

[^6]
## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

TABLE I-B. Selected Indicators, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

|  | 2021* | 2020* | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Return on assets (\%) | 1.28 | 1.07 | 1.09 | 1.19 | 1.19 | 0.96 | 0.99 |
| Return on equity (\%) | 11.93 | 9.44 | 9.72 | 10.24 | 10.57 | 8.65 | 8.81 |
| Core capital (leverage) ratio (\%) | 10.25 | 10.40 | 10.32 | 11.15 | 11.09 | 10.80 | 10.69 |
| Noncurrent assets plus other real estate owned to assets (\%) | 0.46 | 0.64 | 0.60 | 0.65 | 0.70 | 0.78 | 0.94 |
| Net charge-offs to loans (\%) | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.16 |
| Asset growth rate (\%) | 10.91 | 10.96 | 14.06 | -1.26 | 2.20 | 1.12 | 3.05 |
| Net interest margin (\%) | 3.29 | 3.43 | 3.39 | 3.66 | 3.72 | 3.62 | 3.57 |
| Net operating income growth (\%) | 39.11 | -6.62 | -0.02 | -4.15 | 27.90 | 0.19 | 2.46 |
| Number of institutions reporting | 4,450 | 4,587 | 4,557 | 4,748 | 4,979 | 5,227 | 5,461 |
| Percentage of unprofitable institutions (\%) | 3.30 | 4.62 | 4.52 | 3.96 | 3.64 | 5.72 | 4.67 |

* Through September 30, ratios annualized where appropriate. Asset growth rates are for 12 months ending September 30.

TABLE II-B. Aggregate Condition and Income Data, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

| (dollar figures in millions) |  | 3rd Quarter 2021 |  | 2nd Quarter 2021 |  | 3rd Quarter 2020 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \%Change } \\ & \text { 20Q3-21Q3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of institutions reporting |  | 4,450 |  | 4,490 |  | 4,587 | -3.0 |
| Total employees (full-time equivalent) |  | 390,771 |  | 392,145 |  | 388,807 | 0.5 |
| CONDITION DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets |  | \$2,737,541 |  | \$2,671,947 |  | \$2,468,308 | 10.9 |
| Loans secured by real estate |  | 1,275,722 |  | 1,240,850 |  | 1,206,103 | 5.8 |
| 1-4 Family residential mortgages |  | 384,803 |  | 378,984 |  | 390,307 | -1.4 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential |  | 526,763 |  | 511,702 |  | 479,600 | 9.8 |
| Construction and development |  | 126,065 |  | 120,008 |  | 113,708 | 10.9 |
| Home equity lines |  | 40,753 |  | 40,654 |  | 42,767 | -4.7 |
| Commercial \& industrial loans |  | 263,770 |  | 300,512 |  | 344,182 | -23.4 |
| Loans to individuals |  | 65,271 |  | 66,777 |  | 63,734 | 2.4 |
| Credit cards |  | 2,024 |  | 1,970 |  | 2,021 | 0.1 |
| Farm loans |  | 46,772 |  | 45,729 |  | 51,061 | -8.4 |
| Other loans \& leases |  | 52,522 |  | 47,033 |  | 44,854 | 17.1 |
| Less: Unearned income |  | 1,001 |  | 1,318 |  | 1,283 | -22.0 |
| Total loans \& leases |  | 1,703,055 |  | 1,699,583 |  | 1,708,651 | -0.3 |
| Less: Reserve for losses* |  | 22,513 |  | 22,327 |  | 21,758 | 3.5 |
| Net loans and leases |  | 1,680,542 |  | 1,677,256 |  | 1,686,892 | -0.4 |
| Securities** |  | 570,084 |  | 531,289 |  | 408,126 | 39.7 |
| Other real estate owned |  | 1,367 |  | 1,559 |  | 2,080 | -34.2 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles |  | 20,346 |  | 18,078 |  | 17,758 | 14.6 |
| All other assets |  | 465,202 |  | 443,766 |  | 353,452 | 31.6 |
| Total liabilities and capital |  | 2,737,541 |  | 2,671,947 |  | 2,468,308 | 10.9 |
| Deposits |  | 2,334,128 |  | 2,269,413 |  | 2,041,050 | 14.4 |
| Domestic office deposits |  | 2,331,710 |  | 2,266,700 |  | 2,038,691 | 14.4 |
| Foreign office deposits |  | 2,419 |  | 2,712 |  | 2,359 | 2.5 |
| Brokered deposits |  | 51,598 |  | 52,652 |  | 60,576 | -14.8 |
| Estimated insured deposits |  | 1,571,016 |  | 1,545,846 |  | 1,438,682 | 9.2 |
| Other borrowed funds |  | 84,259 |  | 94,416 |  | 131,482 | -35.9 |
| Subordinated debt |  | 283 |  | 338 |  | 241 | 17.2 |
| All other liabilities |  | 24,636 |  | 23,800 |  | 24,969 | -1.3 |
| Total equity capital (includes minority interests) |  | 294,235 |  | 283,981 |  | 270,566 | 8.7 |
| Bank equity capital |  | 294,109 |  | 283,856 |  | 270,456 | 8.7 |
| Loans and leases 30-89 days past due |  | 5,334 |  | 5,298 |  | 6,661 | -19.9 |
| Noncurrent loans and leases |  | 11,065 |  | 11,674 |  | 13,650 | -18.9 |
| Restructured loans and leases |  | 4,988 |  | 5,109 |  | 5,474 | -8.9 |
| Mortgage-backed securities |  | 260,168 |  | 241,257 |  | 188,954 | 37.7 |
| Earning assets |  | 2,568,776 |  | 2,508,139 |  | 2,308,797 | 11.3 |
| FHLB Advances |  | 55,360 |  | 57,668 |  | 83,042 | -33.3 |
| Unused loan commitments |  | 393,803 |  | 384,670 |  | 335,658 | 17.3 |
| Trust assets |  | 320,703 |  | 342,175 |  | 262,884 | 22.0 |
| Assets securitized and sold |  | 24,359 |  | 24,145 |  | 21,601 | 12.8 |
| Notional amount of derivatives |  | 142,533 |  | 145,303 |  | 202,063 | -29.5 |
| INCOME DATA | First Three Quarters 2021 | First Three Quarters 2020 | \%Change |  | 3rd Quarter 2021 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3rd Quarter } \\ 2020 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \%Change } \\ & \text { 20Q3-21Q3 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Total interest income | \$67,113 | \$66,038 | 1.6 |  | \$22,873 | \$21,757 | 5.1 |
| Total interest expenseNet interest income | 6,079 | 10,658 | -43.0 |  | 1,845 | 3,009 | -38.7 |
|  | 61,034 | 55,381 | 10.2 |  | 21,028 | 18,748 | 12.2 |
| Provision for credit losses*** | 723 | 5,746 | -87.4 |  | 270 | 1,620 | -83.3 |
| Total noninterest income | 18,802 | 17,437 | 7.8 |  | 6,223 | 6,982 | -10.9 |
| Total noninterest expense | 48,734 | 45,676 | 6.7 |  | 16,559 | 15,726 | 5.3 |
| Securities gains (losses) | 672 | 671 | 0.2 |  | 123 | 342 | -64.0 |
| Applicable income taxes | 5,598 | 3,597 | 55.6 |  | 1,902 | 1,493 | 27.4 |
| Extraordinary gains, net**** | 2 | 1 | N/M |  | 1 | 0 | N/M |
| Total net income (includes minority interests)Bank net income | 25,454 | 18,470 | 37.8 |  | 8,644 | 7,234 | 19.5 |
|  | 25,418 | 18,434 | 37.9 |  | 8,631 | 7,214 | 19.6 |
| Net charge-offs | 725 | 1,335 | -45.7 |  | 275 | 427 | -35.6 |
| Cash dividends | 9,475 | 8,025 | 18.1 |  | 3,318 | 2,528 | 31.3 |
| Retained earnings | 15,943 | 10,409 | 53.2 |  | 5,312 | 4,686 | 13.4 |
| Net operating income | 24,890 | 17,893 | 39.1 |  | 8,538 | 6,954 | 22.8 |

[^7]TABLE II-B. Aggregate Condition and Income Data, FDIC-Insured Community Banks Prior Periods Adjusted for Mergers


[^8]**** See Notes to Users for explanation.
N/M - Not Meaningful

## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

TABLE III-B. Aggregate Condition and Income Data by Geographic Region, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

| Third Quarter 2021 <br> (dollar figures in millions) | All Community Banks | Geographic Regions* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New York | Atlanta | Chicago | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| Number of institutions reporting | 4,450 | 493 | 506 | 975 | 1,206 | 998 | 272 |
| Total employees (full-time equivalent) | 390,771 | 80,314 | 42,843 | 80,014 | 70,846 | 83,436 | 33,318 |
| CONDITION DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets | \$2,737,541 | \$704,667 | \$292,203 | \$490,223 | \$459,888 | \$514,184 | \$276,377 |
| Loans secured by real estate | 1,275,722 | 376,039 | 133,684 | 218,863 | 199,927 | 225,699 | 121,510 |
| 1-4 Family residential mortgages | 384,803 | 134,037 | 37,466 | 64,347 | 55,862 | 67,031 | 26,061 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 526,763 | 144,497 | 63,918 | 87,270 | 71,153 | 98,084 | 61,841 |
| Construction and development | 126,065 | 27,117 | 15,910 | 18,851 | 19,829 | 33,399 | 10,958 |
| Home equity lines | 40,753 | 11,909 | 5,438 | 9,051 | 4,609 | 4,499 | 5,246 |
| Commercial \& industrial loans | 263,770 | 67,020 | 26,655 | 48,208 | 45,033 | 49,563 | 27,290 |
| Loans to individuals | 65,271 | 15,611 | 6,540 | 12,193 | 11,935 | 12,812 | 6,180 |
| Credit cards | 2,024 | 374 | 102 | 185 | 782 | 207 | 374 |
| Farm loans | 46,772 | 547 | 1,403 | 7,670 | 26,142 | 8,352 | 2,657 |
| Other loans \& leases | 52,522 | 17,032 | 2,997 | 12,416 | 6,861 | 8,102 | 5,113 |
| Less: Unearned income | 1,001 | 175 | 176 | 99 | 123 | 230 | 196 |
| Total loans \& leases | 1,703,055 | 476,073 | 171,103 | 299,252 | 289,776 | 304,298 | 162,554 |
| Less: Reserve for losses** | 22,513 | 5,587 | 2,236 | 3,994 | 4,195 | 4,145 | 2,356 |
| Net loans and leases | 1,680,542 | 470,485 | 168,866 | 295,258 | 285,581 | 300,154 | 160,197 |
| Securities*** | 570,084 | 124,142 | 62,548 | 110,690 | 100,198 | 114,517 | 57,990 |
| Other real estate owned | 1,367 | 222 | 236 | 267 | 278 | 302 | 62 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles | 20,346 | 6,956 | 1,283 | 3,635 | 2,837 | 3,342 | 2,293 |
| All other assets | 465,202 | 102,862 | 59,270 | 80,373 | 70,993 | 95,869 | 55,835 |
| Total liabilities and capital | 2,737,541 | 704,667 | 292,203 | 490,223 | 459,888 | 514,184 | 276,377 |
| Deposits | 2,334,128 | 594,152 | 253,214 | 414,738 | 391,545 | 443,304 | 237,177 |
| Domestic office deposits | 2,331,710 | 593,510 | 253,204 | 414,738 | 391,545 | 443,304 | 235,410 |
| Foreign office deposits | 2,419 | 642 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,767 |
| Brokered deposits | 51,598 | 20,654 | 3,033 | 8,447 | 9,154 | 6,441 | 3,870 |
| Estimated insured deposits | 1,571,016 | 396,935 | 164,037 | 298,442 | 283,940 | 291,842 | 135,819 |
| Other borrowed funds | 84,259 | 22,962 | 6,738 | 19,218 | 16,081 | 11,831 | 7,429 |
| Subordinated debt | 283 | 193 | 7 | 25 | 6 | 40 | 11 |
| All other liabilities | 24,636 | 9,198 | 2,085 | 3,586 | 3,186 | 3,730 | 2,851 |
| Total equity capital (includes minority interests) | 294,235 | 78,163 | 30,159 | 52,655 | 49,070 | 55,279 | 28,910 |
| Bank equity capital | 294,109 | 78,144 | 30,155 | 52,575 | 49,069 | 55,257 | 28,909 |
| Loans and leases 30-89 days past due | 5,334 | 1,404 | 568 | 812 | 861 | 1,363 | 327 |
| Noncurrent loans and leases | 11,065 | 3,573 | 916 | 1,976 | 1,624 | 2,213 | 764 |
| Restructured loans and leases | 4,988 | 1,708 | 406 | 1,091 | 788 | 623 | 372 |
| Mortgage-backed securities | 260,168 | 67,851 | 29,020 | 44,495 | 37,838 | 46,556 | 34,408 |
| Earning assets | 2,568,776 | 661,115 | 273,941 | 459,929 | 432,243 | 481,755 | 259,794 |
| FHLB Advances | 55,360 | 16,287 | 4,657 | 13,264 | 10,672 | 7,210 | 3,270 |
| Unused loan commitments | 393,803 | 99,480 | 35,577 | 71,281 | 74,608 | 69,334 | 43,522 |
| Trust assets | 320,703 | 71,829 | 9,223 | 68,732 | 112,387 | 38,067 | 20,465 |
| Assets securitized and sold | 24,359 | 10,013 | 112 | 4,607 | 4,270 | 4,955 | 401 |
| Notional amount of derivatives | 142,533 | 58,968 | 11,329 | 22,289 | 25,562 | 14,862 | 9,523 |
| INCOME DATA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total interest income | \$22,873 | \$5,726 | \$2,377 | \$3,999 | \$3,997 | \$4,538 | \$2,236 |
| Total interest expense | 1,845 | 506 | 173 | 329 | 367 | 351 | 120 |
| Net interest income | 21,028 | 5,221 | 2,204 | 3,670 | 3,630 | 4,187 | 2,117 |
| Provision for credit losses**** | 270 | 19 | 28 | 39 | 74 | 98 | 13 |
| Total noninterest income | 6,223 | 1,222 | 620 | 1,514 | 1,075 | 1,291 | 502 |
| Total noninterest expense | 16,559 | 3,934 | 1,803 | 3,093 | 2,853 | 3,267 | 1,608 |
| Securities gains (losses) | 123 | 37 | 17 | 15 | 20 | 33 | 2 |
| Applicable income taxes | 1,902 | 596 | 189 | 372 | 248 | 261 | 236 |
| Extraordinary gains, net***** | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total net income (includes minority interests) | 8,644 | 1,929 | 820 | 1,695 | 1,550 | 1,886 | 764 |
| Bank net income | 8,631 | 1,928 | 819 | 1,692 | 1,550 | 1,878 | 764 |
| Net charge-offs | 275 | 119 | 33 | 31 | 23 | 59 | 10 |
| Cash dividends | 3,318 | 757 | 190 | 712 | 605 | 695 | 359 |
| Retained earnings | 5,312 | 1,171 | 629 | 980 | 945 | 1,183 | 404 |
| Net operating income | 8,538 | 1,899 | 806 | 1,682 | 1,532 | 1,856 | 762 |

* See Table V-A for explanation.
** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.
*** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.
**** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13
this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.
***** See Notes to Users for explanation.

Table IV-B. Third Quarter 2021, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

| Performance ratios (annualized, \%) | All Community Banks |  | Third Quarter 2021, Geographic Regions* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 3rd Quarter } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2nd Quarter } \\ 2021 \end{array}$ | New York | Atlanta | Chicago | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| Yield on earning assets | 3.60 | 3.58 | 3.49 | 3.53 | 3.52 | 3.73 | 3.81 | 3.52 |
| Cost of funding earning assets | 0.29 | 0.32 | 0.31 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.29 | 0.19 |
| Net interest margin | 3.31 | 3.25 | 3.19 | 3.27 | 3.23 | 3.39 | 3.52 | 3.33 |
| Noninterest income to assets | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.70 | 0.86 | 1.25 | 0.94 | 1.02 | 0.74 |
| Noninterest expense to assets | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2.25 | 2.51 | 2.55 | 2.50 | 2.57 | 2.38 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to assets | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| Net operating income to assets | 1.26 | 1.23 | 1.09 | 1.12 | 1.39 | 1.34 | 1.46 | 1.13 |
| Pretax return on assets | 1.56 | 1.54 | 1.44 | 1.40 | 1.70 | 1.58 | 1.68 | 1.48 |
| Return on assets | 1.28 | 1.26 | 1.10 | 1.14 | 1.40 | 1.36 | 1.48 | 1.13 |
| Return on equity | 11.88 | 11.92 | 9.96 | 11.03 | 13.01 | 12.77 | 13.77 | 10.75 |
| Net charge-offs to loans and leases | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.08 | 0.02 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs | 98.25 | 21.87 | 16.09 | 84.49 | 127.84 | 317.36 | 166.08 | 124.32 |
| Efficiency ratio | 60.40 | 61.42 | 60.69 | 63.37 | 59.31 | 60.24 | 59.34 | 61.17 |
| Net interest income to operating revenue | 77.16 | 76.94 | 81.04 | 78.05 | 70.79 | 77.15 | 76.43 | 80.84 |
| \% of unprofitable institutions | 4.31 | 4.21 | 4.46 | 6.72 | 4.31 | 3.81 | 3.71 | 4.04 |
| \% of institutions with earnings gains | 65.98 | 64.81 | 69.98 | 71.74 | 59.79 | 59.78 | 72.04 | 75.37 |

Table V-B. First Three Quarters 2021, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

|  | All Community Banks |  | First Three Quarters 2021, Geographic Regions* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Performance ratios (\%) | First Three Quarters 2021 | First Three Quarters 2020 | New York | Atlanta | Chicago | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| Yield on earning assets | 3.62 | 4.09 | 3.48 | 3.57 | 3.52 | 3.77 | 3.83 | 3.52 |
| Cost of funding earning assets | 0.33 | 0.66 | 0.35 | 0.29 | 0.33 | 0.38 | 0.33 | 0.21 |
| Net interest margin | 3.29 | 3.43 | 3.13 | 3.28 | 3.19 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.31 |
| Noninterest income to assets | 0.95 | 1.01 | 0.73 | 0.88 | 1.32 | 1.00 | 0.97 | 0.80 |
| Noninterest expense to assets | 2.46 | 2.64 | 2.27 | 2.53 | 2.58 | 2.50 | 2.58 | 2.39 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to assets | 0.04 | 0.33 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.08 | -0.01 |
| Net operating income to assets | 1.26 | 1.04 | 1.06 | 1.12 | 1.39 | 1.40 | 1.39 | 1.18 |
| Pretax return on assets | 1.57 | 1.27 | 1.47 | 1.40 | 1.71 | 1.64 | 1.60 | 1.54 |
| Return on assets | 1.28 | 1.07 | 1.12 | 1.14 | 1.40 | 1.42 | 1.41 | 1.19 |
| Return on equity | 11.93 | 9.44 | 10.11 | 11.00 | 13.09 | 13.33 | 13.04 | 11.21 |
| Net charge-offs to loans and leases | 0.06 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| Loan and lease loss provision to net charge-offs | 99.71 | 430.50 | -2.46 | 143.43 | 237.38 | 202.25 | 199.08 | -51.83 |
| Efficiency ratio | 60.67 | 62.17 | 61.52 | 63.59 | 59.39 | 59.33 | 60.52 | 60.84 |
| Net interest income to operating revenue | 76.45 | 76.05 | 80.01 | 77.68 | 69.41 | 76.22 | 77.11 | 79.58 |
| \% of unprofitable institutions | 3.30 | 4.62 | 5.07 | 6.52 | 3.18 | 1.74 | 2.61 | 4.04 |
| \% of institutions with earnings gains | 75.26 | 50.53 | 82.56 | 77.27 | 70.36 | 74.54 | 75.15 | 79.41 |

[^9]
## 2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

Table VI-B. Loan Performance, FDIC-Insured Community Banks

| September 30, 2021 | All Community Banks | Geographic Regions* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | New York | Atlanta | Chicago | Kansas City | Dallas | San Francisco |
| Percent of Loans 30-89 Days Past Due |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All loans secured by real estate | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.28 | 0.25 | 0.35 | 0.14 |
| Construction and development | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.23 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.18 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.11 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.15 | 0.24 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.04 |
| Home equity loans | 0.30 | 0.33 | 0.38 | 0.25 | 0.22 | 0.38 | 0.21 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 0.40 | 0.31 | 0.51 | 0.48 | 0.36 | 0.56 | 0.21 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.36 | 0.35 | 0.47 | 0.23 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 0.37 |
| Loans to individuals | 1.19 | 1.23 | 1.13 | 0.51 | 0.98 | 2.28 | 0.70 |
| Credit card loans | 1.74 | 1.73 | 0.91 | 0.50 | 2.57 | 1.29 | 1.08 |
| Other loans to individuals | 1.18 | 1.22 | 1.13 | 0.51 | 0.87 | 2.30 | 0.67 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.25 | 0.39 | 0.16 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.31 | 0.29 | 0.33 | 0.27 | 0.30 | 0.45 | 0.20 |
| Percent of Loans Noncurrent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All loans secured by real estate | 0.66 | 0.79 | 0.53 | 0.70 | 0.54 | 0.69 | 0.43 |
| Construction and development | 0.46 | 0.79 | 0.26 | 0.52 | 0.38 | 0.30 | 0.44 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.65 | 0.80 | 0.47 | 0.78 | 0.54 | 0.68 | 0.35 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.32 | 0.46 | 0.17 | 0.22 | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.17 |
| Home equity loans | 0.55 | 0.68 | 0.39 | 0.40 | 0.30 | 0.34 | 1.07 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 0.76 | 0.91 | 0.73 | 0.77 | 0.43 | 0.87 | 0.49 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.72 | 0.79 | 0.62 | 0.69 | 0.59 | 0.88 | 0.64 |
| Loans to individuals | 0.45 | 0.38 | 0.39 | 0.26 | 0.29 | 0.99 | 0.26 |
| Credit card loans | 0.71 | 0.94 | 0.56 | 0.20 | 0.94 | 0.47 | 0.44 |
| Other loans to individuals | 0.44 | 0.37 | 0.39 | 0.26 | 0.25 | 1.00 | 0.25 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.50 | 0.06 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 0.77 | 0.53 | 0.72 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.65 | 0.75 | 0.53 | 0.66 | 0.56 | 0.73 | 0.47 |
| Percent of Loans Charged-Off (net, YTD) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All loans secured by real estate | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | -0.01 |
| Construction and development | 0.01 | 0.08 | -0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | -0.06 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 0.04 | 0.08 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.00 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0.01 | 0.00 |
| Home equity loans | -0.01 | -0.01 | -0.03 | -0.01 | -0.02 | 0.04 | 0.00 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 0.01 | 0.03 | -0.01 | -0.01 | 0.00 | 0.01 | -0.01 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.18 | 0.05 |
| Loans to individuals | 0.48 | 0.72 | 0.42 | 0.15 | 0.53 | 0.45 | 0.57 |
| Credit card loans | 3.69 | 3.76 | 0.85 | 1.08 | 6.78 | 1.24 | 1.53 |
| Other loans to individuals | 0.38 | 0.64 | 0.42 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.44 | 0.51 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.21 | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 0.26 |
| Total loans and leases | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.04 |
| Loans Outstanding (in billions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All loans secured by real estate | \$1,275.7 | \$376.0 | \$133.7 | \$218.9 | \$199.9 | \$225.7 | \$121.5 |
| Construction and development | 126.1 | 27.1 | 15.9 | 18.9 | 19.8 | 33.4 | 11.0 |
| Nonfarm nonresidential | 526.8 | 144.5 | 63.9 | 87.3 | 71.2 | 98.1 | 61.8 |
| Multifamily residential real estate | 120.2 | 56.2 | 6.5 | 21.6 | 13.7 | 8.8 | 13.4 |
| Home equity loans | 40.8 | 11.9 | 5.4 | 9.1 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 5.2 |
| Other 1-4 family residential | 384.8 | 134.0 | 37.5 | 64.3 | 55.9 | 67.0 | 26.1 |
| Commercial and industrial loans | 263.8 | 67.0 | 26.7 | 48.2 | 45.0 | 49.6 | 27.3 |
| Loans to individuals | 65.3 | 15.6 | 6.5 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 6.2 |
| Credit card loans | 2.0 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.4 |
| Other loans to individuals | 63.2 | 15.2 | 6.4 | 12.0 | 11.2 | 12.6 | 5.8 |
| All other loans and leases (including farm) | 99.3 | 17.6 | 4.4 | 20.1 | 33.0 | 16.5 | 7.8 |
| Total loans and leases | 1,704.1 | 476.2 | 171.3 | 299.4 | 289.9 | 304.5 | 162.8 |
| Memo: Unfunded Commitments (in millions) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Unfunded Commitments | 393,803 | 99,480 | 35,577 | 71,281 | 74,608 | 69,334 | 43,522 |
| Construction and development: 1-4 family residential | 37,770 | 6,815 | 5,619 | 4,227 | 5,793 | 11,837 | 3,480 |
| Construction and development: CRE and other | 85,433 | 24,653 | 8,474 | 13,753 | 12,691 | 18,267 | 7,595 |
| Commercial and industrial | 125,139 | 32,594 | 9,942 | 25,791 | 22,140 | 20,364 | 14,309 |

*See Table V-A for explanation.
Note: Noncurrent loan rates represent the percentage of loans in each category that are past due 90 days or more or that are in nonaccrual status.

## INSURANCE FUND INDICATORS

## Deposit Insurance Fund Increases by \$1.4 Billion

## Insured Deposits Grow by 0.9 Percent

## DIF Reserve Ratio Is Unchanged at 1.27 Percent

During the third quarter, the Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF) balance increased by $\$ 1.4$ billion to $\$ 121.9$ billion. Assessment income of $\$ 1.7$ billion drove the fund balance increase. Interest earned on investments of $\$ 221$ million, negative provisions for insurance losses of $\$ 53$ million, and other miscellaneous income of $\$ 65$ million also added to the fund balance. Operating expenses of $\$ 448$ million and unrealized losses on available-for-sale securities of $\$ 165$ million partially offset the increase in the fund balance. No insured institutions failed in the third quarter.

The deposit insurance assessment base—average consolidated total assets minus average tangible equity -rose by 1.7 percent in the third quarter and 8.4 percent over 12 months. ${ }^{1,2}$ Total estimated insured deposits increased by 0.9 percent in the third quarter of 2021 and by 7.3 percent year over year. The DIF's reserve ratio (the fund balance as a percent of insured deposits) was 1.27 percent on September 30, 2021, unchanged from the previous quarter and 3 basis points lower than the previous year. The 12-month decline in the reserve ratio was entirely the result of extraordinary insured deposit growth, mostly during first quarter 2021.
The Federal Deposit Insurance Act (the FDI Act) requires a minimum reserve ratio for the DIF of 1.35 percent. If the reserve ratio falls below 1.35 percent, the FDIC has a minimum of eight years to return the reserve ratio to 1.35 percent, reducing the likelihood of a large increase in assessment rates. During the first half of 2020, due to extraordinary insured deposit growth, the reserve ratio dropped 8 basis points to 1.30 percent as of June 30 , 2020. Since the reserve ratio fell below its statutorily required minimum of 1.35 percent on June 30, 2020, the FDIC Board adopted a Fund Restoration Plan in September 2020.3

Author:

## Kevin Brown

Senior Financial Analyst
Division of Insurance and Research
${ }^{1}$ There are additional adjustments to the assessment base for banker's banks and custodial banks.
${ }^{2}$ Figures for estimated insured deposits and the assessment base include insured branches of foreign banks, in addition to insured commercial banks and savings institutions.
${ }^{3}$ See https://www.fdic.gov/news/board-matters/2020/2020-09-15-notice-dis-a-fr.pdf.

2021 •Volume 15•Number 4

Table I-C. Insurance Fund Balances and Selected Indicators

|  | Deposit Insurance Fund* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (dollar figures in millions) | 3rd Quarter 2021 | Quarter 2021 | Quarter <br> 2021 | Quarter 2020 | 3rd Quarter 2020 | 2nd Quarter 2020 | Quarter <br> 2020 | Quarter 2019 | Quarter 2019 | Quarter 2019 | Quarter <br> 2019 | Quarter 2018 | 3rd <br> Quarter <br> 2018 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | \$120,547 | \$119,362 | \$117,897 | \$116,434 | \$114,651 | \$113,206 | \$110,347 | \$108,940 | \$107,446 | \$104,870 | \$102,609 | \$100,204 | \$97,588 |
| Changes in Fund Balance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assessments earned | 1,662 | 1,589 | 1,862 | 1,884 | 2,047 | 1,790 | 1,372 | 1,272 | 1,111 | 1,187 | 1,369 | 1,351 | 2,728 |
| Interest earned on investment securities | 221 | 251 | 284 | 330 | 392 | 454 | 507 | 531 | 544 | 535 | 507 | 481 | 433 |
| Realized gain on sale of investments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating expenses | 448 | 466 | 454 | 470 | 451 | 465 | 460 | 460 | 443 | 459 | 434 | 453 | 434 |
| Provision for insurance losses | -53 | -42 | -57 | -48 | -74 | -47 | 12 | -88 | -192 | -610 | -396 | -236 | -121 |
| All other income, net of expenses | 65 | 2 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 21 | 4 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Unrealized gain/(loss) on } \\ & \text { available-for-sale } \\ & \text { securities** } \end{aligned}$ | -165 | -233 | -285 | -338 | -284 | -383 | 1,450 | -45 | 86 | 694 | 421 | 788 | -234 |
| Total fund balance change | 1,388 | 1,185 | 1,465 | 1,463 | 1,783 | 1,445 | 2,859 | 1,407 | 1,494 | 2,576 | 2,261 | 2,405 | 2,616 |
| Ending Fund Balance | 121,935 | 120,547 | 119,362 | 117,897 | 116,434 | 114,651 | 113,206 | 110,347 | 108,940 | 107,446 | 104,870 | 102,609 | 100,204 |
| Percent change from four quarters earlier | 4.72 | 5.14 | 5.44 | 6.84 | 6.88 | 6.71 | 7.95 | 7.54 | 8.72 | 10.10 | 10.31 | 10.63 | 10.72 |
| Reserve Ratio (\%) | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.25 | 1.29 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.38 | 1.41 | 1.41 | 1.40 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 |
| Estimated Insured Deposits | 9,577,101 | 9,490,249 | 9,513,955 | 9,123,046 | 8,927,668 | 8,841,566 | 8,181,859 | 7,828,160 | 7,744,543 | 7,695,116 | 7,699,009 | 7,525,204 | 7,378,900 |
| Percent change from four quarters earlier | 7.27 | 7.34 | 16.28 | 16.54 | 15.28 | 14.90 | 6.27 | 4.03 | 4.96 | 4.59 | 4.94 | 5.14 | 3.89 |
| Domestic Deposits | 17,676,713 | 17,203,253 | 16,980,327 | 16,339,032 | 15,716,702 | 15,563,637 | 14,351,881 | 13,262,843 | 13,020,253 | 12,788,773 | 12,725,363 | 12,659,406 | 12,367,954 |
| Percent change from four quarters earlier | 12.47 | 10.53 | 18.31 | 23.19 | 20.71 | 21.70 | 12.78 | 4.77 | 5.27 | 4.14 | 3.41 | 4.37 | 3.36 |
| Assessment Base*** | 20,017,170 | 19,687,718 | 19,214,924 | 18,806,094 | 18,465,171 | 18,153,259 | 16,484,341 | 16,157,322 | 15,904,903 | 15,684,001 | 15,561,782 | 15,452,139 | 15,229,424 |
| Percent change from four quarters earlier | 8.41 | 8.45 | 16.56 | 16.39 | 16.10 | 15.74 | 5.93 | 4.56 | 4.44 | 3.77 | 3.27 | 3.01 | 2.67 |
| Number of Institutions Reporting | 4,923 | 4,960 | 4,987 | 5,011 | 5,042 | 5,075 | 5,125 | 5,186 | 5,267 | 5,312 | 5,371 | 5,415 | 5,486 |

## DIF Reserve Ratios

Percent of Insured Deposits


Deposit Insurance Fund Balance and Insured Deposits (\$ Millions)

| DIF <br> Balance | DIF-Insured <br> Deposits |
| :---: | :---: |


|  | $\$ 100,204$ | $\$ 7,378,900$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $12 / 18$ | 102,609 | $7,525,204$ |
| $3 / 19$ | 104,870 | $7,699,009$ |
| $6 / 19$ | 107,446 | $7,695,116$ |
| $9 / 19$ | 108,940 | $7,744,543$ |
| $12 / 19$ | 110,347 | $7,828,160$ |
| $3 / 20$ | 113,206 | $8,181,859$ |
| $6 / 20$ | 114,651 | $8,841,566$ |
| $9 / 20$ | 116,434 | $8,927,668$ |
| $12 / 20$ | 117,897 | $9,123,046$ |
| $3 / 21$ | 119,362 | $9,513,955$ |
| $6 / 21$ | 120,547 | $9,490,249$ |
| $9 / 21$ | 121,935 | $9,577,101$ |

Table II-C. Problem Institutions and Failed Institutions

| (dollar figures in millions) | 2021**** | 2020**** | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Problem Institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions | 46 | 56 | 56 | 51 | 60 | 95 | 123 | 183 |
| Total assets | \$50,588 | \$53,884 | \$55,830 | \$46,190 | \$48,481 | \$13,939 | \$27,624 | \$46,780 |
| Failed Institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of institutions | 0 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 8 | 5 | 8 |
| Total assets***** | \$0 | \$253 | \$455 | \$209 | \$0 | \$5,082 | \$277 | \$6,706 |

[^10]QUARTERLY BANKING PROFILE

| (dollar figures in millions) September 30, 2021 | Number of Institutions | Total Assets | Domestic Deposits* | Est. Insured Deposits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commercial Banks and Savings Institutions |  |  |  |  |
| FDIC-Insured Commercial Banks | 4,301 | \$21,781,913 | \$16,400,571 | \$8,600,841 |
| FDIC-Supervised | 2,864 | 3,803,324 | 3,176,529 | 1,869,480 |
| OCC-Supervised | 750 | 14,464,684 | 10,590,408 | 5,514,211 |
| Federal Reserve-Supervised | 687 | 3,513,905 | 2,633,634 | 1,217,150 |
| FDIC-Insured Savings Institutions | 613 | 1,469,746 | 1,233,315 | 942,565 |
| OCC-Supervised | 269 | 617,649 | 499,614 | 406,346 |
| FDIC-Supervised | 307 | 403,507 | 322,689 | 241,268 |
| Federal Reserve-Supervised | 37 | 448,590 | 411,012 | 294,950 |
| Total Commercial Banks and Savings Institutions | 4,914 | 23,251,659 | 17,633,886 | 9,543,405 |
| Other FDIC-Insured Institutions |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Branches of Foreign Banks | 9 | 87,265 | 42,827 | 33,696 |
| Total FDIC-Insured Institutions | 4,923 | 23,338,924 | 17,676,713 | 9,577,101 |

* Excludes $\$ 1.5$ trillion in foreign office deposits, which are not FDIC insured.

Table IV-C. Distribution of Institutions and Assessment Base by Assessment Rate Range
Quarter Ending June 30, 2021 (dollar figures in billions)

| Annual Rate in Basis Points* | Number of Institutions | Percent of Total Institutions | Amount of Assessment Base | Percent of Total Assessment Base |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.50-3.00 | 2,915 | 58.8 | \$10,721.4 | 54.46 |
| 3.01-6.00 | 1,454 | 29.3 | 8,194.4 | 41.62 |
| 6.01-10.00 | 500 | 10.1 | 687.8 | 3.49 |
| 10.01-15.00 | 30 | 0.6 | 56.3 | 0.29 |
| 15.01-20.00 | 56 | 1.1 | 27.4 | 0.14 |
| 20.01-25.00 | 4 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.00 |
| >25.00 | 1 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |

[^11]
## Notes to Users

This publication contains financial data and other information for depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). These notes are an integral part of this publication and provide information regarding the comparability of source data and reporting differences over time.

## Tables I-A through VIII-A.

The information presented in Tables I-A through VIII-A of the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile is aggregated for all FDIC-insured Call Report filers, both commercial banks and savings institutions. Some tables are arrayed by groups of FDIC-insured institutions based on predominant types of asset concentration, while other tables aggregate institutions by asset size and geographic region. Quarterly and full-year data are provided for selected indicators, including aggregate condition and income data, performance ratios, condition ratios, and structural changes, as well as past due, noncurrent, and charge-off information for loans outstanding and other assets.

## Tables I-B through VI-B.

The information presented in Tables I-B through VI-B is aggregated for all FDIC-insured commercial banks and savings institutions meeting the criteria for community banks that were developed for the FDIC's Community Banking Study, published in December, 2012: https://www.fdic.gov/resources/community-banking/cbi-study.html.
The determination of which insured institutions are considered community banks is based on five steps.
The first step in defining a community bank is to aggregate all charter-level data reported under each holding company into a single banking organization. This aggregation applies both to balance-sheet measures and the number and location of banking offices. Under the FDIC definition, if the banking organization is designated as a community bank, every charter reporting under that organization is also considered a community bank when working with data at the charter level.
The second step is to exclude any banking organization where more than 50 percent of total assets are held in certain specialty banking charters, including: credit card specialists, consumer nonbank banks, industrial loan companies, trust companies, bankers' banks, and banks holding 10 percent or more of total assets in foreign offices.
Once the specialty organizations are removed, the third step involves including organizations that engage in basic banking activities as measured by the total loans-to-assets ratio (greater than 33 percent) and the ratio of core deposits to assets (greater than 50 percent). Core deposits are defined as non-brokered deposits in domestic offices. Analysis of the underlying data shows that these thresholds establish meaningful levels of basic lending and deposit gathering and still allow for a degree of diversity in how individual banks construct their balance sheets.
The fourth step includes organizations that operate within a limited geographic scope. This limitation of scope is used as a proxy measure for a bank's relationship approach to banking. Banks that operate within a limited market area have more ease in managing relationships at a personal level. Under this step, four criteria are applied to each banking organization. They include both a minimum and maximum number of total banking offices, a maximum level of deposits for any one office, and location-based criteria. The limits on the number of and deposits per office are adjusted upward quarterly. For banking offices, banks must have
more than one office, and the maximum number of offices is 40 in 1985 and reached 87 in 2016. The maximum level of deposits for any one office is $\$ 1.25$ billion in deposits in 1985 and reached $\$ 6.97$ billion in deposits in 2016. The remaining geographic limitations are also based on maximums for the number of states (fixed at 3) and large metropolitan areas (fixed at 2) in which the organization maintains offices. Branch office data are based on the most recent data from the annual June 30 Summary of Deposits Survey that are available at the time of publication.
Finally, the definition establishes an asset-size limit, also adjusted upward quarterly and below which the limits on banking activities and geographic scope are waived. The asset-size limit is $\$ 250$ million in 1985 and reached $\$ 1.39$ billion in 2016. This final step acknowledges the fact that most of those small banks that are not excluded as specialty banks meet the requirements for banking activities and geographic limits in any event.

## Summary of FDIC Research Definition of Community Banking Organizations

Community banks are designated at the level of the banking organization.
(All charters under designated holding companies are considered community banking charters.)
Exclude: Any organization with:

- No loans or no core deposits
- Foreign Assets $\geq 10 \%$ of total assets
- More than $50 \%$ of assets in certain specialty banks, including:
- credit card specialists
- consumer nonbank banks ${ }^{1}$
- industrial loan companies
- trust companies
- bankers' banks

Include: All remaining banking organizations with:

- Total assets < indexed size threshold ${ }^{2}$
- Total assets $\geq$ indexed size threshold, where:
- Loan to assets > 33\%
- Core deposits to assets >50\%
- More than 1 office but no more than the indexed maximum number of offices. ${ }^{3}$
- Number of large MSAs with offices $\leq 2$
- Number of states with offices $\leq 3$
- No single office with deposits > indexed maximum branch deposit size. ${ }^{4}$


## Tables I-C through IV-C.

A separate set of tables (Tables I-C through IV-C) provides comparative quarterly data related to the Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF), problem institutions, failed institutions, estimated FDIC-

[^12]insured deposits, as well as assessment rate information. Depository institutions that are not insured by the FDIC through the DIF are not included in the FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile. U.S. branches of institutions headquartered in foreign countries and non-deposit trust companies are not included unless otherwise indicated. Efforts are made to obtain financial reports for all active institutions. However, in some cases, final financial reports are not available for institutions that have closed or converted their charters.

## DATA SOURCES

The financial information appearing in this publication is obtained primarily from the Federal Financial Institutions Examination Council (FFIEC) Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income (Call Reports) and the OTS Thrift Financial Reports (TFR) submitted by all FDIC-insured depository institutions. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.) This information is stored on and retrieved from the FDIC's Research Information System (RIS) database.

## COMPUTATION METHODOLOGY

Parent institutions are required to file consolidated reports, while their subsidiary financial institutions are still required to file separate reports. Data from subsidiary institution reports are included in the Quarterly Banking Profile tables, which can lead to double-counting. No adjustments are made for any doublecounting of subsidiary data. Additionally, certain adjustments are made to the OTS Thrift Financial Reports to provide closer conformance with the reporting and accounting requirements of the FFIEC Call Reports. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.)
All condition and performance ratios represent weighted averages, which is the sum of the individual numerator values divided by the sum of individual denominator values. All asset and liability figures used in calculating performance ratios represent average amounts for the period (beginning-of-period amount plus end-of-period amount plus any interim periods, divided by the total number of periods). For "pooling-of-interest" mergers, the assets of the acquired institution(s) are included in average assets, since the year-to-date income includes the results of all merged institutions. No adjustments are made for "purchase accounting" mergers. Growth rates represent the percentage change over a 12-month period in totals for institutions in the base period to totals for institutions in the current period. For the community bank subgroup, growth rates will reflect changes over time in the number and identities of institutions designated as community banks, as well as changes in the assets and liabilities, and income and expenses of group members. Unless indicated otherwise, growth rates are not adjusted for mergers or other changes in the composition of the community bank subgroup. When community bank growth rates are adjusted for mergers, prior period balances used in the calculations represent totals for the current group of community bank reporters, plus prior period amounts for any institutions that were subsequently merged into current community banks.
All data are collected and presented based on the location of each reporting institution's main office. Reported data may include assets and liabilities located outside of the reporting institution's home state. In addition, institutions may relocate across state lines or change their charters, resulting in an inter-regional or inter-industry migration; institutions can move their home offices between regions, savings institutions can convert to commercial banks, or commercial banks may convert to savings institutions.

## ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Financial accounting pronouncements by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) can result in changes in an individual bank's accounting policies and in the Call Reports they submit. Such accounting changes can affect the aggregate amounts presented in the QBP for the current period and the period-to-period comparability of such financial data.
The current quarter's Financial Institution Letter (FIL) and related Call Report supplemental instructions can provide additional explanation to the QBP reader beyond any material accounting changes discussed in the QBP analysis.
https://www.fdic.gov/news/financial-institution-letters/2021/ fil21068.html
https://www.fdic.gov/regulations/resources/call/call.html
Further information on changes in financial statement presentation, income recognition and disclosure is available from the FASB. http://www.fasb.org/jsp/FASB/Page/ LandingPage\&cid=1175805317350.

## DEFINITIONS (in alphabetical order)

All other assets - total cash, balances due from depository institutions, premises, fixed assets, direct investments in real estate, investment in unconsolidated subsidiaries, customers' liability on acceptances outstanding, assets held in trading accounts, federal funds sold, securities purchased with agreements to resell, fair market value of derivatives, prepaid deposit insurance assessments, and other assets.
All other liabilities - bank's liability on acceptances, limited-life preferred stock, allowance for estimated off-balance-sheet credit losses, fair market value of derivatives, and other liabilities.
Assessment base - effective April 1, 2011, the deposit insurance assessment base changed to "average consolidated total assets minus average tangible equity" with an additional adjustment to the assessment base for banker's banks and custodial banks, as permitted under Dodd-Frank. Previously the assessment base was "assessable deposits" and consisted of deposits in banks' domestic offices with certain adjustments.
Assessment rate schedule - Initial base assessment rates for small institutions are based on a combination of financial ratios and CAMELS component ratings. Initial rates for large institutionsgenerally those with at least \$10 billion in assets-are also based on CAMELS component ratings and certain financial measures combined into two scorecards-one for most large institutions and another for the remaining very large institutions that are structurally and operationally complex or that pose unique challenges and risks in case of failure (highly complex institutions). The FDIC may take additional information into account to make a limited adjustment to a large institution's scorecard results, which are used to determine a large institution's initial base assessment rate.
While risk categories for small institutions (except new institutions) were eliminated effective July 1, 2016, initial rates for small institutions are subject to minimums and maximums based on an institution's CAMELS composite rating. (Risk categories for large institutions were eliminated in 2011.)
The current assessment rate schedule became effective July 1, 2016. Under the current schedule, initial base assessment rates range from 3 to 30 basis points. An institution's total base assessment rate may differ from its initial rate due to three possible adjustments: (1) Unsecured Debt Adjustment: An institution's rate may decrease
by up to 5 basis points for unsecured debt. The unsecured debt adjustment cannot exceed the lesser of 5 basis points or 50 percent of an institution's initial base assessment rate (IBAR). Thus, for example, an institution with an IBAR of 3 basis points would have a maximum unsecured debt adjustment of 1.5 basis points and could not have a total base assessment rate lower than 1.5 basis points. (2) Depository Institution Debt Adjustment: For institutions that hold long-term unsecured debt issued by another insured depository institution, a 50 basis point charge is applied to the amount of such debt held in excess of 3 percent of an institution's Tier 1 capital. (3) Brokered Deposit Adjustment: Rates for large institutions that are not well capitalized or do not have a composite CAMELS rating of 1 or 2 may increase (not to exceed 10 basis points) if their brokered deposits exceed 10 percent of domestic deposits.
The assessment rate schedule effective July 1,2016 , is shown in the following table:

| Total Base Assessment Rates* |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Established Small Banks |  |  | Large and Highly Complex Institutions** |
|  | CAMELS Composite |  |  |  |
|  | 1 or 2 | 3 | 4 or 5 |  |
| Initial Base <br> Assessment Rate | 3 to 16 | 6 to 30 | 16 to 30 | 3 to 30 |
| Unsecured Debt Adjustment | -5 to 0 | -5 to 0 | -5 to 0 | -5 to 0 |
| Brokered Deposit Adjustment | N/A | N/A | N/A | 0 to 10 |
| Total Base <br> Assessment Rate | 1.5 to 16 | 3 to 30 | 11 to 30 | 1.5 to 40 |
| * All amounts for all categories are in basis points annually. Total base rates that are not the minimum or maximum rate will vary between these rates. Total base assessment rates do not include the depository institution debt adjustment. <br> ** Effective July 1, 2016, large institutions are also subject to temporary assessment surcharges in order to raise the reserve ratio from 1.15 percent to 1.35 percent. The surcharges amount to 4.5 basis points of a large institution's assessment base (after making certain adjustments). |  |  |  |  |

Each institution is assigned a risk-based rate for a quarterly assessment period near the end of the quarter following the assessment period. Payment is generally due on the 30th day of the last month of the quarter following the assessment period. Supervisory rating changes are effective for assessment purposes as of the examination transmittal date.
Assets securitized and sold - total outstanding principal balance of assets securitized and sold with servicing retained or other seller-provided credit enhancements.
Capital Purchase Program (CPP) - as announced in October 2008 under the TARP, the Treasury Department purchase of noncumulative perpetual preferred stock and related warrants that is treated as Tier 1 capital for regulatory capital purposes is included in "Total equity capital." Such warrants to purchase common stock or noncumulative preferred stock issued by publicly-traded banks are reflected as well in "Surplus." Warrants to purchase common stock or noncumulative preferred stock of not-publiclytraded bank stock are classified in a bank's balance sheet as "Other liabilities."
Common equity Tier 1 capital ratio - ratio of common equity Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets. Common equity Tier 1 capital includes common stock instruments and related surplus, retained earnings, accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI), and limited amounts of common equity Tier 1 minority interest, minus applicable regulatory adjustments and deductions. Items that are
fully deducted from common equity Tier 1 capital include goodwill, other intangible assets (excluding mortgage servicing assets) and certain deferred tax assets; items that are subject to limits in common equity Tier 1 capital include mortgage servicing assets, eligible deferred tax assets, and certain significant investments. Beginning March 2020, this ratio does not include institutions that have a Community Bank Leverage Ratio election in effect at the report date.
Construction and development loans - includes loans for all property types under construction, as well as loans for land acquisition and development.
Core capital - common equity capital plus noncumulative perpetual preferred stock plus minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries, less goodwill and other ineligible intangible assets. The amount of eligible intangibles (including servicing rights) included in core capital is limited in accordance with supervisory capital regulations.
Cost of funding earning assets - total interest expense paid on deposits and other borrowed money as a percentage of average earning assets.
Credit enhancements - techniques whereby a company attempts to reduce the credit risk of its obligations. Credit enhancement may be provided by a third party (external credit enhancement) or by the originator (internal credit enhancement), and more than one type of enhancement may be associated with a given issuance.
Deposit Insurance Fund (DIF) - the Bank (BIF) and Savings Association (SAIF) Insurance Funds were merged in 2006 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Reform Act to form the DIF.
Derivatives notional amount - the notional, or contractual, amounts of derivatives represent the level of involvement in the types of derivatives transactions and are not a quantification of market risk or credit risk. Notional amounts represent the amounts used to calculate contractual cash flows to be exchanged.
Derivatives credit equivalent amount - the fair value of the derivative plus an additional amount for potential future credit exposure based on the notional amount, the remaining maturity and type of the contract.

## Derivatives transaction types:

Futures and forward contracts - contracts in which the buyer agrees to purchase and the seller agrees to sell, at a specified future date, a specific quantity of an underlying variable or index at a specified price or yield. These contracts exist for a variety of variables or indices, (traditional agricultural or physical commodities, as well as currencies and interest rates). Futures contracts are standardized and are traded on organized exchanges which set limits on counterparty credit exposure. Forward contracts do not have standardized terms and are traded over the counter.
Option contracts - contracts in which the buyer acquires the right to buy from or sell to another party some specified amount of an underlying variable or index at a stated price (strike price) during a period or on a specified future date, in return for compensation (such as a fee or premium). The seller is obligated to purchase or sell the variable or index at the discretion of the buyer of the contract.
Swaps - obligations between two parties to exchange a series of cash flows at periodic intervals (settlement dates), for a specified period. The cash flows of a swap are either fixed, or determined for each settlement date by multiplying the quantity
(notional principal) of the underlying variable or index by specified reference rates or prices. Except for currency swaps, the notional principal is used to calculate each payment but is not exchanged.
Derivatives underlying risk exposure - the potential exposure characterized by the level of banks' concentration in particular underlying instruments, in general. Exposure can result from market risk, credit risk, and operational risk, as well as, interest rate risk.
Domestic deposits to total assets - total domestic office deposits as a percent of total assets on a consolidated basis.
Earning assets - all loans and other investments that earn interest or dividend income.
Efficiency ratio - Noninterest expense less amortization of intangible assets as a percent of net interest income plus noninterest income. This ratio measures the proportion of net operating revenues that are absorbed by overhead expenses, so that a lower value indicates greater efficiency.
Estimated insured deposits - in general, insured deposits are total domestic deposits minus estimated uninsured deposits. Beginning March 31, 2008, for institutions that file Call Reports, insured deposits are total assessable deposits minus estimated uninsured deposits. Beginning September 30, 2009, insured deposits include deposits in accounts of $\$ 100,000$ to $\$ 250,000$ that are covered by a temporary increase in the FDIC's standard maximum deposit insurance amount (SMDIA). The Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act enacted on July 21, 2010, made permanent the standard maximum deposit insurance amount (SMDIA) of $\$ 250,000$. Also, the Dodd-Frank Act amended the Federal Deposit Insurance Act to include noninterest-bearing transaction accounts as a new temporary deposit insurance account category. All funds held in noninterest-bearing transaction accounts were fully insured, without limit, from December 31, 2010, through December 31, 2012.
Failed/assisted institutions - an institution fails when regulators take control of the institution, placing the assets and liabilities into a bridge bank, conservatorship, receivership, or another healthy institution. This action may require the FDIC to provide funds to cover losses. An institution is defined as "assisted" when the institution remains open and receives assistance in order to continue operating.
Fair Value - the valuation of various assets and liabilities on the balance sheet-including trading assets and liabilities, available-for-sale securities, loans held for sale, assets and liabilities accounted for under the fair value option, and foreclosed assetsinvolves the use of fair values. During periods of market stress, the fair values of some financial instruments and nonfinancial assets may decline.
FHLB advances - all borrowings by FDIC-insured institutions from the Federal Home Loan Bank System (FHLB), as reported by Call Report filers, and by TFR filers prior to March 31, 2012.
Goodwill and other intangibles - intangible assets include servicing rights, purchased credit card relationships, and other identifiable intangible assets. Goodwill is the excess of the purchase price over the fair market value of the net assets acquired, less subsequent impairment adjustments. Other intangible assets are recorded at fair value, less subsequent quarterly amortization and impairment adjustments.

Loans secured by real estate - includes home equity loans, junior liens secured by $1-4$ family residential properties, and all other loans secured by real estate.
Loans to individuals - includes outstanding credit card balances and other secured and unsecured consumer loans.
Long-term assets ( $5+$ years) - loans and debt securities with remaining maturities or repricing intervals of over five years.
Maximum credit exposure - the maximum contractual credit exposure remaining under recourse arrangements and other sellerprovided credit enhancements provided by the reporting bank to securitizations.
Mortgage-backed securities - certificates of participation in pools of residential mortgages and collateralized mortgage obligations issued or guaranteed by government-sponsored or private enterprises. Also, see "Securities," below.
Net charge-offs - total loans and leases charged off (removed from balance sheet because of uncollectability), less amounts recovered on loans and leases previously charged off.
Net interest margin - the difference between interest and dividends earned on interest-bearing assets and interest paid to depositors and other creditors, expressed as a percentage of average earning assets. No adjustments are made for interest income that is tax exempt.
Net loans to total assets - loans and lease financing receivables, net of unearned income, allowance and reserves, as a percent of total assets on a consolidated basis.
Net operating income - income excluding discretionary transactions such as gains (or losses) on the sale of investment securities and extraordinary items. Income taxes subtracted from operating income have been adjusted to exclude the portion applicable to securities gains (or losses).
Noncurrent assets - the sum of loans, leases, debt securities, and other assets that are 90 days or more past due, or in nonaccrual status.
Noncurrent loans \& leases - the sum of loans and leases 90 days or more past due, and loans and leases in nonaccrual status.
Number of institutions reporting - the number of institutions that actually filed a financial report.
New reporters - insured institutions filing quarterly financial reports for the first time.
Other borrowed funds - federal funds purchased, securities sold with agreements to repurchase, demand notes issued to the U.S. Treasury, FHLB advances, other borrowed money, mortgage indebtedness, obligations under capitalized leases and trading liabilities, less revaluation losses on assets held in trading accounts.
Other real estate owned - primarily foreclosed property. Direct and indirect investments in real estate ventures are excluded. The amount is reflected net of valuation allowances. For institutions that filed a Thrift Financial Report (TFR), the valuation allowance subtracted also includes allowances for other repossessed assets. Also, for TFR filers the components of other real estate owned are reported gross of valuation allowances. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.)
Percent of institutions with earnings gains - the percent of institutions that increased their net income (or decreased their losses) compared to the same period a year earlier.
"Problem" institutions - federal regulators assign a composite rating to each financial institution, based upon an evaluation of financial and operational criteria. The rating is based on a scale of 1 to 5 in ascending order of supervisory concern. "Problem" institutions are those institutions with financial, operational, or managerial weaknesses that threaten their continued financial viability. Depending upon the degree of risk and supervisory concern, they are rated either a " 4 " or " 5 ." The number and assets of "problem" institutions are based on FDIC composite ratings. Prior to March 31, 2008, for institutions whose primary federal regulator was the OTS, the OTS composite rating was used.
Recourse - an arrangement in which a bank retains, in form or in substance, any credit risk directly or indirectly associated with an asset it has sold (in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles) that exceeds a pro rata share of the bank's claim on the asset. If a bank has no claim on an asset it has sold, then the retention of any credit risk is recourse.
Reserves for losses - the allowance for loan and lease losses on a consolidated basis.
Restructured loans and leases - loan and lease financing receivables with terms restructured from the original contract. Excludes restructured loans and leases that are not in compliance with the modified terms.
Retained earnings - net income less cash dividends on common and preferred stock for the reporting period.
Return on assets - bank net income (including gains or losses on securities and extraordinary items) as a percentage of average total (consolidated) assets. The basic yardstick of bank profitability.
Return on equity - bank net income (including gains or losses on securities and extraordinary items) as a percentage of average total equity capital.
Risk-weighted assets - assets adjusted for risk-based capital definitions which include on-balance-sheet as well as off-balancesheet items multiplied by risk-weights that range from zero to 200 percent. A conversion factor is used to assign a balance sheet equivalent amount for selected off-balance-sheet accounts.
Securities - excludes securities held in trading accounts. Banks' securities portfolios consist of securities designated as "held-tomaturity" (reported at amortized cost (book value)), securities designated as "available-for-sale" (reported at fair (market) value), and equity securities with readily determinable fair values not held for trading.
Securities gains (losses) - realized gains (losses) on held-tomaturity and available-for-sale securities, before adjustments for income taxes. Thrift Financial Report (TFR) filers also include gains (losses) on the sales of assets held for sale. (TFR filers began filing Call Reports effective with the quarter ending March 31, 2012.)
Seller's interest in institution's own securitizations - the reporting bank's ownership interest in loans and other assets that have been securitized, except an interest that is a form of recourse or other seller-provided credit enhancement. Seller's interests differ from the securities issued to investors by the securitization structure. The principal amount of a seller's interest is generally equal to the total principal amount of the pool of assets included in the securitization structure less the principal amount of those assets attributable to investors, i.e., in the form of securities issued to investors.

Small Business Lending Fund - The Small Business Lending Fund (SBLF) was enacted into law in September 2010 as part of the Small Business Jobs Act of 2010 to encourage lending to small businesses by providing capital to qualified community institutions with assets of less than $\$ 10$ billion. The SBLF Program is administered by the U.S. Treasury Department (https:// home.treasury.gov/policy-issues/small-business-programs/ small-business-lending-fund).
Under the SBLF Program, the Treasury Department purchased noncumulative perpetual preferred stock from qualifying depository institutions and holding companies (other than Subchapter $S$ and mutual institutions). When this stock has been issued by a depository institution, it is reported as "Perpetual preferred stock and related surplus." For regulatory capital purposes, this noncumulative perpetual preferred stock qualifies as a component of Tier 1 capital. Qualifying Subchapter S corporations and mutual institutions issue unsecured subordinated debentures to the Treasury Department through the SBLF. Depository institutions that issued these debentures report them as "Subordinated notes and debentures." For regulatory capital purposes, the debentures are eligible for inclusion in an institution's Tier 2 capital in accordance with their primary federal regulator's capital standards. To participate in the SBLF Program, an institution with outstanding securities issued to the Treasury Department under the Capital Purchase Program (CPP) was required to refinance or repay in full the CPP securities at the time of the SBLF funding. Any outstanding warrants that an institution issued to the Treasury Department under the CPP remain outstanding after the refinancing of the CPP stock through the SBLF Program unless the institution chooses to repurchase them.
Subchapter S corporation - a Subchapter S corporation is treated as a pass-through entity, similar to a partnership, for federal income tax purposes. It is generally not subject to any federal income taxes at the corporate level. This can have the effect of reducing institutions' reported taxes and increasing their after-tax earnings.
Trust assets - market value, or other reasonably available value of fiduciary and related assets, to include marketable securities, and other financial and physical assets. Common physical assets held in fiduciary accounts include real estate, equipment, collectibles, and household goods. Such fiduciary assets are not included in the assets of the financial institution.
Unearned income and contra accounts - unearned income for Call Report filers only.
Unused loan commitments - includes credit card lines, home equity lines, commitments to make loans for construction, loans secured by commercial real estate, and unused commitments to originate or purchase loans. (Excluded are commitments after June 2003 for originated mortgage loans held for sale, which are accounted for as derivatives on the balance sheet.)
Yield on earning assets - total interest, dividend, and fee income earned on loans and investments as a percentage of average earning assets.


[^0]:    ${ }^{2}$ All other noninterest expenses include, but are not limited to, automated teller machine and interchange expenses, legal fees, advertising and marketing expenses, consulting expenses, data processing expenses, and FDIC deposit insurance assessments. Among banks who filled out schedule RI-E, higher marketing and data processing expenses drove of the increase in all other noninterest expense.
    ${ }^{3}$ Provisions for credit losses include both losses for loans and securities for CECL adopters but only loan losses for non-adopters.
    ${ }^{4}$ Changes to the number of CECL accounting adopters may result from closures, mergers and acquisitions, or examination or audit findings.
    ${ }^{5}$ The financial crisis refers to the period between December 2007 and June 2009.

[^1]:    ${ }^{6}$ Prompt Corrective Action categories are assigned based on reported capital ratios only and do not include the effects of regulatory downgrades.
    ${ }^{7}$ The number of insured financial institutions excludes two banks that did not file Call Reports this quarter. One bank is a newly insured trust company; the other bank ceased operations but its charter remains active.

[^2]:    * For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.
    ** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.
    *** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13,
    this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.
    **** See Notes to Users for explanation.

[^3]:    * See Table V-A (page 11) for explanations
    ** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13, the numerator
    represents the provision for loan and lease losses.
    *** Beginning March 2020, does not include institutions that have a Community Bank Leverage Ratio election in effect at the report date.

[^4]:    * Does not include banks filing the FFIEC 051 report form, which was introduced in first quarter 2017.
    ** The amount of financial assets serviced for others, other than closed-end 1-4 family residential mortgages, is reported when these assets are greater than $\$ 10$ million.
    *** Total credit exposure includes the sum of the three line items titled "Total credit exposure" reported above.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ All other noninterest income includes, but is not limited to, bankcard and credit card interchange fees, income and fees from wire transfers, and income and fees from automated teller machines.
    ${ }^{2}$ All other noninterest expense includes, but is not limited to, automated teller machine and interchange expenses, legal fees, advertising and marketing expenses, consulting expenses, data processing expenses, and FDIC deposit insurance assessments.
    ${ }^{3}$ Provisions for credit losses include both losses for loans and securities for CECL adopters but only loan losses for non-adopters.
    4 The financial crisis refers to the period between December 2007 and June 2009.

[^6]:    ${ }^{5}$ The number of community bank reporters excludes one bank that ceased operations and did not file a Call Report this quarter but continues to have an active banking charter.

[^7]:    * For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.
    ** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.
    *** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13,
    this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.
    **** See Notes to Users for explanation.

[^8]:    For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents the allowance for credit losses on loans and leases held for investment and allocated transfer risk.
    ** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, securities are reported net of allowances for credit losses.
    *** For institutions that have adopted ASU 2016-13, this item represents provisions for credit losses on a consolidated basis; for institutions that have not adopted ASU 2016-13,
    this item represents the provision for loan and lease losses.

[^9]:    * See Table V-A for explanation.

[^10]:    * Quarterly financial statement results are unaudited.
    $* *$ Includes unrealized postretirement benefit gain (loss).
    
    **** Through September 30.
    ***** Total assets are based on final Call Reports submitted by failed institutions.

[^11]:    * Beginning in the second quarter of 2011, the assessment base was changed to average consolidated total assets minus tangible equity, as required by the Dodd-Frank Act.

[^12]:    ${ }^{1}$ Consumer nonbank banks are financial institutions with limited charters that can make commercial loans or take deposits, but not both.
    ${ }^{2}$ Asset size threshold indexed to equal $\$ 250$ million in 1985 and $\$ 1.39$ billion in 2016.
    ${ }^{3}$ Maximum number of offices indexed to equal 40 in 1985 and 87 in 2016.
    ${ }^{4}$ Maximum branch deposit size indexed to equal $\$ 1.25$ billion in 1985 and $\$ 6.97$ billion in 2016.

